Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

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Titel:	ISIS Sleeper Cells Activities Amid the COVID-19 Pandemic
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IMMAP - IRAQ HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE

ISIS SLEEPER CELLS ACTIVITIES AMID THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

Better Data | Better Decisions | Better Outcomes





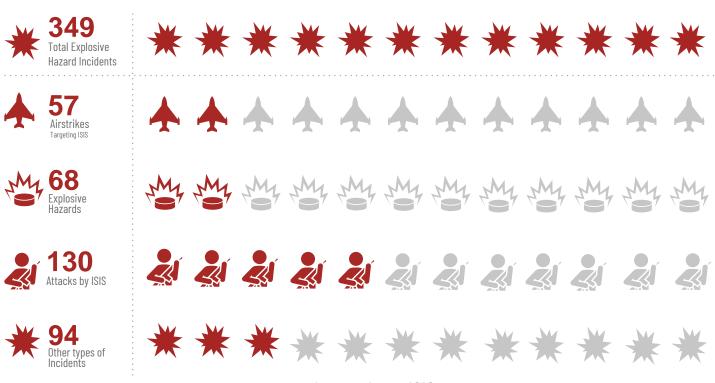


01 - ISIS EXPLOSIVE HAZARD INCIDENTS OVERVIEW

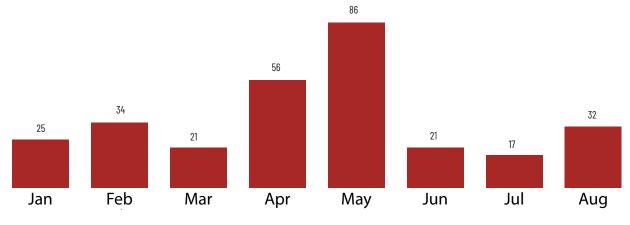
From January to August 2020, ISIS caused 292 incidents taking place mainly in Diyala, followed by Anbar, Kirkuk, Salah al-Din, Mosul, Erbil, and Baghdad, which experienced fewer incidents compared to other provinces. ISIS increased its operations with the start of the COVID-19 Pandemic. During April and May 2020, the number of ISIS-caused incidents reached 86, increasing by over threefold compared to previous months.

Moreover, other reasons for the increased ISIS attacks were the reduction of activities and missions of the coalition forces in Iraq, and their handout of control to the local security forces, in addition to the withdrawal of coalition forces' troops as a response to the COVID-19 pandemic, which further mobilized ISIS operations during the period.

This situation report entails data summary of ISIS-related explosive hazard incidents necessary for the humanitarian actors to plan and prioritize their prompt responses to the affected areas and communities.



January - August 2020



Number of Explosive Hazard Incidents per Month



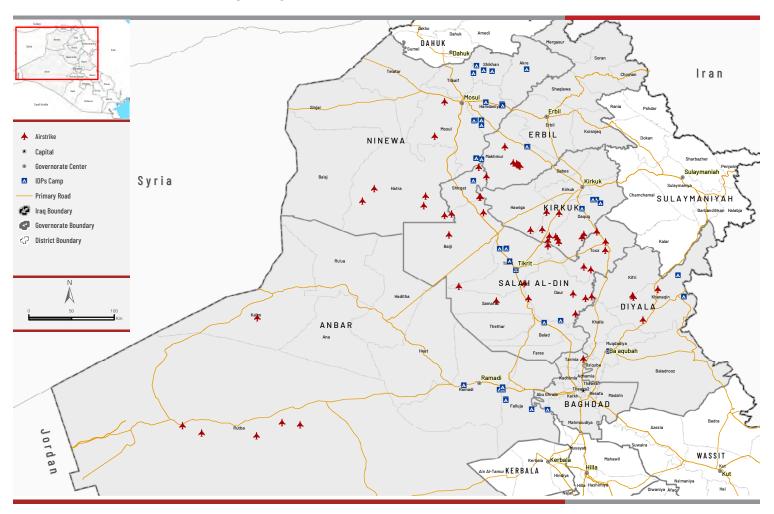


1.1 - Airstrikes

Attacks made by helicopters, drones, and aircrafts on specific objectives and targets.

Location of Airstrikes Targeting ISIS

January - August 2020



Map implementation is related to the iMMAP IHF project: Risk Mitigation Information Management Center - Humanitarian Response - 2020

Disclaimer and Sources:

This map is complied by iMMAP using an iMMAP database.

All information put forward in this report is the best available from various sources, including public, national, and international media sources, and has been cross-checked by iMMAP optimally. iMMAP accepts no responsibility for using the map. The geographic data, names, administration, and political boundaries used on this product do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by iMMAP.





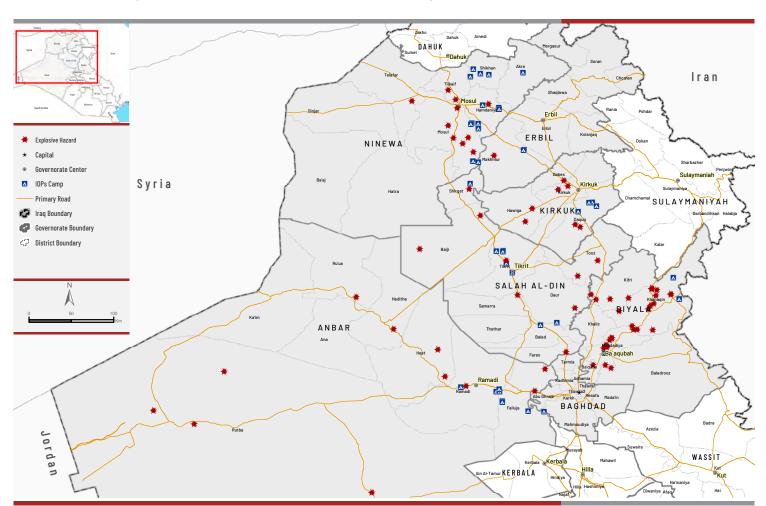
1.2 - Explosive Hazards

Incidents caused by: IEDs, UXOs, landmines, and direct or indirect fire.



Location of Explosive Hazard Incidents Caused by ISIS

January - August 2020



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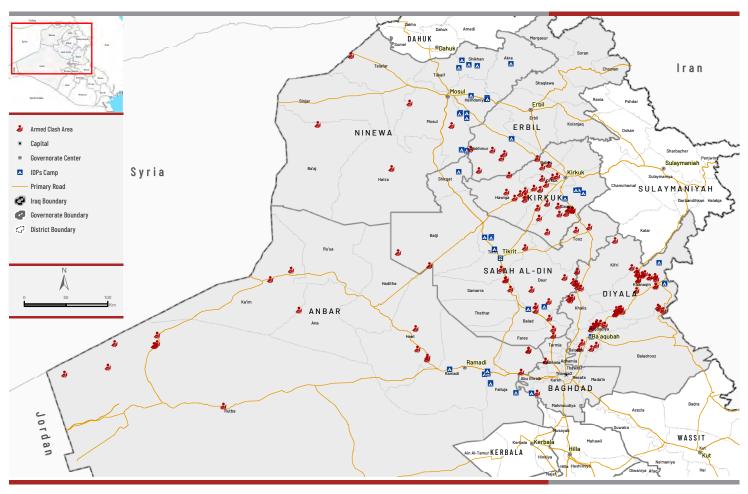
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1.3 - Armed Clash Areas

Areas affected by ISIS attacks, which experience significant impact due to the complexity of the attacks and the use of different explosives and heavy weaponry.

Armed Clash Areas Led by ISIS

January - August 2020



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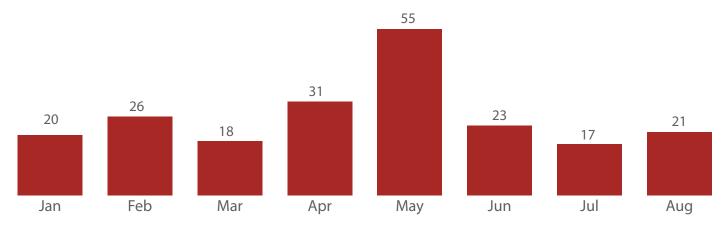


1.4 - Casualties

Number of People Killed by ISIS

January - August 2020

From January 1 to August 31, 2020, a total of 211 people were killed by ISIS, 77 of them were in the Diyala governorate, accounting for 36% of total deaths caused by ISIS during that period. While the majority of victims, 74%, were personnel of the Iraqi Security Forces (ISF) and the Popular Mobilization Forces (PMF), civilian casualties also reached 21%.

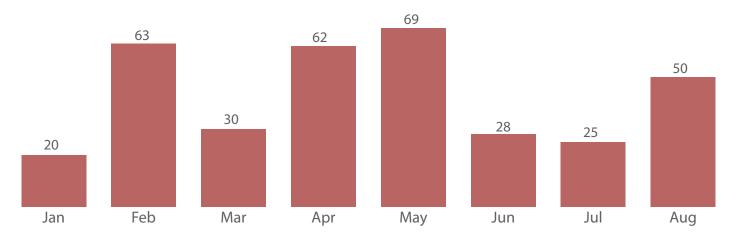


Total Number of People killed by ISIS

Number of People Injured by ISIS

January - August 2020

The period of January through August of 2020 also saw injuries to a total of 347 people as a result of ISIS operations, 151 of them were in the Diyala governorate. The majority of victims (256) were personnel of the Iraqi Security Forces (ISF) and Popular Mobilization Forces (PMF), at the same time, 83 civilians were also injured during that period.



Total Number of People Injured by ISIS





NOTES AND ACRONYMS

- 1. Data period: January August 2020
- 2. All information is the best available from various sources including public, national, and international sources, and have been cross-checked by iMMAP as best as possible.

SF: Security Forces

ISIS: Islamic State of Iraq and Syria IED: Improvised Explosive Device

SIED: Suicide Improvised Explosive Device

VBIED: Vehicle-Borne Improvised Explosive Device



