

Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

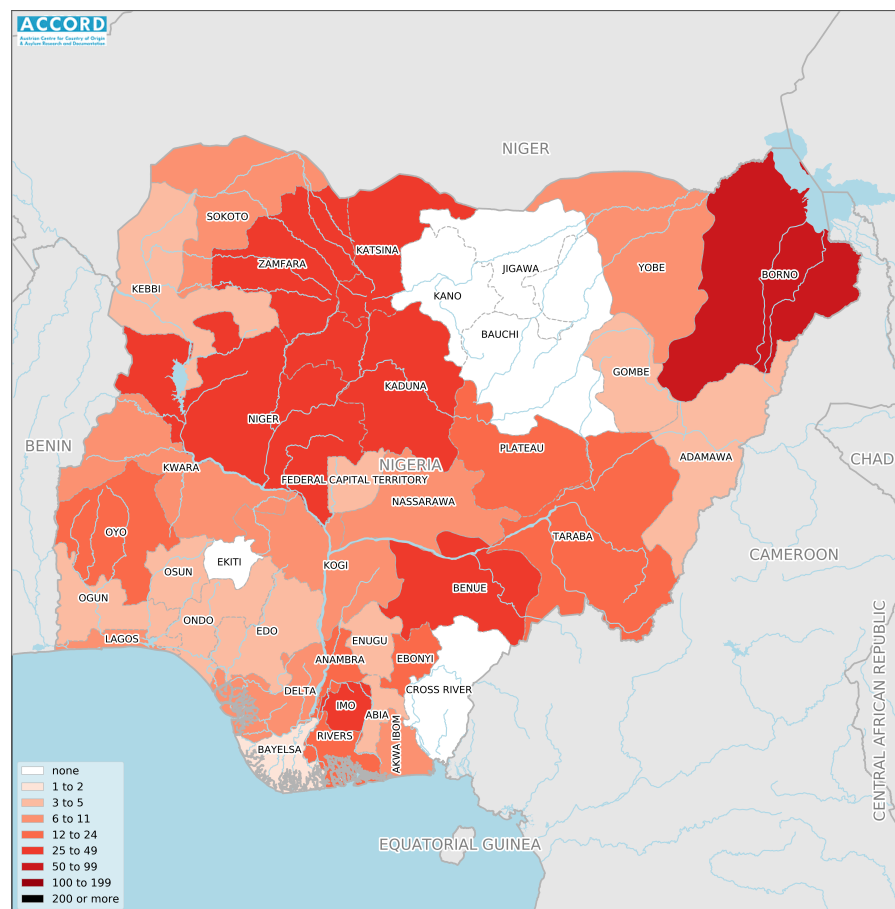
Bilagsnr.:	576
Land:	Nigeria
Kilde:	Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD)
Titel:	Nigeria, Second Quarter 2021: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)
Udgivet:	19. november 2021
Optaget på baggrundsmaterialet:	8. februar 2022

NIGERIA, SECOND QUARTER 2021:

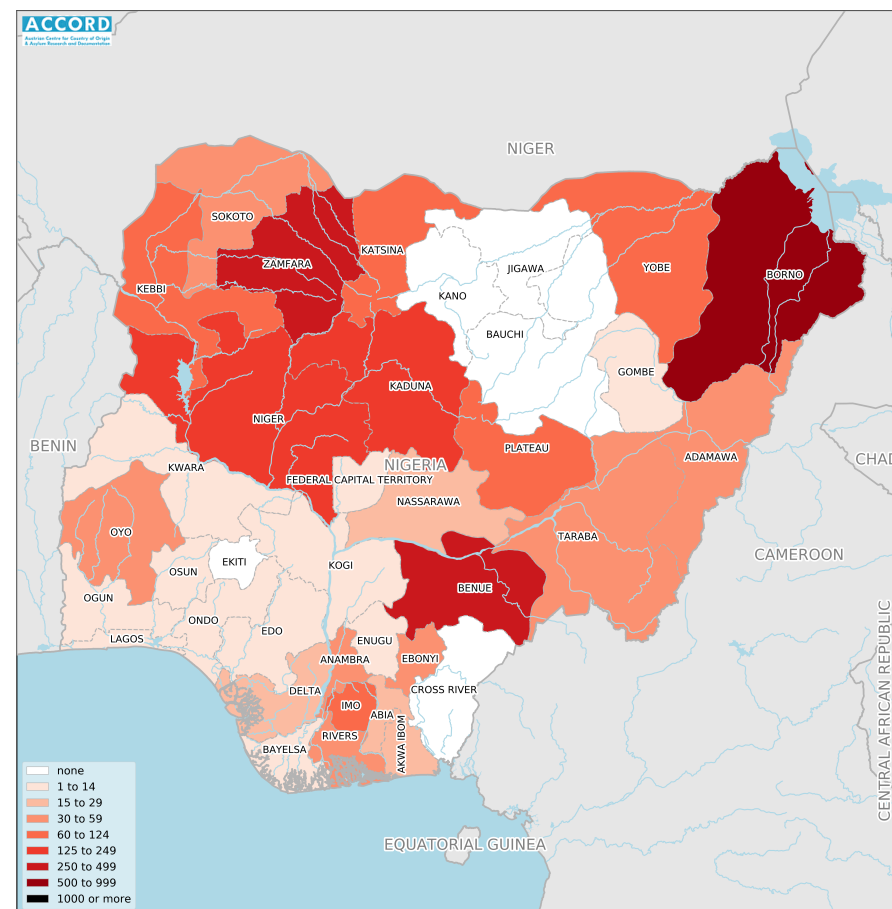
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 19 November 2021

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); incident data: [ACLED, 12 November 2021](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

Contents

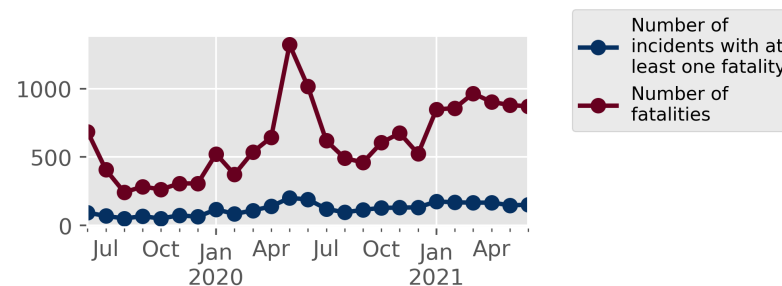
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
Conflict incidents by category	2
Development of conflict incidents from June 2019 to June 2021	2
Methodology	3
Conflict incidents per province	4
Localization of conflict incidents	4
Disclaimer	8

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Violence against civilians	318	191	1060
Battles	302	216	1410
Protests	152	1	1
Riots	65	28	49
Strategic developments	36	0	0
Explosions / Remote violence	30	26	132
Total	903	462	2652

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 12 November 2021).

Development of conflict incidents from June 2019 to June 2021



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 12 November 2021).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Nigeria being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh, Linke, Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending

on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019a https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/General-User-Guide_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 <https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/>

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Abia	14	4	16
Adamawa	8	5	36
Akwa Ibom	18	8	19
Anambra	29	15	42
Bauchi	2	0	0
Bayelsa	10	1	1
Benue	50	43	382
Borno	86	65	636
Cross River	9	0	0
Delta	23	11	21
Ebonyi	18	13	51
Edo	14	5	7
Ekiti	7	0	0
Enugu	16	5	14
Federal Capital Territory	35	5	9
Gombe	4	3	14
Imo	53	27	113
Jigawa	3	0	0
Kaduna	94	49	159
Kano	6	0	0

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Katsina	41	27	112
Kebbi	7	4	109
Kogi	14	6	11
Kwara	17	7	13
Lagos	32	9	12
Nassarawa	11	6	21
Niger	48	30	151
Ogun	20	4	6
Ondo	16	3	4
Osun	20	5	8
Oyo	44	15	34
Plateau	25	16	63
Rivers	26	12	36
Sokoto	11	8	51
Taraba	17	13	42
Yobe	11	8	66
Zamfara	44	30	393

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of

event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Abia**, 14 incidents killing 16 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aba, Bende, Nkumekpo Usaka, Ohafia, Onuaku Uturu, Umuagu, Umuahia, Umudike, Uzuakoli.**

In **Adamawa**, 8 incidents killing 36 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Guyuk, Hong, Karewa, Kopre, Mbamba, Song.**

In **Akwa Ibom**, 18 incidents killing 19 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abak, Ibiaku Ntok Okpo, Idu, Ikot Ebak, Ikot Ekpene, Ikot Ntuen Ukana, Ikpe Anang, Odoro Ikpe, Odoro-Ikpe, Opobo, Urua Inyang, Utu Etim Ekpo, Uyo.**

In **Anambra**, 29 incidents killing 42 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abagana, Aguleri, Amawbia, Anaku, Awka, Awkuzu, Ekwusigo, Ifite-Ukpo, Ihiala, Neni, Nkpor, Nnewi, Nnobi, Oba, Obosi, Ogidi, Ojoto, Onitsha, Orifite, Ozubulu, Ukpo-Akpu, Umuoja-Obosi, Umuoji.**

In **Bauchi**, 2 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bauchi, Gamawa.**

In **Bayelsa**, 10 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Biseni, Brass, Yenagoa.**

In **Benue**, 50 incidents killing 382 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Adagbo, Aila, Aliade, Anyiin, Bagagi, Gbajimba, Gboko, Igumale, Ikpayongo, Katsina-Ala, Makurdi, Mbabai, Mbacher, Mbalagh, Naka, Odugbeho, Oju, Sankera, Sengev, Tse-Agberagba, Ugba, Utonkon.**

In **Borno**, 86 incidents killing 636 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ajiri, Ali-Jilamari, Banki, Benisheikh, Biu, Bula Njimbam, Cross Kauwa, Damasak, Damboa, Dikwa, Gajiram, Gubio, Gwoza, Jakana, Kamuya, Kauji Kura, Kawuri, Konduga, Kotembe, Kumshe, Kusuma, Lambua, Mafa, Magumeri, Maiduguri, Mainok, Malam Fatori, Mammanti, Mandaragirau, Marte, Molai, Monguno, Ngala, Ngwom, Rann, Sabon Tumbun, Sambisa Forest Reserve, Shani, Wulgo, Zari.**

In **Cross River**, 9 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Biakpan, Calabar, Esuk Atu, Ikom, Odukpani.**

In **Delta**, 23 incidents killing 21 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abo Ogwashi-Uku, Akwukwu-Igbo, Asaba, Ashaka, Effurun, Nsukwa, Obubu, Oghara, Omadino, Ovwian, Ozoro, Sapele, Ughelli, Umutu, Warri.**

In **Ebonyi**, 18 incidents killing 51 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abakaliki, Afikpo, Ebiaji, Effium, Enyigba, Ezamgbo, Ezillo, Ezza Ohu, Iboko, Ngbo, Nwofe, Obiozara, Okposi Achara, Onicha, Ugbodo.**

In **Edo**, 14 incidents killing 7 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Benin City, Ehor, Ekpoma, Igbanke, Iguobazuwa, Jattu, Ubijaja, Ugbowo.**

In **Ekiti**, 7 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Ado-Ekiti, Erinjiyan, Ewu, Ilemeso Ekiti, Omuo-Ekiti.**

In **Enugu**, 16 incidents killing 14 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Adani, Agbani, Amagunze, Enugu, Ezeagu, Ibegwa-Aka, Nsukka, Oruku.**

In **Federal Capital Territory**, 35 incidents killing 9 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abaji, Abuja, Bwari, Gwagwalada, Karu, Kuje, Kwali, Madala, Tunga Maje, Wuse.**

In **Gombe**, 4 incidents killing 14 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Gombe, Shongom, Tallase.**

In **Imo**, 53 incidents killing 113 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Akabo, Amaigbo, Amakohia, Atta, Awo-Idemili, Awo-Omamma, Iho, Izombe, Mbieri, Nmu Neke, Nnenasa, Okigwi, Omuma, Orji, Orlu, Oru, Otoko, Owerri, Ubulu Ihejiofo, Umu Elemai, Umu-Eze, Umuaka, Umueze, Umundugba, Umuoguma, Urualla.**

In **Jigawa**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Auyo, Dutse, Ringim.**

In **Kaduna**, 94 incidents killing 159 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Afaka, Amfu, Baka, Birnin Gwari, Birnin Yero, Buruku, Chikun, Dogon Dawa, Doka, Gidan-Waya, Giwa, Gologfa, Goni Gora, Gwagwada, Gwantu, Igabi, Iyatawa, Jagindi, Jaji, Jemaa, Jere, Kachia, Kaduna, Kafanchan, Kajuru, Kakau, Kasuwan Magani, Kerawa, Kujama, Kunai, Kuriga, Libere, Mahuta, Makarfi, Rigacikun, Sabon Birni, Sabon Gari, Sanga, Zangon Katab, Zaria, Zonkwa.**

In **Kano**, 6 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Kano, Kore.**

In **Katsina**, 41 incidents killing 112 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Batsari, Dan Musa, Dandume, Dangani, Danja, Dutsin Ma, Faskari, Funtua, Jibia, Kafur, Kanawa, Kankara, Malumfashi, Mununu, Rijiyar Tsamiya, Ruma, Sabuwa, Safana, Shema, Sheme, Tsaskiya, Ummadau, Wurma, Yan Tumaki, Zandam.**

In **Kebbi**, 7 incidents killing 109 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bin Yauri, Birnin Kebbi, Sakaba, Wasagu.**

In **Kogi**, 14 incidents killing 11 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abobo, Egbe, Egume, Itobe, Koton-Karfe, Lokoja, Okene.**

In **Kwara**, 17 incidents killing 13 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Afon, Erin Ile, Faje, Gbabu, Illorin, Ilofa, Lafiagi, Malete, Offa, Oke Onigbin, Pasa Lamba.**

In **Lagos**, 32 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abule Ado, Agege, Alausa, Apapa, Festac, Igando, Ijora, Ikeja, Ikorodu, Ikotun, Ipaja, Lekki, Ogba, Ojo, Ojota, Somolu, Surulere, Yaba.**

In **Nassarawa**, 11 incidents killing 21 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Aloshi, Doma, Garaku, Giza, Keffi, Lafia, Obi, Toto.**

In **Niger**, 48 incidents killing 151 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Agwara, Alawa, Argida, Beri, Doko, Fuya, Galkogo, Genu, Gini, Gurmana, Kagara, Kontagora, Kotonkoro, Kuta, Kutigi, Maikonkele, Manta, Mariga, Minna, Nasko, Rijau, Sabon Wuse, Salka, Sarkin Pawa, Shadadi, Shiroro, Suleja, Tegin, Uddu, Ushe, Warari, Wushishi, Zungeru.**

In **Ogun**, 20 incidents killing 6 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abeokuta, Akomoje, Ibara-Orile, Ibeshe, Ijebu-Ode, Ilaro, Imeko, Iraye, Itori, Odeda, Ofada, Onigari.**

In **Ondo**, 16 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were

among the affected: **Akure, Ifon, Igbekebo, Iju, Irese, Oba-Ile, Oke Agbe, Okitipupa, Ondo, Owo, Uro Ajowa.**

In **Osun**, 20 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Alapata, Apomu, Ede, Ibokun, Ifewara, Ikire, Ikoyi, Iragbiji, Iwo, Modakeke, Oke Ila, Oshogbo, Owode Ede.**

In **Oyo**, 44 incidents killing 34 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abule Oba, Agoro Ibadan, Ajaawa, Ayete, Egbeda, Eruwa, Fiditi, Ibadan, Idi Ayunre, Ido, Igangan, Igbo Ora, Iseyin, Iwere-Ile, Ogbomosho, Oke Ado, Onipe, Saki.**

In **Plateau**, 25 incidents killing 63 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Angware, Barkin Ladi, Bokkos, Bukuru, Jos, Kadarko, Kuru, Lamingo, Maiyanga, Mangu, Miango, Riyom, Unguwar Wereng, Vwang.**

In **Rivers**, 26 incidents killing 36 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Abua, Afam, Agbonchia, Akpaji, Bonny, Diobu, Elele, Elimgbu, Emohua, Ipo, Isiokpo, Port Harcourt, Rumuigbo, Rumuji.**

In **Sokoto**, 11 incidents killing 51 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Gandi, Gatawa, Goronyo, Rabah, Rarah, Sabo Birni, Sabon Birni, Sokoto.**

In **Taraba**, 17 incidents killing 42 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Arufu, Bali, Donga, Jalingo, Mutum Biyu, Pangri, Rafin Kada, Sabongida, Sunkani, Takum, Wukari.**

In **Yobe**, 11 incidents killing 66 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Fika, Geidam, Gujba, Kanama, Kukareta, Potiskum.**

In **Zamfara**, 44 incidents killing 393 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Anka, Bakura, Bingi, Birnin Tudu, Bukuyum, Bungudu, Chafe, Dan Sadau, Gobirawa, Gora, Gummi, Gurbin Baure, Gusau, Kaura Namoda, Mada, Magami, Manawa, Maradun, Maru, Rini, Ruwan-Tofa, Samawa, Sububu, Talata Mafara, Tofa, Zurmi.**

Sources

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (12 November 2021), 12 November 2021
<https://www.acleddata.com/download/2909/>
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_levels.shp, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018a
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36_levels.shp.zip
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_NGA_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018b
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/shp/gadm36_NGA_shp.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: “Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data”, in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660
<http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html>
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015
<https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/>

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED’s datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD’s reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter’s publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED’s methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD’s products based on the data,

please see the [ecoi.net blog posts tagged with “ACLED”](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

- ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Nigeria, second quarter 2021: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 19 November 2021