Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

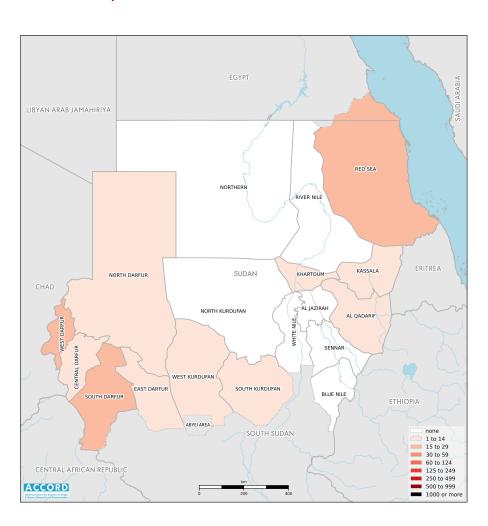
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Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA RED SEA NORTHERN RIVER NILE ERITREA SUDAN KHARTOUM NORTH DARFUR AL JAZIRAH NORTH KURDUFAN SENNAR WEST KURDUFAN BLUE NILE ABYEI AREA SOUTH SUDAN 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC 25 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 199 ACCORD 200 or mor

Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; Abyei Area: SS-NBS, 1 December 2008; South Sudan/Sudan border status, Hala'ib triangle and Bir Tawil: UN Cartographic Section, March 2012; incident data: ACLED, 20 June 2020; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

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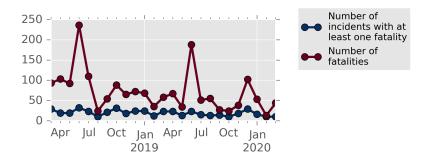
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Protests	117	0	0
Violence against civilians	49	22	57
Battles	18	12	42
Riots	18	0	0
Strategic developments	10	0	0
Explosions / Remote violence	3	2	11
Total	215	36	110

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 20 June 2020).

Development of conflict incidents from March 2018 to March 2020



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 20 June 2020).

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Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Sudan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Note: Data on incidents in the Abyei area are not included in this overview.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in

this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019 https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019 https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/ General-User-Guide_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al Jazirah	9	0	0
Al Qadarif	9	2	5
Blue Nile	6	0	0
Central Darfur	17	2	6
East Darfur	2	2	2
Kassala	8	1	1
Khartoum	52	2	14
North Darfur	24	3	6
North Kurdufan	7	0	0
Northern	3	0	0
Red Sea	17	4	16
River Nile	5	0	0
Sennar	2	0	0
South Darfur	15	3	25
South Kurdufan	13	7	8
West Darfur	17	8	17
West Kurdufan	6	2	10
White Nile	3	0	0

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Al Jazirah, 9 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: El Managil, El Meilig Rural Council, Wad Medani.

In Al Qadarif, 9 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: El Faw, Galabat, Gedaref, Salmeen, Taya, Wad Faiya.

In **Blue Nile**, **6** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bout**, **Ed Damazin**, **El Roseires**.

In Central Darfur, 17 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bindisi, Garsila, Guldo, Hasahisa IDP Camp, Mari, Mukjar, Nertiti, Sullu, Tur, Turru, Zalingei.

In East Darfur, 2 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Esheraya, Heilij.

In Kassala, 8 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: El Gergaf, Fasher, Kassala.

In Khartoum, 52 incidents killing 14 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Debbat Umm el Husein, Hajj Yusuf, Jabarona IDP camp, Khartoum, Khartoum International Airport, Khartoum North, Omdurman.

In North Darfur, 24 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following

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locations were among the affected: Dobo Al Madresa, Dobo Umda, El Fasher, Fata Borno, Hashaba Cente, Kebkabiya, Kullu, Kutum, Malha, Saraf Omra, Sortony, Tawila, Zamzam.

In **North Kurdufan**, **7** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **El Obeid**.

In **Northern**, **3** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Dongola**, **Ed Duweim**, **Karima**.

In Red Sea, 17 incidents killing 16 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aqiq, Haya, Port Sudan.

In **River Nile**, 5 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Atbara**, **Manaser**.

In **Sennar**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Kenana**, **Sennar**.

In South Darfur, 15 incidents killing 25 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Fifi, Buram, Darraba, Gereida, Hijer, Kass, Nyala, Silo, Songo.

In South Kurdufan, 13 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Jubaiha, Abu Kershola, Al Abbasiya, Dibebad, El Fayd, Kadugli, Kega, Kokaya, Kortala, Rashad.

In West Darfur, 17 incidents killing 17 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abd Allah, Ardamata IDP Camp, Dumej, El Geneina, Fassi, Hagar Jembuh, Kendebe, Krinding IDP Camp, Murnei, Seraf Jidad.

In West Kurdufan, 6 incidents killing 10 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: An Nahud, El Fula, Kabaik, Muglad.

In White Nile, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: El Jebelain, Kosti.

Sources

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (20 June 2020), 20 June 2020
 https://www.acleddata.com/download/2909/
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm28_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015a http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: SDN_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015b
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- SSNBS South Sudan National Bureau of Statistics: Counties including disputed Abyei region, 1 December 2008
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- UN Cartographic Section: Sudan, March 2012 http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/4232_1407158723_sudan.pdf

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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