

Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

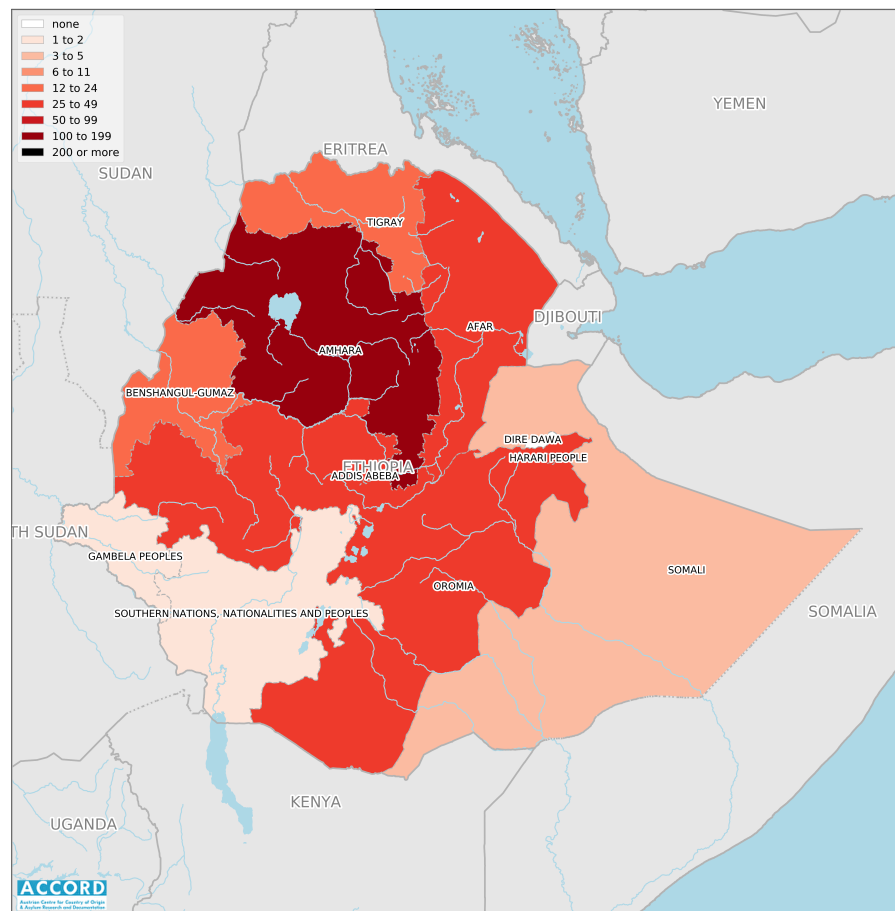
Bilagsnr.:	476
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ETHIOPIA, THIRD QUARTER 2021:

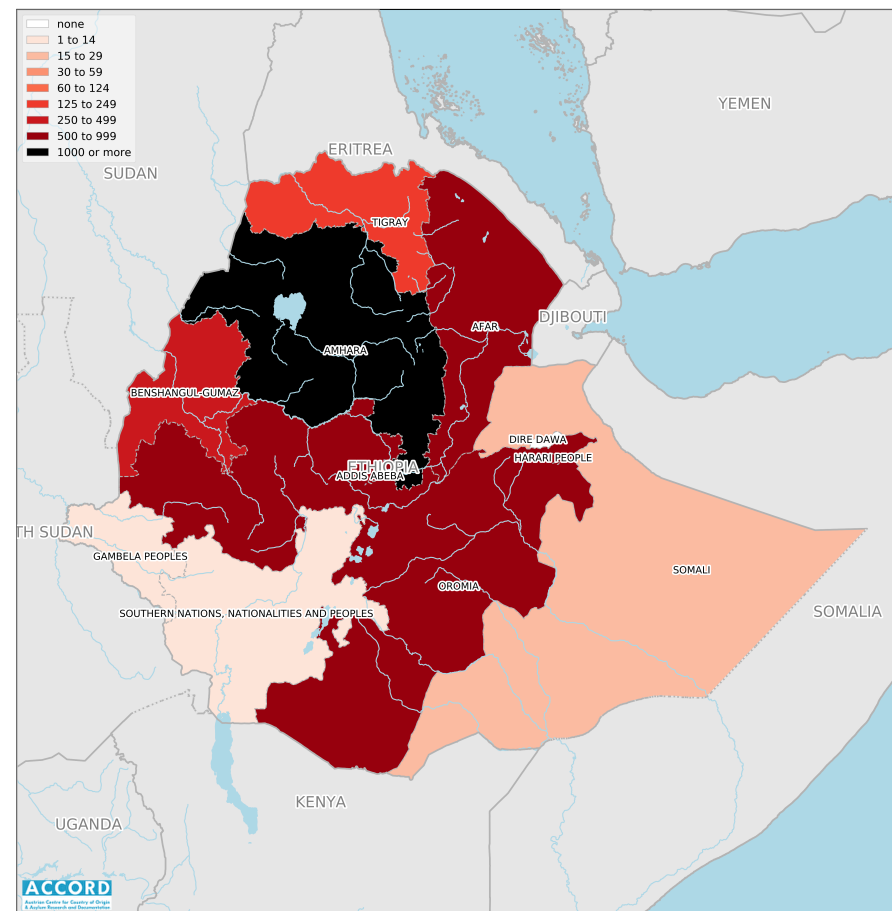
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 16 December 2021

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); incident data: [ACLED, 10 December 2021](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

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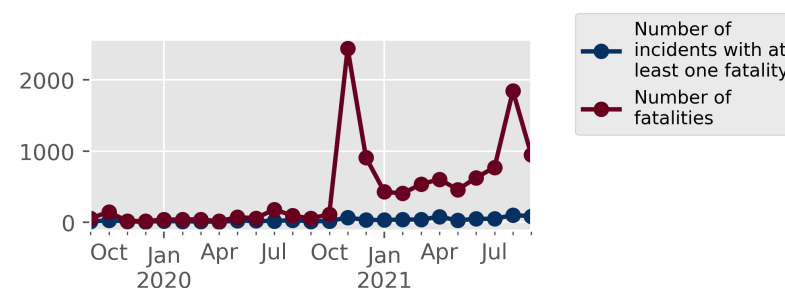
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Battles	306	159	2471
Violence against civilians	75	62	839
Protests	36	0	0
Strategic developments	32	0	0
Explosions / Remote violence	23	15	251
Riots	4	1	4
Total	476	237	3565

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 10 December 2021).

Development of conflict incidents from September 2019 to September 2021



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 10 December 2021).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Ethiopia being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED's additional methodological paper for Ethiopia: [ACLED, 21 January 2020](#)

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and

GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019a https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/General-User-Guide_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 <https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/>

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Addis Abeba	8	0	0
Afar	61	37	859
Amhara	253	117	1357
Benshangul-Gumaz	28	20	451
Dire Dawa	1	0	0
Gambela Peoples	3	2	6
Oromia	57	39	640
Somali	12	3	25
Southern Nations, Nationalities and Peoples	7	1	3
Tigray	46	18	224

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Addis Abeba**, 8 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: **Addis Ababa, Kazanchis, Mesqel Square.**

In **Afar**, 61 incidents killing 859 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abala, Alele Sulula, Awash, Berahle, Chercher, Chifra, Cundhufo, Dibena, Duba, Ewa, Gadamaitu, Galikoma, Hida, Kelwan, Logiya Town, Mile, Semera, Teru, Yalo.**

In **Amhara**, 253 incidents killing 1357 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aba Mar, Abergele, Addi Arkay, Addis Zemen, Agiret, Amdework, Arbet, Arbit, Aykel, Ayu, Bahir Dar, Bati, Bego mountains, Belessa, Ber Mariam, Checheho, Dabat, Debark, Debre Tabor, Debre Zebit, Dessie, Farta Town, Filakit Geregera, Fogera, Gasay, Gashena, Gayint, Gedemeyu, Gemza, Gob Gob, Gobiye, Gof Gof, Gonder, Guna, Habru, Hagere Genet, Hagere Selam, Hara, Haro, Hayk, Istayish, Kimir Dingay, Kobo, Kobo Robit, Kombolcha, Kon, Lalibela, Lencha, Mekane Birhan, Meket, Mersa, Metema, Muja, Nefas Mewcha, Sali, Sekota, Shinfa, Tehuledere, Wegeltena, Weldiya, Were Babu, Wichale, Zarima.**

In **Benshangul-Gumaz**, 28 incidents killing 451 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abatimbo el Gumas, Almehal, Belo Jiganfoy, Bulen, Dibate, Gilgel Belles, Guba, Kamashi zone, Kirmuk, Manbuk, Mandura, Melca Daboch, Menge town, Sherkole, Wembera.**

In **Dire Dawa**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Dire Dawa.**

In **Gambela Peoples**, 3 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Gambella.**

In **Oromia**, 57 incidents killing 640 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ambo, Amuru, Angetu, Asela, Begi, Bekoji, Bok'a, Ciro, Debeka, Debeso, Degem Hambiso, Dongoro, Dugda, Dukem, Fentale,**

Fincha, Gebre Guracha, Gelana, Ginde Beret, Gobi, Gulele, Gumi Eldalo, Horo, Jardega, Kiremu, Kuyu, Meta, Mugi, Munessa, Nazreth, Negele, Nekemt, Nunu Kumba, Salale, Sasiga, Seyo, Shambu, Tulu Guled.

In **Somali**, 12 incidents killing 25 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Degehabur, Filtu, Garba Ciise, Gode, Hargele, Jijiga, Kebri Dehar, Mustahil, Shilabo, Shinile.**

In **Southern Nations, Nationalities and Peoples**, 7 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Hawasa, Hosaena, Jinka, Mizan Teferi, Segen, Sodo.**

In **Tigray**, 46 incidents killing 224 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Adi Harush, Alamata, Bala, Chercher, Humera, Korem, May Tsemre, May-Gaba, Mekele, Waldiba Gedam, Welkait.**

Sources

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Ethiopia Sourcing Profile, 21 January 2020
<https://www.acleddata.com/download/17884/>
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (10 December 2021), 10 December 2021
<https://www.acleddata.com/download/2909/>
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_ETH_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018a
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/shp/gadm36_ETH_shp.zip
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_levels.shp, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018b
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36_levels.shp.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: “Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data”, in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660
<http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html>
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015
<https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/>

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED’s datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD’s reports if the update occurs

close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the [ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED"](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

- ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Ethiopia, third quarter 2021: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 16 December 2021