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Document #2101650

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Country Report on Terrorism 2022 - Chapter 5 - Jemaah Islamiya (JI)

Jemaah Islamiya

Aka Jemaa Islamiya; Jema'a Islamiyah; Jemaa Islamiyya; Jema'a Islamiyya; Jemaa Islamiyyah; Jema'a Islamiyah; Jemaah Islamiyah; Jema'ah Islamiyyah; Jema'ah Islamiyyah; Jema'ah Islamiyyah; Jl.

Description: Jemaah Islamiya (JI) was designated as an FTO on October 23, 2002. JI is a Southeast Asia-based terrorist group co-founded by Abdullah Sungkar and Abu Bakar Ba'asyir. The group seeks to establish an Islamic caliphate in the region.

Activities: Since 2002, JI has conducted numerous significant JI attacks, including the 2002 Bali bombings that killed more than 200 people, among them seven U.S. citizens; the 2003 bombing of the J.W. Marriott hotel in Jakarta; the 2004 bombing outside the Australian Embassy in Jakarta; the 2005 suicide bombing in Bali that killed 26 people; and the 2009 suicide attacks on the J.W. Marriott and Ritz-Carlton hotels in Jakarta, where a JI faction claimed responsibility, that killed seven persons and injured more than 50, including seven U.S. citizens. JI has kept to a self-imposed moratorium on attacks since 2009.

More than 400 JI operatives have been captured or killed since 2002, including its emir, Para Wijayanto, who was arrested in 2019. Indonesian police said that between 2013 and 2018, under Wijayanto's leadership, JI sent at least six groups of individuals to Syria for military training or to participate in the fighting. In 2020, Indonesian authorities arrested a JI leader, Aris Sumarsono, who is suspected of being involved in the making of bombs used in the 2002 Bali bombings and the 2003 bombing of the J.W. Marriott hotel in Jakarta. In 2021, Indonesian authorities sentenced JI member Taufiq Bulaga to life in prison after finding him guilty for his role in making bombs for a 2005 Bali bombing.

In 2021, Abu Bakar Ba'asyir, Jl's leader at the time of his arrest in 2002, was released from prison after serving more than two thirds of a 15-year sentence for helping establish a terrorist training camp. In December,

one of the 2002 Bali bombers, Umar Patek, was released from an Indonesian prison on parole.

Strength: Estimates of JI membership vary from 500 to several thousand members.

Location/Area of Operation: Indonesia, Malaysia, and the Philippines.

Funding and External Aid: JI has raised funds through membership donations, criminal actions, and business activities. The group has received financial, ideological, and logistical support from Middle Eastern contacts and illegitimate charities and organizations.

Associated documents

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Indonesia

Annual report on terrorism (covering 2022)

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Country Report on Terrorism 2022 - Chapter 1 - Indonesia (Periodical Report, English)
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Malaysia
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Annual report on terrorism (covering 2022)

Country Report on Terrorism 2022 - Chapter 1 - Malaysia (Periodical Report, English)

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Philippines

Annual report on terrorism (covering 2022)

Country Report on Terrorism 2022 - Chapter 1 - Philippines (Periodical Report, English)

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ecoi.net description:

Brief description of the Jemaah Islamiya (JI) (Excerpt of chapter 5 of the country report on terrorism 2022)

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