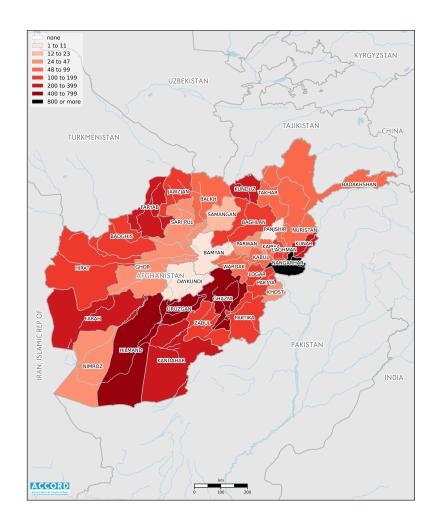
Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

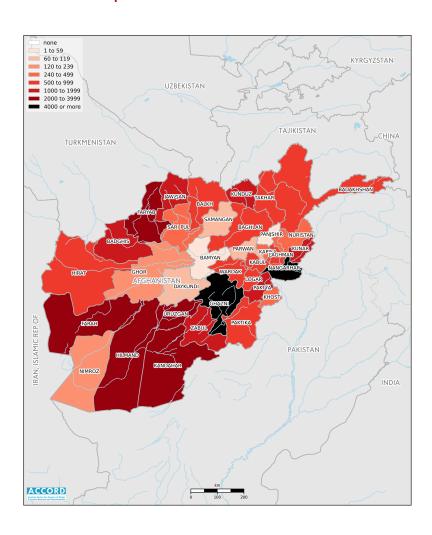
Bilagsnr.:	1043
Land:	Afghanistan
Kilde:	Austrian Centre for Country of Origin and Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD)
Titel:	Afghanistan, Year 2018: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED)
Udgivet:	26. februar 2020
Optaget på baggrundsmaterialet:	13. maj 2020

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, November 2015b; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015a; Kashmir border status: CIA, 2004; geodata of disputed borders: GADM, November 2015b; Natural Earth, undated; incident data: ACLED, 22 February 2020; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

Contents

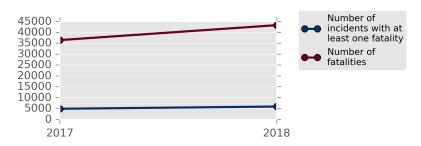
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
Conflict incidents by category	2
Development of conflict incidents from 2017 to 2018	2
Methodology	3
Conflict incidents per province	4
Localization of conflict incidents	4
Disclaimer	9

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Battles	9549	4140	31748
Explosions / Remote violence	3770	1532	10860
Violence against civilians	332	133	369
Strategic developments	263	65	272
Protests	216	2	20
Riots	10	4	5
Total	14140	5876	43274

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 22 February 2020).

Development of conflict incidents from 2017 to 2018



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 22 February 2020).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Afghanistan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED's additional methodological papers for Afghanistan: ACLED, 16 December 2019a, ACLED, 19 December 2019b

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and

GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019a https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/ General-User-Guide FINAL.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Badakhshan	178	83	672
Badghis	387	133	1016
Baghlan	279	105	850
Balkh	321	95	742
Bamyan	10	3	5
Daykundi	26	11	85
Farah	643	333	3271
Faryab	721	332	2561
Ghazni	1259	610	6068
Ghor	135	44	235
Hilmand	1600	591	3375
Hirat	394	169	896
Jawzjan	182	111	1085
Kabul	349	78	788
Kandahar	762	270	2324
Kapisa	182	64	434
Khost	323	44	291
Kunar	552	207	1137
Kunduz	377	201	1543
Laghman	305	121	586

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Logar	490	108	609
Nangarhar	1513	978	6120
Nimroz	159	44	212
Nuristan	107	49	289
Paktika	329	129	873
Paktya	470	141	1168
Panjshir	5	2	6
Parwan	139	26	73
Samangan	43	14	91
Sari Pul	100	45	411
Takhar	180	81	526
Uruzgan	655	406	3014
Wardak	455	96	887
Zabul	510	152	1031

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Badakhshan, 178 incidents killing 672 people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: Arghanj Khwa, Argo, Baharak, Chakaran, Darayim, Farman Qoli, Fayzabad, Ishkashim, Jurm, Keran wa Menjan, Khash, Kohistan, Mashhad, Nusay, Qaleh-ye Kuf, Shahr-e Buzurg, Shuhada, Such, Tishkan, Warduj, Yabab, Yaftali Sufla, Zebak, Ziraki.

In Badghis, 387 incidents killing 1016 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ab-e Garmak, Akazai, Band-e Sabzak, Chashmah-ye Shirin, Darah-ye Bum, Deh-e Garm, Gharchahghay, Gormach, Gulchin, Jangalak, Jawand, Jowaliq, Jowkar, Joy-e Khwajah, Khairkhanah, Kochah-ye Zard, Laman, Langar, Muqur, Murghab, Murichaq, Nurzai, Qadis, Qala I Naw, Qala i Naw, Sang Atesh, Shahr-e Arman, Taraki.

In Baghlan, 279 incidents killing 850 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Baghlani Jadid, Burka, Chaharshambah Tepah, Chashmah-ye Sher, Dahana i Ghuri, Dushi, Guzargahi Nur, Khalah Zai, Khinjan, Khwajah Alwan, Nahrin, Pul-e Khumri, Salang-e Shamali, Shahabuddin, Sharshar, Tala Wa Barfak, Tala wa Barfak.

In Balkh, 321 incidents killing 742 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aliabad, Aq Tapah, Arab Mazari, Arzan Kar, Asia ye Gurg, Balkh, Bargah, Bist Paikal, Chahi, Charbolak, Chimtal, Dawlat Abad, Imam Sahib, Jar Qalah, Kaldar, Khwajah Rushnayi, Kishindih, Koh Alberz, Labak, Mazar-e Sharif, Nahri Shahi, Qul Taq, Sabzi Kar, Salbarun, Shash Paikal, Sholgara, Shortepa, Taghan Ariq, Zari.

In Bamyan, 10 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bamyan, Kahmard, Shibar.

In Daykundi, 26 incidents killing 85 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kajran, Kiti, Koh-e Kukhor Mountain, Minare Pay, Nili, Pato, Sangah Shaykh, Shahristan, Sowf.

In Farah, 643 incidents killing 3271 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Anar Dara, Arifabad, Bala Buluk, Bulandeh, Chahar Burjak, Chaplati, Dehyak-e Kalan, Farah, Farah Airport, Farah Rod, Ganjabad, Ganjgin, Ginakan, Girani, Gulistan, Gurgak, Kal Qalah, Kamarak-e Pain, Kanisk, Karez-e Shaykhha, Khak-e Safid, Lash wa Juwayn, Masaw, Mula Aman, Nal Dasht, Pashmikeh, Pur Chaman, Pusht Koh, Pusht Rod, Qala i Kah, Rabat-e Pain, Raj, Regi, Shahr-e Kuhnah, Shamal Gah, Shewan, Shib Koh, Siah Jangal, Sowr, Suji, Sultan Bakwa, Sur, Takh-e Nalak, Takh-e Sirak, Zikin.

In Faryab, 721 incidents killing 2561 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ab Barik, Almar, Andkhoy, Aqsay Arab, Archatu, Arkalik, Bai Mughali, Bazar Qalah, Bilchiragh, Chaghatak, Chahar Shanbah, Chahar Shangho, Chahar Tut, Chaqmaq, Charmgar Khanah, Chaychaktu, Chilgazi, Dawlat Abad, Divana Khana, Fayzabad, Gadai Qala, Gandab, Ghulbian, Ghuri, Gormach, Gorzad, Gul Darah, Gurziwan, Islam Qala, Jar Qalah, Jilgildah, Juma Bazar, Kamangar, Katah Qalah, Khairabad, Khawajah Tibchaq, Khwaja Sabz Posh, Khwajah Qushuri, Khwajah Tibchaq, Koh-e Sayyad, Kosa Qala, Kotal-e Shirinak, Kowlian, Kusah Qalah, Maymana, Narin, Nughayli Pa'in, Pashtun Kot, Qala, Qarah Shaykhi, Qaramqol, Qaysar, Qizil Kotal, Quraish, Qurghan, Rahi, Sang-e Zard, Sar-e Howz, Sara i Qala, Shah Qasimi, Shirin Tagab, Shu Bakhtu, Tah-ye Jam, Tash Adir, Tash Qalah Ghan, Toghlah Mast, Top Khanah Qalah, Turt Kul, Yakah Tut, Yangi Qalah, Yangi Shaghasi, Yangi Tashqul, Zarshoy.

In Ghazni, 1259 incidents killing 6068 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ab Band, Alam Khel, Amin Kala, Arzu, Atak, Atul, Badwan, Chaghari, Chahar Dewali, Chahar Dewar-e Mulla Ali, Charale, Dado, Dehak, Gadakhel, Gelan, Ghazni, Ghojan, Gungay, Izat Kala, Izat Qala, Jaghuri, Jamal, Jeghatoo, Kamal Khel, Khalo Khel-e Ulya, Khugiani, Khumar Khel, Khwaja Umari, Laghah Wat, Laghari, Lolah, Maidanak, Malistan, Miray, Mungor, Muqur, Muraday, Mushakai, Nani,

Nawa, Nawur, Nazar Khan Kelay, Pana, Qalah-ye Khumari, Qalah-ye Qazi, Qara Baghi, Qarabagh, Rabat, Rahman Qalah, Ramak, Rashidan, Sadozai, Sahib Zadah Kala, Salam Gudale, Sangar, Shah Gul Khel, Shalez, Sherabad, Shinkay, Spindi Ulya, Sultan Bagh, Waghaz, Zarak.

In Ghor, 135 incidents killing 235 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Chaghcharan, Delak, Du Layna, Karez, Khowajgan, Lal, Mang, Pasaband, Pay-e Oshan, Qal-e Zubayd, Saghar, Shahrak, Taywara, Tulak.

In Hilmand, 1600 incidents killing 3375 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: AB Pashak Mandeh, Ab Pashak Mandeh, Ainak, Anizo Kelay, Aynak, Babaji, Baghran, Bahram Chah, Bashran Mandeh, Bolan, Chah Anjir, Dagian, Deh Adam Khan, Deh-e Adam Khan, Dishu, Garmsir, Gimak, Girishk, Gorgi, Haidarabad, Haji Abdul Karim, Kajaki, Karez, Keshmesh Khan, Khanashin, Kharki, Khushk Awah, Khushrabad, Lakhshak Kelay, Lashkargah, Lowy Manda, Loy Bagh, Malgir, Marja, Mir Mandaw, Mukhtar Kala, Musa Qala, Nad-e Ali, Naqilabad Kelay, Naray Manda, Nawa-e Barakzayi, Nawzad, Popalzai, Qari Sahib Kelay, Safar Kelay, Safiyan, Saidan, Sangilan, Sangin, Sarband-e Shamalan Kelay, Sarkar, Shadi Khan Shakh, Shorakay, Sorkh Doz, Surshakh, Torah Shah Ghundey, Washir, Yakhchal, Yaklang, Zarghun Kalay.

In Hirat, 394 incidents killing 896 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Adraskan, Azizabad, Chishti Sharif, Daghabad, Deh Now, Farsi, Ghoryan, Gulran, Guzara, Herat, Injil, Islam Qalah, Joy-e Ghazi, Kamar Zard, Karez-e Ilyas, Karukh, Khalifah Rahmat, Kohsan, Kushki Kuhna, Mulla Isfanj, Obe, Pashtun Zarghun, Pir-e Surkh, Qaryah-ye Mir Haidar, Rabat-e Sangi-ye Pain, Rubatak, Sar Pul, Shindand, Shindand Airfield, Shor Ab, Turk Abad, Zamanabad, Ziarat-e Khwajah Orya, Zinda Jan.

In Jawzjan, 182 incidents killing 1085 people were reported. The following

locations were among the affected: Aqcha, Chakish, Chaqmah Chuqur, Darzab, Deenar, Fayzabad, Gurjak, Khamyab, Khaniqa, Khwaja Du Koh, Kushkah, Mardyan, Mingajik, Moghul, Qarqin, Qush Tepa, Sar Darah, Shaykhabad, Shibirghan.

In Kabul, 349 incidents killing 788 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Arghandih-e Pain, Bagrami, Beni Hisar, Chahar Asyab, Dar-ul Aman, Deh-e Punbah, Gogamundah, Guldara, Hamid Karzai International Airport, Kabul, Khak-e Jabbar, Kotahgay, Mussahi, Paghman, Qalah-ye Noman, Qarabagh, Qarghah, Shakardara, Surobi, Tarakhel, Wazir Akbar Khan.

In Kandahar, 762 incidents killing 2324 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Akhtar Khelo Kelay, Almesh, Arghandab, Arghistan, Arogh, Badi Karez, Bagh Khalil, Bala Zhar, Band Temur, Bayab Banak, Bazar-e Panjvai, Bolan, Chashmah, Chinar, Daman, Darwayshan, Du Khanah, Duab, Ghorak, Howz-e Madad, Kajur, Kandahar, Kandahar Air Base, Karam Karez, Karez-e Salim, Karz, Khak Chopan, Khakrez, Lakaray, Loy Karez, Mandozai, Manu, Maruf, Maywand, Miyanishin, Muhammad Ya'qub Kalachah, Mulla Abdullah Karez, Mundigak, Mushan, Nagahan, Naish, Narghal, Pasab, Qasimzi, Reg, Sang Bur, Sangi Sar, Shah Wali Kot, Shalghami, Shorabak, Spin Boldak, Sreh Chahan, Takhtah Pul, Talukan, Tanachoy, Tor Kotal, Tsapoza'i, Usman Khel, Zamto Nawah Valley, Zangitan, Zhari.

In Kapisa, 182 incidents killing 434 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Afghanyah, Alasay, Durnamah, Fayrozahi, Hajjikheyl, Kesektan, Mahmud-e-Raqi, Nawrozkhel, Nijrab, Qalah-ye Salih, Qazian, Sherkhel, Tagab, Wali Khel.

In **Khost**, 323 incidents killing 291 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Alisher**, **Babrak Tana**, **Bak**, **Dadwal**, **Dwah Mande**,

Jaji Maydan, Khost, Lalmay, Musa Khel, Nadir Shah Kot, Qalandar, Sekhamir Kalay, Sevikan, Spera, Yakubi, Zorkot.

In Kunar, 552 incidents killing 1137 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Anchagal Khune, Asadabad, Ashnafar, Asmar, Badel, Barawulo Kelay, Batash, Chapa Dara, Chawkay, Chowam, Dangam, Dara i Pech, Ghaziabad, Hazar Bagh, Khas Kunar, Kuz Narang, Manogi, Marawara, Mulkanah, Nangal, Nari, Nurgal, Qandaro, Qoru, Seray, Shah Masir Kelay, Shaigal Aw Shiltan, Sholit Naw, Sirkanay, Wata Pur, Wech Naw.

In Kunduz, 377 incidents killing 1543 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ali Abad, Alifberdi, Aq Tapa, Aqtash, Archi, Chahar Sari, Chahar Tut, Chardara, Daftani, Du Wandi, Gortapa, Imam Sahib, Ishkili, Joy-e-Begum, Jukanah, Khan Abad, Khwajah Pistah, Kunduz, Qalay i Zal, Qarlugh, Qerghiz, Sakhsah Kol, Saleh Abad, Sherkhan Bandar, Talowkah, Tarbuz Guzar.

In Laghman, 305 incidents killing 586 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Alingar, Alishing, Badayabad, Bisram, Dakar Kala, Dawlat Shah, Gula Khel, Kisar Dakah, Kokhi, Kundahgal, Lalkhanabad, Maidani, Mehtar Lam, Najil, Nurah Lam, Qalatak, Qasabah, Salingar.

In Logar, 490 incidents killing 609 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abchakan, Abparan, Ahmadak, Alozi, Azra, Babus, Baraki Barak, Charkh, Cheheltan, Darya Khan, Deh-e Shaykh, Ghazni Khel, Hesarak, Karez-e Azizi, Kharwar, Khoshi, Khwajah Angur, Mohammad Agha, Pad Khwab-e Shanah, Pul-e Qandahari, Puli Alam, Qalah-ye Now, Safed Sang, Shulak, Surkh Ab, US Forward Operating Base Shank, Waghjan, Zarghun Shahr.

In Nangarhar, 1513 incidents killing 6120 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ador, Ali Khel, Ambarkhanah, Angur Kala, Bagh-e Bawlay, Baghdara, Bandar Darah, Barikab, Bati Kot, Behsud, Chahar Bagh, Chahar Deh, Chahar Tut, Chaparhar, Chihil Gazi, Dag-e Ghulam Khan, Dara i Nur, Dih Bala, Duaw, Dur Baba, Fatehabad, Gerdai, Ghani Khel, Goshta, Gulai, Gurguray, Hisarak, Jalalabad, Kaga, Kama, Kandibagh, Kot, Kuz Biyar, Lal Pur, Mar Koh, Marki Khel, Merkikhel, Milaw, Mohmand, Mohmand Dara, Mya Sahib, Nari Obha, Nazyan, Nukur Khel, Oghz, Pachir Wa Agam, Papin, Patiray, Qalah-ye Muqam Khan, Qayyum Khel, Ragha Kalay, Rodat, Sabar, Saperi, Saracha, Shabi, Shaykh Misri, Sherzad, Shewa, Shinwar, Siyah Chob, Siyahban, Spinah Zhay, Sra Kala, Sultanpur, Sur Dag, Takhto Kelay, Tangi, Torah Borah, Torkani, Torkham, Tutu, Wazir, Weche Zhawere Khulah, Wiyaleh, Zawa, Zawah Khugyani.

In Nimroz, 159 incidents killing 212 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Chah Mowla, Chahar Burjak, Chakhansur, Dano, Delaram, Kang, Khash, Kotalak, Kuchnay Razi, Munar, Shishabah, Zaranj.

In Nuristan, 107 incidents killing 289 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Barg-e Matal, Du Ab, Kamdesh, Nurgaram, Parun, Wama, Waygal.

In Paktika, 329 incidents killing 873 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ateh Khune, Barmal, Gayan, Gomal, Hasti, Jani Khel, Khoshamand, Margha, Mata Khan, Nika, Omna, Sar Hawza, Sarobi, Sharan, Shor Kachah, Terwa, Urgun, Waza Khwa, Wersek, Wor Mamay, Yahya Khel, Yosuf Khel, Zarghun Shahr, Zawakah, Ziruk.

In Paktya, 470 incidents killing 1168 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ahmadabad, Almagay, Azad Khan Khel, Chamkani, Chowni, Dand Wa Patan, Dowlat Zai, Gardez, Ibrahim Khel, Jaji,

Jani Khail, Kosin, Laja Mangal, Lazha Ahmad Khel, Melan, Michalghu, Mirzaka, Nayk Nam Kelay, Ruqian, Sahak, Sayed Karam, Shaykhan, Shepolah, Shwak, Surkai, Zadran, Zurmat.

In **Panjshir**, **5** incidents killing **6** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bazarak**, **Darah**.

In Parwan, 139 incidents killing 73 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bagram, Charikar, Ghorband, Jabal Saraj, Kohi Safi, Salang, Shekh Ali, Shinwari.

In Samangan, 43 incidents killing 91 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Dara i Sufi Payan, Hazrat-e Sultan, Khuram Wa Sarbagh, Qa'lah, Qadam Ali, Ruyi Du Ab, Samangan, Zeraki.

In Sari Pul, 100 incidents killing 411 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Balghali, Balkhab, Gosfandi, Kohistanat, Masjid-e Sabz, Mirza Wulang, Qaflatun, Qarah Khawal, Sar-e Pol, Sayyad, Shah Tut, Sozma Qala, Tal Bulaq, Tukzar.

In Takhar, 180 incidents killing 526 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aikhanom, Baharak, Bangi, Chah Ab, Darah-ye Kalan, Darqad, Dashti Qala, Deh-e Mursalan, Ishkamish, Khwaja Baha Wuddin, Khwaja Ghar, Namak Ab, Rustaq, Taloqan, Yangi Qala.

In Uruzgan, 655 incidents killing 3014 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Balagh, Chahar Asyab, Chora, Dasht-e Zartale, Deh Rahwod, Garm Ab, Gizab, Hazaragay, Khan Agha, Khas Urozgan, Khas Uruzgan, Kotwal, Lublan, Lwar Owshay, Mirabad, Naychin, Qalah-ye Ragh, Rijwani, Safed Khar-e Gharbi, Sari, Shah Mansur, Shahidi Hassas, Talani, Tarinkot, Yak Lingah, Zar Tale Ghar.

In Wardak, 455 incidents killing 887 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ambo Khak, Azad Khel, Chaki Wardak, Daymirdad, Duranay, Haft Asya, Hamzakhail, Ismail Khel, Jaghatu, Jalrez, Kan-e Ezzat, Maidan Shar, Mangali, Markazi Bihsud, Patang Chinah, Salar, Saydabad, Shaykhabad, Sultan Khel.

In Zabul, 510 incidents killing 1031 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Arghandab, Atghar, Bagh, Bao Kala, Baylogh, Daychopan, Hazar Khel, Khakiran, Khar Joy, Khar joy, Khwajah Baba, Kuchnay Shor, Loy Khakah, Loy Shor, Mizan, Muhammad Khelo Kelay, Mukrak, Musa Khel, Musa Khel Kelay, Naw Bahar, Nowkhez, Nowrak, Qalat, Qaleh-ye Rashid, Shah Hasan Khel, Shah Joy, Shahr-e Safa, Shamulzayi, Shanakhtgay, Shinkay, Spin Ghbargah, Surkh Sang, Tarnak Wa Jaldak, Tazi, Zafar Khel.

Sources

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Conflict in Afghanistan, 16 December 2019a
 https://www.acleddata.com/download/13399/
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: The World according to the Taliban: New Data on Afghanistan, 19 December 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/2019/12/19/the-world-according-to-thetaliban-new-data-on-afghanistan/
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Central Asia & the Caucasus (Data through 22 February 2020), 22 February 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/16865/
- CIA U. S. Central Intelligence Agency: Kashmir Region 2004, 2004 https://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/470_1281378979_kashmir-region-2004.jpg
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: DZA_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015a
 http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/shp/AFG_adm.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm28_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015b http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28_levels.shp.zip
- Natural Earth: Admin 0 Breakaway, Disputed Areas, Version 3.1.0, undated http://www.naturalearthdata.com/http//www.naturalearthdata.com/ download/10m/cultural/ne 10m admin 0 disputed areas.zip

- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660
 http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Afghanistan, year 2018: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 26 February 2020