492

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ONE MONTH AFTER: INCREASING CASES OF VIOLENCE AND VIOLATIONS BASED ON REAL OR PRESUMED SEXUAL ORIENTATION AND GENDER IDENTITY IN THE FIRST MONTH OF THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE ANTI-HOMOSEXUALITY ACT, 2023

Kampala

14th July, 2023

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1. Introduction

The Anti-Homosexuality Act, 2023 (AHA) became law on 30th May 2023, and 30th June 2023 marked the 31st day of the law's coming into force. HRAPF's legal aid clinic has been handling cases involving LGBTIQ persons during this period and documenting them. This report summarises the cases that involve violence and violations against real or suspected LGBTIQ persons based wholly or partly on their sexual orientation and/or gender identity within the first 31 days of the law's being in force.

This report builds upon the report that HRAPF issued on 21st June 2023, which focused on cases of violence and violations that specifically targeted persons on the basis of their real or presumed sexual orientation and gender identity (SOGIE) in the first 21 days of the law's enforcement. The current report covers all the 31 days from 30th May 2023 to 30th June 2023.

2. Methodology

The data for this report has been collected and verified in the same manner as the previous report: this report contains only information reported to HRAPF through our legal aid network of community paralegals, the central legal aid clinic in Kampala and specialised legal aid desks and regional legal aid centres. The data was collected through a physical review of case files and monitoring registers to ascertain the number of cases handled, the nature and number of violations and incidents of violence reported and the number of persons affected. An in-depth review of documents on the case files was also undertaken for purposes of ascertaining the circumstances under which these cases took place, thus ensuring that only cases in which individuals were specifically targeted on the basis of their SOGIE are included in this report.

It is important to note that this report does not present a comprehensive view of the situation for LGBTIQ people across the country as it contains only the cases that were reported to HRAPF through our legal aid network, and excludes cases reported to other legal aid service providers/handled through other channels and those not reported at all. The report focuses on cases, which are defined as a separate set of facts involving the violation of laws or rights which are included in one file. Each case can therefore contain more than one violation against more than one individual.

3. Nature and number of cases reported

In the period from 30th May 2023 to 30th June, 2023 HRAPF has handled a total of 65 cases across the legal aid network. Of these 65 cases, 46 (70.8%) involved actions that specifically targeted people because of their real or presumed sexual orientation and/or gender identity, and affected a total of 50 individuals. These cases are: 23 cases involving violence or threats of violence affecting 23 individuals; 19 cases of evictions from rented property affecting 20 individuals; and 4 cases of arrests on sexuality-related cases, affecting 7 persons;

a) Cases of violence

HRAPF recorded a total of 23 cases involving violence or threats to violence and affecting 23 persons. There were no new cases of violence in the last 10 days of the 31-day period. Of the 23 cases, 6 cases involved actual violence affecting 8 persons and 17 involved threats of violence affecting 17 persons. Most of these cases were not reported to the police for fear of arrest/harm as soon as the victims' sexual orientation and/or gender identity were revealed.

i) Cases of actual violence

The six cases involving actual violence are summarised below:

CASE CODE	DATE REPORTED	NATURE OF PHYSICAL VIOLENCE	BRIEF FACTS	NUMBER OF VICTIMS
HRAPF/PA/01/2023	30/5/2023	Beating	The client's home was attacked in the night by a	1

				,
			group of unknown	
			individuals who forced	
			him out, beat him up and	
			burnt some of his	
			properties, accusing him	
			of hosting gay boys in his	
			house and spreading	
			homosexuality.	
HRAPF/PA/02/2023	20/6/2023	Stabbing	The client went to the	
			home of his older brother	1
			to visit and as soon as he	
			got there, his brother	
			picked a knife and	
			attacked him, stabbing	
			him in the right arm and	
			cutting him on his left	
			hand while accusing him	
			of being a homosexual	
			and embarrassing the	
			family.	
HRAPF/PA/03/2023	15/6/2023	Beating	The client was at the	1
1110111711170372023	10/ 0/ 2023	Deathig	home of her sister doing	1
			laundry when two men	
			attacked her and started	
			beating her up, accusing	
			her and her sister of being homosexuals. She	
			suffered injuries to the	
			face, shoulders, head and	
			arms and had to be	
TID A DE /D A /04/2022	0.16.10000	3.6.1.1.1	rushed to the hospital.	
HRAPF/PA/04/2023	2/6/2023	Multiple -	The two clients were	2
		beatings,	forcibly removed from	
		sexual	their house by the local	
		violence,	council (LC) leaders,	
		eviction	made to sit outside on the	
			verandah and heckled	
			and harassed for several	
			minutes before being	
			taken to the LC office.	
			During this interaction,	
			one of them, a	
			transgender man, was	
			fondled by unidentified	
			individuals, and the entire	
			ordeal was recorded and	
			uploaded to Tit Tok. At	
Ì		ĺ	the LC Office, they were	

			questioned about being involved in homosexuality for several	
			hours before they were released, although they were asked to leave the village immediately.	
HRAPF/PA/30/2023	12 th June 2023	Abduction	A transgender woman went missing on 12th June 2023. Ransom messages were sent twice to HRAPF lawyers and her work colleagues demanding 250 million shillings. She was later found on the 20th of June at a police station, although the police officers stated that she had just came to them half naked and shaken. She stated that two men claiming to be police officers had picked her up and she managed to escape and turn up at the police station for safety.	1
HRAPF/PA/31/2023	14/6/2023	Beatings and cuts	A lesbian woman was attacked in her home and beaten by two men she did not know. This happened after she was warned to leave the village in May 2023 for her safety, and formally evicted by her landlord, but she had not yet left because she did not have the resources to afford the move. She suffered several cuts and bruises from the assault.	1

ii) Cases involving threats of violence against LGBTQ people

A total of 17 cases were recorded in which suspected LGBTQ people were threatened with violence because of their perceived sexuality. These threats were made by neighbours, family members, local area leaders and the general community, as detailed below:

CASE CODE	DATE	NATURE	OF	BRIEF FACTS	
	REPORTED	THREAT			
HRAPF/PA/05/2023	8/6/2023	Beatings		The client was threatened	1
				with violence by boda boda	
				riders and a woman in her	
				neighbourhood who	
				accused her and her friend	
				of always having gay	
				parties at their home and	
				spreading homosexuality in	
				their district. The incident	
				happened on two separate	
				occasions.	
HRAPF/PA/06/2023	8/6/2023	Lynching		The client was threatened	1
, , ,	, ,			with lynching by the	
				neighbours if she did not	
				move. When the LC	
				chairperson was called in to	
				intervene, he managed to	
				convince the landlord to	
				give them two weeks to	
				relocate but also reiterated	
				that if they failed to move,	
				the community might do	
				something drastic to them.	
HRAPF/PA/07/2023	12/6/2023	Beatings,		The client was outed as a	1
	, , , , , ,	insults		lesbian when a friend of her	
				partner wrote letters	
				threatening to beat her and	
				pinned them at her door as	
				well as delivering a copy to	
				her workplace. She was	
				immediately terminated	
				from employment and	
				forced to move after the	
				neighbours started insulting	
				and threatening her.	
HRAPF/PA/08/2023	12/6/2023	Beatings,		The client reported being	1
	_, _,	arrest		repeatedly taunted by	
				neighbours and threatened	
				by some youth in his	
				neighbourhood with	
				violence because of his	
				sexuality. His family has	
				sexuanty. This family has	

	ı		r	
			also threatened to have him	
			arrested if he ever tried to	
			return home.	
HRAPF/PA/09/2023	20/6/2023	Beatings	Videos of the client	1
		O	defending LGBTI persons	
			on Tik Tok reached her	
			neighbours, who had	
			C .	
			always been suspicious of	
			her sexuality. The	
			neighbours immediately	
			started harassing her and	
			threatening to have her	
			beaten if she did not move	
			because she was influencing	
			their children.	
HRAPF/PA/10/2023	12/6/2023	Arrest, torture	The client received letters	1
1110111/11/10/2020	12, 0, 2020	mico, wituic	from two people who	*
			claimed to be a lawyer and	
			a police officer respectively.	
			These individuals	
			threatened to have the	
			client arrested and kept in a	
			government 'safe house'	
			and tortured for being a	
			homosexual if he did not	
			pay them millions of	
			shillings.	
HRAPF/PA/11/2023	12/6/2023	Beatings,	The client is a lesbian	1
11KA11/1 A/11/2023	12/0/2023			1
		burning of	woman who has lived in	
		property	the same general area for	
			several years with her	
			partner (a transgender	
			man). From the beginning	
			of May 2023, they were	
			forced to host several other	
			LGBTQ friends in crisis	
			who had been evicted from	
			their own homes and, at the	
			beginning of June 2023, the	
			neighbours turned against	
			her, accusing her of	
			bringing even more	
			homosexuals into the area	
			to 'spoil their children'.	
			Eventually, the verbal	
			insults turned to written	
			threats of violence and the	
			area defence secretary	
			area deferice secretary	

	I	T	1. 10 1 1	
			himself went to her house	
			and threatened to mobilise	
			the community to beat them	
			up if they did not leave	
			immediately. He also told	
			the landlady that the local	
			authorities would not help	
			her if the village decided to	
			burn her property because	
			she had insisted on hosting	
			homosexuals, thus forcing	
			her to evict them.	
HRAPF/PA/12/2023	12/6/2023	Rape	Prior to the passing of the	1
, , , , , ,	, , , , , ,	1	AHA, the client had come	
			out to a boda boda rider in	
			her neighbourhood that she	
			considered a friend while	
			they were having a conversation about	
			homosexuality. Although	
			initially he remained kind	
			to her, he later outed her to	
			the entire boda boda stage,	
			and the other riders started	
			harassing her and	
			threatening to find and rape	
			her if she did not accept her	
			'natural role' and get	
			married to a man.	
HRAPF/PA/13/2023	5/6/2023	Arrest,	The client, a transgender	1
		lynching	woman, reported that	
			members of the local	
			council kept going to her	
			home repeatedly looking	
			for her, and that neighbours	
			were threatening to have	
			her arrested or lynched	
			because she kept bringing	
			men to have sex with her in	
			the house, thus misleading	
			their children. When we	
			inquired into the matter, the	
			area defence secretary went	
			so far as to state that he had	
			stopped the client from	
			accessing water from the	
	1	I	l	
			community tap, over which he had control, because he	

			could not stand homosexuals. He also specifically stated that if her ever saw her again, he would beat her up.	
HRAPF/PA/14/2023	10/6/2023	Beatings	Following the arrest of two gay men in his area, the client, who is a KP coordinator at a government health facility, was threatened with violence by their colleagues at work and people in the community, who said he was responsible for the actions of the two who had been arrested because he was always the one supporting them and giving them treatment.	1
HRAPF/PA/15/2023	2/6/2023	Outing, beatings	The client has been threatened by an individual who has repeatedly threatened to out the client as a homosexual and have her beaten if she did not stop seeing her current partner.	1
HRAPF/PA/16/2023	12/6/2023	Violence	The client has had long-standing conflicts with his neighbour, who has attempted to poison the client's pets (succeeding once), had his animals eat the client's plants and flowers and destroyed property of the client along the boundary line. When the client confronted him about all these issues, the neighbour instead loudly proclaimed that the client is a homosexual and that if he was not careful, he 'would regret' what would happen next.	1

HRAPF/PA/28/2023	9th June 2023	Outing, blackmail	The client was forced to flee the country and a friend of his leaked videos of him and his partner through WhatsApp, and repeatedly threatened to leak more videos if he was not paid off.	1
HRAPF/PA/32/2023	30th June 2023	Violence	A transgender woman who had been reportedly abducted and held for 8 days found upon her return that a social media campaign run by her colleagues and friends for her safe return been seen by the boda boda riders at the stage near her home, who then started taunting her and threating to teach her a lesson if she did not stop being a homosexual.	1
HRAPF/PA/35/2023	30/6/2023	Violence, eviction	A gay met a person on Facebook with whom they became friendly, and he later invited the friend to visit him at his home. However, the two had a disagreement and the friend promptly started announcing to the neighbourhood that the victim was gay, claiming that he had proof of this in his phone. Since then, the neighbours started to harass him, threatening to have the landlord and LC chairperson evict him if he did not leave peacefully. He was later evicted by the property owner.	1
HRAPF/PA/36/2023	30/6/2023	Beatings, arson	The victim is a transgender woman who has lived in the same area for several years. However, she was recently approached by the	1

			neighbours, who informed her that they would set the house on fire with her in it if she did not leave the neighbourhood.	
HRAPF/PA/42/2023	23/6/2023	Beatings	The victim in this case was approached by two unidentified individuals on her way home. They demanded her phones, asking her if she had other homosexuals in her phone, and demanded money in exchange. Before they were scared away by an approaching motorist, they warned her that they knew her home and her office and would find her.	1

b) Evictions from rented property

19 cases of evictions from rented property affecting 20 individuals were recorded by HRAPF during the first month of the enforcement of the AHA. Details of the cases are as below:

CASE CODE	DATE OPENED	PERPETRATOR	BRIEF FACTS	NUMBER OF VICTIMS
HRAPF/PA/20/2023	15/6/2023	Landlord	The client was arrested and detained at Katwe Police Station on charges of having carnal knowledge against the order of nature in April 2023 and remanded to prison. On 8th June 2023, he was granted bail, although during the bail hearing, he was outed to his parents because of the nature of charges. When he tried to return to his home, he found that he had been evicted	1

			111	1
			and his property put in	
			storage while he was in	
			custody because the	
			landlord had found out	
			that he was gay, and he	
			could not go to his	
			parents' home, having	
			been outed to them as	
			well.	
HRAPF/PA/21/2023	30/5/2023	Landlord	The clients, two gay men	2
			who share housing and	
			rental expenses, were	
			given one week's notice	
			by their landlord to	
			vacate the house because	
			he had heard from the	
			other tenants that the	
			clients were a	
LID A DE /D A /22 /2022	10/6/2022	T J1 J	homosexual couple.	1
HRAPF/PA/22/2023	19/6/2023	Landlord	J	1
			the landlord to leave his	
			rental home within a	
			week on the 16th of June	
			2023. The landlord	
			explained that he had	
			heard rumours that the	
			client was gay, and that	
			he did not want to risk	
			going to jail by	
			continuing to harbor	
			him.	
HRAPF/PA/23/2023	14/6/2023	Local council	The client was previously	1
	, 0, 2020	officials	arrested and charged	-
		Officials	with homosexuality (in	
			2022 when this was not a	
			criminal offence) and	
			arraigned, and has been	
			standing trial for this	
			since then. He received	
			criminal summons in	
			May 2023 to appear in	
			court for a hearing on the	

	T		T	
			same matter. However,	
			at the beginning of June	
			2023, he received a letter	
			from the LC chairperson	
			asking that he leave their	
			village because of reports	
			that he was a	
			homosexual and a	
			recruiter.	
HRAPF/PA/24/2023	10/6/2023	Parents	The client was released	1
			from prison at the end of	
			May 2023, where he had	
			been serving a two-	
			month sentence for a	
			nuisance offence. Once	
			he was released, he tried	
			to go back to his parents'	
			home but the	
			complainant in his case	
			went to the home and	
			explained to the parents	
			that the client was a	
			homosexual, and that he	
			had initially reported	
			him for homosexuality	
			although the case had	
			been reduced to a smaller	
			offence in court. The	
			parents accordingly	
			evicted the client from	
			their home on 2 nd June	
			2023, rendering him	
LID A DE /D 4 /25 /2000	10/6/2022		homeless.	4
HRAPF/PA/25/2023	19/6/2023		The client was forced to	1
			leave her rented	
			accommodation because	
			her landlord discovered	
			that she was a	
			transgender woman/	
			homosexual when police	
			officers who had arrested	
			and held her briefly in	

			December 2022 on	
			suspicion of being queer	
			came to her house to	
			remind her that, now	
			that the law had been	
			signed, they would be	
			coming back for her.	
HRAPF/PA/26/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	The client a leader of an	1
			LGBTQ organisation	
			started to receive	
			threatening messages	
			from unknown persons,	
			who would leave notes	
			stuck to his gate with	
			various threats of harm if	
			he continued to promote	
			homosexuality. In June	
			2023, the landlord	
			demanded that he leave	
			the premises to avoid	
			trouble with the law and	
	20161202	- 11	the general community.	
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour started asking him if	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour started asking him if people like the friend who visited him were the	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour started asking him if people like the friend	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour started asking him if people like the friend who visited him were the reason why he had no wife. The landlord	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour started asking him if people like the friend who visited him were the reason why he had no wife. The landlord informed him the very	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour started asking him if people like the friend who visited him were the reason why he had no wife. The landlord informed him the very next day that he was	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour started asking him if people like the friend who visited him were the reason why he had no wife. The landlord informed him the very next day that he was expected to leave the	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023	20/6/2023	Landlord	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour started asking him if people like the friend who visited him were the reason why he had no wife. The landlord informed him the very next day that he was expected to leave the premises by end of this	1
HRAPF/PA/27/2023 HRAPF/PA/33/2023		Landlord Local council	the general community. The client has been asked to leave his rented accommodation after he was outed as LGBTQ in his neighbourhood. This happened after he hosted a transgender friend to his home for a day, after which the neighbour started asking him if people like the friend who visited him were the reason why he had no wife. The landlord informed him the very next day that he was expected to leave the premises by end of this week (25th June 2023).	1

		authorities	leave the village where	
		adiffices	C	
			they previously stayed	
			after the LC chairperson	
			was informed by the	
			landlord that the client	
			was probably a	
			homosexual because of	
			his character and the fact	
			that he never married or	
			had any girlfriends	
			visiting, which had made	
			the neighbours curious.	
			meeting and agreed that	
			he should leave the	
			village immediately or	
			face arrest for	
			homosexuality.	
HRAPF/PA/34/2023	30/6/2023	Local council	The client was evicted	1
		authorities,	from his home area	
		landlord	following a disagreement	
			with a neighbour relating	
			to his sexuality. The two	
			had a verbal altercation	
			after which the	
			neighbour physically	
			assaulted him, causing	
			the client to report the	
			-	
			matter to the police and	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the neighbour reported to	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the neighbour reported to the landlord and LC	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the neighbour reported to the landlord and LC leadership that the client	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the neighbour reported to the landlord and LC leadership that the client was a homosexual, and	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the neighbour reported to the landlord and LC leadership that the client was a homosexual, and demanded that he be	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the neighbour reported to the landlord and LC leadership that the client was a homosexual, and	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the neighbour reported to the landlord and LC leadership that the client was a homosexual, and demanded that he be	
			matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the neighbour reported to the landlord and LC leadership that the client was a homosexual, and demanded that he be evicted, which both the	
HRAPF/PA/37/2023	27 th June	Landlord and	matter to the police and have him arrested. The matter was resolved through mediation but after this incident, the neighbour reported to the landlord and LC leadership that the client was a homosexual, and demanded that he be evicted, which both the chairperson and landlord	1

	2023	neighbours	subtle violence designed	
			to force him to leave his	
			rented accommodation	
			without actually evicting	
			him. The client's	
			neighbour, who also	
			happens to be his	
			landlord's brother,	
			started to suspect that	
			the client was gay in	
			February 2023, and	
			confronted the client,	
			·	
			who denied it. However,	
			in March 2023, the	
			client's power was	
			disconnected by the	
			landlord, who then	
			refused to reconnect the	
			power despite repeated	
			requests from the client.	
			The client's water supply	
			was then cut off in May	
			2023 and in June 2023,	
			the landlord informed	
			him that he was	
			increasing the rent by	
			50%. When he checked	
			with his other	
			neighbours, he found	
			that their rent had not	
			been increased at all, and	
			they all had a steady	
			supply of water and	
			electricity. This case was	
			reported on the vide case	
			code	
HRAPF/PA/39/2023	26/6/2023	Landlord	The client had an	1
			argument with his	
			partner which was heard	
			by the neighbours. They	
			immediately called the	

HRAPF/PA/40/2023	26/6/2023	Local council	landlord to inform him that the client and his partner were homosexuals, and less than two hours after that the landlord showed up with an eviction notice, demanding that the client leave his house with immediate effect. Efforts to mediate the matter were fruitless, with the landlord offering to give the client only one week to leave the premises. The client received a	1
FIKAPF/PA/40/2023	26/6/2023	authorities	notice from the LC chairperson stating that the council had had a meeting and agreed unanimously that she leave the village immediately because of her homosexuality. Efforts were made to mediate the matter by speaking to the chairperson but he simply insisted that if she was not gone within the week, the council could not offer her any protection against mob violence.	
HRAPF/PA/41/2023	23/6/2023	Landlord	The client was evicted from the rented accommodation when the landlord heard rumours from the neighbours that he was really a woman who	1

			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
			dresses and behaves like	
			a man, and therefore a	
			homosexual, and not a	
			man as the landlord had	
			initially thought. The	
			landlord threw him out	
			with immediate effect,	
			forcing him to leave	
			without his properties	
			and stay with a friend.	
HRAPF/PA/43/2023	23/6/2023	Landlord	In this case, a	1
1110111/11/45/2025	23/0/2023	Landiord	transgender woman was	1
			forced to leave her rented	
			accommodation after the	
			neighbours witnessed	
			her kissing her boyfriend	
			at the entrance to their	
			house one night after an	
			outing. The neighbours	
			complained to the	
			landlord and insisted	
			that they would move	
			out the rented premises if	
			she was not kicked out,	
			and the landlord	
			responded by	
			demanding that she	
			move out immediately.	
HRAPF/PA/44/2023	21/6/2023	Landlord	The client had a heated	1
111XA1171 A / 44 / 2023	21/0/2023	Landiord		1
			verbal exchange with his	
			partner in the course of	
			which the neighbours	
			were able to surmise that	
			the two were lovers.	
			They immediately	
			informed the landlord,	
			who called the client and	
			demanded that he leaves	
			the house within a week	
			to avoid being arrested.	
HRAPF/PA/45/2023	28/6/2023	Clan elders	The client was evicted	1
			from her village by her	
	l		0 1	

			clan elders. This	1
			happened less than a	
			week after she was	
			released from prison	
			where she had been held	
			on charges of	
			prostitution, although	
			the arrest itself was	
			accompanied by rumours	
			that she is a lesbian.	
			These rumours had been	
			heard by her family, and	
			the clan held a meeting	
			while she was in custody	
			resulting in her eviction	
			from the village and	
			ousting from the family	
			unit.	
LID A DE /D A /49 /2022	20.76.72022	Landland / Lagal	The client is an intersex	1
HRAPF/PA/48/2023	29/6/2023	Landlord/ Local		I
		council	woman whose arrest for	
		authorities	'unnatural offences' was	
			widely publicised in the	
			media. After she was	
			released on police bond,	
			she went back home,	
			only to be informed by	
			her landlord that she had	
			to leave the house	
			immediately, and by the	
			LC Chairperson to leave	
			the village altogether.	
HRAPF/PA/49/2023	23/6/2023	Landlord, Local	The victim in this case is	1
, , , , , ,	, ,	council	a transgender woman	
		authorities	was arrested in 2021 for	
			homosexuality and the	
			matter publicised all over	
			the news. Recently, a	
			video of her resurfaced	
			and her neighbours	
			showed it to her	
			landlord, who reported	
			her to the police. She was	

summoned to explain	
herself and, although she	
was not charged, both	
the landlord and the LC	
chairperson, who were	
present, insisted that she	
leave their village	
immediately.	

c) Cases of arrest of LGBTIQ persons

There have been four cases of arrests of LGBTIQ persons based on their sexual orientation/gender identity in the first 31 days of enforcement of the AHA, affecting 7 individuals. The cases of arrests are as below:

CASE CODE	DATE	CHARGE	BRIEF FACTS	NUMBER
	REPORTED			OF
				VICTIMS
HRAPF/PA/17/2023	30/05/ 2023	Unnatural offences under section 145 of the Penal Code	A female-identifying intersex person was arrested in a brothel where she was with another woman. In her possession were two sex toys and, even if the two were not actually found sex, the intersex woman was arrested and charged with unnatural offences under the Penal Code Act, and the matter was spread on social media by the police authorities.	1
HRAPF/PA/18/2023	07/06/2023	Homosexuality under section 2 of the Anti- Homosexuality Act, 2023 and Trafficking in Persons Act	The client was arrested on allegations that he had engaged in sexual relations with a young man, and he was later arraigned before court on charges of homosexuality and aggravated trafficking in persons. The arrest was widely publicised both by the police	1

HRAPF/PA/19/2023		Homosexuality under section 2 of the AHA	authorities and media houses that picked up the story. Two persons who used to live together were arrested on suspicion that they were sexual partners and were taken to the police station. They were arrested after their landlord went to the police station and reported that they were homosexuals.	
HRAPF/PA/38/2023	29/6/2023	Promotion of homosexuality under section 11 of the Anti-Homosexuality Act and child grooming under section 8 of the AHA	people living at an crisis shelter were arrested and detained for two days on charges of	3

4. Comparison with the month following the Bill's passing by Parliament

During the period of 31 days immediately preceding the coming into force of the Act (29th April 2023 to 28th May 2023), HRAPF received and handled a total of 50 cases across the legal aid network, and 37 of these (35%) involved actions that directly targeted LGBTQ people on the basis of their sexuality, affecting 39 persons. Of these cases, 22 cases involved violence, 8

involved evictions from rented property, 6 were cases of arrest on sexuality-based charges and 1 case involved denial of inheritance .

This comparison shows an increase in the number of cases in the 31 days period when the Act came into force compared to the 31 day period before it did. The number of cases involving violence and violations increased from 37 to 46, an increase of 24.3%. The cases of violence increased from 22 to 23 (4.5% increase), while those of evictions increased from 8 to 19 (137.5% increase) and but the cases of arrest reduced from 6 to 4 (33.3% decrease).

This shows that the trend of violence and evictions continues to rise although arrests are reducing – showing that more non state actors are involving in violence and violations than state actors, after the Act came into force.

5. Comparison with the period from 30th May 2022 to 30th June 2022

In the same period during the year 2022, HRAPF recorded far fewer cases. A total of 36 cases were handled and of these, only 15 cases involved actions that targeted individuals on the basis of their real or presumed SOGIE (41.6%). This is a 206.6% increase in number of cases involving violence against persons based on their real or presumed SOGIE ,which shows the impact of the AHA on cases of SOGIE-based violence and violations.

Of these 15 cases, 7 cases involved real or threatened violence compared to 23 in 2023; 6 cases were of arrests compared to 4 in 2023; and 2 cases were of evictions compared to 19 in 2023. The percentage increase in the number of cases of violence is 228.5%, that in cases of evictions is 850% while that in arrests reduced by 33.3%.

This shows a drastic increase in cases of violence and evictions, but a reduction is cases of arrests, which has also become a noticeable trend since the Bill was first passed by Parliament.

6. Conclusion

This data demonstrates the continuing impact of the AHA on the lives and livelihood of LGBTQ people, with the law already being enforced by the police authorities, the local council authorities, the courts and even the general population. The statistics show a clear connection between the enactment of the AHA and the cases involving violence and violations against human rights of persons on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity. What is notable is that there are charges being preferred under the Anti-Homosexuality Act with two charges for homosexuality and 3 for promotion of homosexuality and child grooming in the first month of the law. The Act is thus being enforced by non state actors and state actors.