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AT A GLANCE: PROTECTION IMPACTS OF THE CONFLICT

Update no. 15, 3 September 2023

KEY FIGURES

5,000+

Estimated number of people killed (attributed to ACLED) as of 23 August

12,115

Estimated number of people injured (attributed to MoH), as of 11 July

125

Hospitals affected

165

Public buildings affected

70

Humanitarian offices/assets looted/attacked

382,320

People fled to Chad

245,371

People fled to South Sudan

287,230

People fled to Egypt

18,011

People fled to CAR

35,218

People fled to Ethiopia

3,801,754

People internally displaced

Sources of displacement data: IDPs, IOM DTM; refugees, UNHCR

HIGHLIGHTS

This is a document reporting on the severity of the protection impacts on the civilian population as a result of ongoing conflict in Sudan. Clashes between the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and Rapid Support Forces (RSF) erupted on 15 April 2023 and are now in their twentieth week.

Deaths and Injuries:

- On 23 August, the Armed Conflict Location and Event Data (ACLED) project reported that at least 5,000 people have been killed due to the conflict. Actual figures may be higher with communications challenges and ongoing violence inhibiting systematic reporting.
- Since the fighting started, 19 humanitarian workers have been killed and many others have been injured. In addition, according to WHO, 11 health workers have been killed and 38 injured.
- On 29 August, the Ministry of Higher Education stated that 104 higher education institutions have been damaged or destroyed due to the conflict, including laboratories, libraries, lecture halls and administrative offices.

Impact on Civilians:

- In <u>Khartoum</u>, clashes between SAF and RSF continued to intensify during the reporting period. Of the estimated 2,766,600 people displaced from Khartoum, approximately 40,800 IDPs have sought refuge in other locations across Khartoum state while 2,725,800 have fled to other states across Sudan.
- In <u>River Nile</u>, an estimated 512,258 IDPs from Khartoum are reportedly seeking shelter with relatives or in rented accommodation across across Abu Hamad, Ad Damar, Al Buhaira, Al Matama, Atbara, Barbar, and Shendi localities.
- In <u>East Darfur</u>, IOM DTM estimates 394,820 IDPs to be predominately sheltering among the host community. IDPs are present in Abu Jabrah, Abu Karinka, Ad Du'ayn, Adila, Al Firdous, Assalaya, Shia'ria, Yassin and Bahr Al Arab localities.
- In Northern State, an estimated 364,314 IDPs, all reportedly displaced from Khartoum, are sheltering across Ad Dabbah, Al Burgaig, Al Golid, Delgo, Dongola, Halfa, and Merowe localities. Restrictive visa processes continue to inhibit cross-border movement to Egypt for those IDPs intending onward travel.
- In <u>South Darfur</u>, an estimated 319,960 individuals are predominately displaced from other areas within South Darfur, with the intense fighting during August driving an uptick in the caseload. IDPs are reported to be sheltering across Al Wihda, As Salam, As Sunta, Beliel, Buram, Kas, Mershing, Nitega, Nyala Janoub, Rehaid Albirdi, Sharg Aj Jabal, and Tulus localities.
- In <u>Sennar</u>, an estimated 291,684 people displaced from Khartoum are sheltering with host families and in rented accommodation across Abu Hujar, Ad Dali, Ad Dinder, As Suki, Sennar, Sharg Sennar, and Sinja localities.
- In White Nile, 284,719 IDPs are reportedly sheltering with their relatives, in camp-like settings, in rented accommodation and in public buildings across Ad Diwaim, Aj Jabalain, Al Gitaina, As Salam/Ar Rawat, Guli, Kosti, Rabak, Tendalti, and Um Rimta localities.
- In North Darfur, an estimated 284,109 displaced people are sheltering amongst the host community, in camps and gathering sites. IDPs are observed across Al Fasher, Al Koma, Al Lait, Al Malha, As Serief, At Tawisha, Dar As Salam, Kebkabiya, Kelemando, Kernoi, Kutum, Melit, Saraf Omra, Tawila, Um Baru, and Um Kadadah localities.
- In <u>Central Darfur</u>, an estimated 265,360 individuals are displaced from other areas in Central Darfur, West Darfur, South Darfur and North Darfur. IDPs are

- predominately sheltering with relatives or in ad hoc gathering sites, across Azum, Gharb Jabal Marrah, Shamal Jabal Marrah, Um Dukhun, Wadi Salih, Wasat Jabal Marrah, and Zalingi localities.
- In Al Jazirah, IOM DTM field teams report 254,425 IDPs predominately sheltering in the host community and in public buildings across Al Hasahisa, Al Kamlin, Al Manaqil, Al Qurashi, Janub Aj Jazirah, Medani Al Kubra, Sharg Aj Jazirah, and Um Algura localities.
- In <u>Gedaref</u>, an estimated 243,223 IDPs displaced from Khartoum are sheltering across Al Butanah, Al Fao, Al Fashaga, Al Galabat Al Gharbyah-Kassab, Al Mafaza, Al Qureisha, Ar Rahad, Basundah, Gala'a An Nahal, Galabat Ash-Shargiah, Madeinat Al Gedaref, and Wasat Al Gedaref. IDPs are predominately sheltering in informal hosting arrangements, with a smaller proportion in rented accommodation.
- In <u>multiple states</u>, displaced populations of fewer than 150,000 people were reported by IOM DTM. Affected states include: Red Sea (107,942 displaced individuals); South Kordofan (106,863 displaced individuals); Kassala (87,860 displaced individuals); North Kordofan (83,811 displaced individuals); West Darfur (68,965 displaced individuals); Blue Nile (50,274 displaced individuals); and, West Kordofan (40,367 displaced individuals). In most states outside Darfur, the majority of the IDP caseload originates from Khartoum state.

Medical Facilities:

- The WHO Surveillance System for Attacks on Health Care (SSA) indicates that 56 attacks on health care have been reported since the onset of the violence on 15 April, of which: 36 attacks impacted facilities; 23 attacks impacted personnel; 16 attacks impacted supplies; eight attacks impacted transport; seven attacks impacted patients; and, six attacks impacted warehouses.
- The World Health Organization (WHO) has reported 3,046 suspected measles cases and 84 associated deaths in White Nile, Blue Nile, Gedaref, Kassala, Al Jazirah, West Kordofan, River Nile, North Darfur and Red Sea states.

Public Institutions:

Looting, occupation of and attacks on public institutions continued to be reported (this is not an exhaustive list and the data is based on available information):

- In Khartoum: Khartoum International Airport, Central Bank, Specialized Children Hospital, Fedail hospital, Bahri public market, Al Huda penitentiary, Kober Prison, Saudi Cultural Building, Maternity Hospital in Omdurman, Afra Mall, Islamic Solidarity Bank, United Capital Bank, Khartoum Industrial Zone, Omdurman market, Al Hawyaat Customs Station in Soba, Baraa Hospital for Children, Corps of Engineers, Bank of Khartoum HQ and branches, Souk Libya, Zakat Office in Jabra, Al Amal Hospital, Qarri Free Zone, Higher Academy for Strategic and Security Studies, Jabra Hospital, Ahmad Qasim Hospital, East Nile Hospital, Al-Baraka Bank, Episcopal Anglican Church, Al Ahfad University, Dar Alsalam courthouse, Khartoum courthouse, Land Registration Office, National Authority for Radio and Television, Saudi Sudanese Bank, Durra Medical Complex in Khartoum North, Al Oshara market, Al Ahfad University, El Neelain University, Chinese Hospital, Al Muwaliah market, Gold market, Al Neelain University, Al Haji Nour Al Shahid mosque, Al Taqwaa mosque, Haj Al Safi Teaching Hospital, Al Waladein Charitable Eye Hospital, Ministry of Minerals, Omdurman courthouse, Omdurman Technical High School, Al Noor Institute for People with Visual Impairment, Karari Supreme Court, Soba Hospital, University of Khartoum, Al Qabs School, Educational Hospital in Omdurman, Al Zahra Mosque, National Public Health Laboratory, National Medical Supply Funds Warehouse, Central Blood Bank, El Silah El Tibbi Hospital, Rakha Mosque, Alyaa Specialist Hospital, Blue Nile Hospital, Azirqab power station, Central market, International University of Africa, Tawila Hospital, Police House, Al Salam Center for Cardiac Surgery.
- In North Kordofan: El Obeid International Airport, El Obeid market, El Daman hospital, Al Rahad Locality office, Al Rahad police station, Al Rahad courthouse, Al Rahad market, Ministry of Finance, Judiciary office, traffic police office, North Kordofan Electricity Corporation vehicles looted, Bara Judiciary office, Bara

- Land Registration office, Bara market, Um Rowaba market, El Obeid City Hospital, Um Rowaba Prison, Sheikan student dormitory.
- In West Kordofan: El Fula Prison, Abu Zadab Prison, El Fula police station, El Fula Passport and Civil Registry Office, El Fula market.
- In <u>South Kordofan</u>: Debebat police station, Dillinj police station, Emtidad Elementary School.
- In <u>Blue Nile</u>: Roro market.
- In North Darfur: Bank of Khartoum, Specialized Childrens Hospital, Nifasha market, Kabkabiya police HQ, Kabkabiya civil registry and court, Kabkabiya locality office and warehouse, El Fasher locality office, Attorney General's office, El Fasher market, Kutum market, Kutum locality office, Tawila market, occupation of four schools by conflicting parties.
- In <u>West Darfur</u>: Hospitality Guesthouse, Legislative Council, Krinding Civilian Protection Center, Krinding police station, El Geneina Airport, Alporsa market, Beida market, Ministry of Health, El Geneina market, El Geneina Police HQ, three fuel stations, Maktab Al Tahsiin vaccination center, El Geneina Hospital, Al Madares medical clinic, Kreneik market, Mornei police station, bore holes, Sirba Locality office, Sirba Hospital, Sirba markets.
- In <u>South Darfur</u>: Alshatta market, main market, Sha'bi market, Nyala Airport, Ministry of Finance, Buram police station, Sudani telecommunications facilities, Sudanese Saudi Bank, COR Office in Amal refugee settlement, Nyala Police station, Nyala Correction and Rehabilitation Center, Beleil police station.
- In <u>East Darfur:</u> Al Daleeb police station, Ministry of Finance, Quality and Measurements Office.
- In <u>Al Jazirah:</u> Medani Hospital, Kab Al Jidad police station.
- In <u>Central Darfur</u>: Zalengei University, Zalengei Airport, Um Shalaya police station, Zalengei market, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Finance, Blue Nile Mashreq Bank, Savings Bank, Agriculture Bank, Garsila Zakat office, Zalengei Hospital, Zalengei Locality office, Public Prosecutor's office, Zalengei police HQ, Kerendi market, Mukjar police station, Health Insurance Services Center.

Humanitarian Offices/Assets:

Looting and attacks on humanitarian offices/assets continued to be reported (this is not an exhaustive list and the data is based on available information):

- In <u>Khartoum</u>: OCHA, UNHCR Field and Representation Offices, WFP Soba warehouse, UNICEF office/warehouses, UNITAMS, MSF warehouse, UNESCO office, IOM offices (Manshia, Soba), IOM warehouse, UN agency ambulance.
- In North Kordofan: WFP warehouse, WFP logistics hub, UNHCR warehouse.
- In West Kordofan: WFP fuel truck in Wadbanda, UNHCR office in El Fula, IRW office in El Fula, Concern International office in El Fula, HOPE office in El Fula, IRW office in El Fula, Global Aid Hands office in El Fula, FAO office and vehicles in El Fula, WHO medical supplies in El Fula.
- In <u>Blue Nile</u>: WFP food supplies.
- In Al Jazirah: IOM vehicle carjacked in Aljadid Althora.
- In North Darfur: Save the Children office, GIZ office, UNFPA office, Plan International office, UNHCR EI Fasher warehouse (partially looted), WFP compound in Kutum.
- In West Darfur: WFP Krinding warehouse, UNHAS airport compound, IOM office, UNHCR vehicles, warehouse, fuel tanks and office, WFP vehicles and warehouse, UNDP office, UNFPA office, UNITAMS office, UN-HABITAT office, WHO office, UNICEF office, FAO office, UNITAMS guesthouse, NRC office.
- In <u>Central Darfur:</u> NCA Zalengei office and warehouse, IRW office, ICRC office, vehicle from Islamic Relief, TGH office, WFP office and guesthouse in Zalengei, IMC office in Zalengei, IMC office in Garsila, UNICEF office, UNHCR office.
- In <u>South Darfur</u>: WFP office and warehouse, and offices of MSF, CARE, World Vision, IMC, UNICEF, UNHCR, NCA, UNDP, FAO, UNOPS, ZOA, and WHO.

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