Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

| Bilagsnr.: | 884 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Land: | Libanon |
| Kilde: | UNRWA |
| Titel: | Where we work - Lebanon |
| Udgivet: | Februar 2025 |
| Optaget på baggrundsmaterialet: | 22. juli 2025 |
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Where We Work

As of February 2025, the total number of UNRWA registered Palestine Refugees in Lebanon is just under 500,000 persons. However, registration with UNRWA is voluntary; deaths as well as emigration remain often unreported, and refugees can continue registering newborns as they move abroad through the UNRWA online registration system. As of February 2025, the UNRWA Lebanon Field Office reported a total of 222,000 Palestinians residing in Lebanon, including 195,000 Palestinians from Lebanon and 27,000 Palestinians from Syria. The Agency's current estimate is that about 248,000 Palestine Refugees and their family members access UNRWA services in Lebanon. A total of 45 per cent of Palestine Refugees are estimated to live in the country's 12 refugee camps.

Poverty rates among Palestine Refugees are high with 80 per cent reported to be living below the national poverty line (adjusted for inflation) as of March 2023. Data modelling confirmed that without the distribution of quarterly cash assistance (at a total value of US\$ 18 million in two rounds since December 2022), poverty would stand at 93 per cent. The very high rates of poverty among Palestine Refugees are a result of decades of structural discrimination related to employment opportunities and denial of the right to own property in Lebanon, compounded by the most recent economic, fiscal and monetary crisis in the host country. This affects now the fourth generation of Palestine Refugees in Lebanon that are unable to accumulate and preserve wealth generated and to enter middle class income categories apart from UNRWA employment opportunities. In this context, UNRWA has more than ever become the main reference for humanitarian assistance and basic services for Palestine Refugees. The top priorities voiced by the refugee community are cash assistance and hospitalization coverage.

Despite the support provided by UNRWA, Palestine refugees are facing significant challenges in covering their share of the hospitalization costs. They are no longer able to cover their cost shares. UNRWA does not currently have the resources to fully cover the health needs of the Palestine Refugees. As of March 2023, 30 per cent of total household expenditures was reportedly spent on food alone.

The denial of the right to work in main professions organized by professional syndicates, and the denial to own immovable property as Palestine Refugees live in Lebanon in 4th and 5th generation, leave them without ability to generate and accumulate wealth through ownership and inheritance. They could be much better contributing to the stability and prosperity of their host country otherwise.

The lack of governance in Palestine Refugee camps and the absence of a judicial and law enforcement system, as well as a stalled judicial system in the host country, contribute to an increase in protection risks that remain unattended. Levels of violence against children and gender-based violence are reported to be high, but individuals are often reluctant to seek support due to stigma and fears around lack of confidentiality and reprisals.

Last updated February 2025.