## Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

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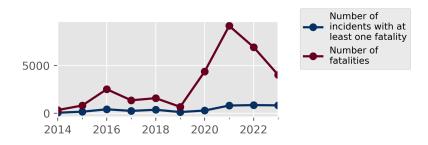
Due to changes in administrative divisions in November 2021 that are not yet reflected in GADM map data, no maps are available.

### Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Battles	808	424	2385
Violence against civilians	473	334	1170
Strategic developments	197	1	3
Protests	149	12	28
Explosions / Remote violence	61	39	379
Riots	58	17	48
Total	1746	827	4013

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 29 March 2024).

### Development of conflict incidents from 2014 to 2023



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 29 March 2024).

#### Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Ethiopia being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED's additional methodological paper for Ethiopia: ACLED, February 2020

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and

GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project Codebook, 2023a https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/dlm\_uploads/ 2023/06/ACLED\_Codebook\_2023.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, January 2023b https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/ FAQs-ACLED-Fatality-Methodology\_2023.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Quick Guide to ACLED Data, March 2023c
   https://acleddata.com/resources/quick-guide-to-acled-data/

### Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Addis Abeba	49	6	11
Afar	34	8	27
Amhara	694	300	1754
Benshangul-Gumaz	22	14	58
Central Ethiopia	52	20	73
Gambela Peoples	56	38	240
Harari People	2	1	1
Oromia	704	407	1720
Somali	15	9	64
South Ethiopia Region	32	15	40
South West	3	1	1
Southern Nations,			
Nationalities and	10	0	0
Peoples			
Tigray	73	8	24

#### Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are

taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Addis Abeba, 49 incidents killing 11 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Addis Ababa, Addis Ketema, Akaki Kality, Bole, ENDF headquarters, Ferensay Gurara, Kazanchis, Kolfe Keranio, Kolfe Keranio 07, Kotobe, Menelik-II Square, Mesqel Square, Nifas Silk-Lafto, Prime Minister Office, Simen Hotel.

In Afar, 34 incidents killing 27 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Argobba, Awash, Berahle, Gadamaitu, Gewane, Hadale Ela, Herto Bouri, Semera, Wesen Kurkur.

In Amhara, 694 incidents killing 1754 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abay River Bridge, Abscia, Addis Alem, Addis Zemen, Adet, Agiret, Akesta, Alem Ber, Amanuel, Amara Sayint, Amba Giorgis, Ambala, Ambassel, Ankober, Aradom, Arb Gebeya 1, Arefa Medihanialem, Arertu, Ataye, Ataye Town, Ayna, Bahir Dar, Bate Ardaga, Bati, Belago, Belessa, Berehet, Bichena, Bistima, Bugna, Bure, Chefa Robit, Chibachibasa, Chire, Chuahit, Dabat, Dangila, Dangur, Debark, Debre Birhan, Debre Elias, Debre Markos, Debre Sina, Debre Tabor, Debre Werk, Dega Damot, Degolo, Dejen, Dembecha, Densa, Dessie, Digo Tsion, Dikul Kana, Durbete, Enewari, Feres Bet, Filakit, Finjit, Finote Selam, Fogera, Gashena, Gebeze Mariam, Gemza, Gindewoin, Gishen, Gobiye, Gomen Amba, Gonder, Habru, Haro, Hayk, Hurufa, Ibnat, Injibara, Irin, Istayish, Jewaha, Jiga, Kalim, Kemise, Kewet, Kilaj, Kobo, Kobo Robit, Kobo Zuria, Kola Diba town, Kombolcha, Kuch, Kumer, Kwarit, Lalibela, Lemi, Lencha, Liben, Licha Arida, Lumame, Mahidere Selam, Majete, Maksegnit town, Mankusa, Mega, Mehal Meda, Mekane Selam, Mekane Yesus, Mekdela, Mekoy, Mer Awi, Merhabete, Mersa, Meshenti, Mesino Hagere Mariam, Metema, Meteteh Bila, Mezezo, Mida, Minjar, Motta, Muja, Nirak, Quara, Rama, Rema, Sanka, Sekota, Senbete, Seraba, Sheno, Shewa Robit, Shinfa, Sirinka, Tilili, Tis Abay, Wegeltena, Weldiya, Wereta, Weyn Wuha, Wichale, Wirgesa, Yefaq, Yejube,

Yelam Gej, Zigem, Zinanfe, Zobel Mountains.

In Benshangul-Gumaz, 22 incidents killing 58 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Asosa, Barbara, Belo Jiganfoy, Bilidigilu, Bulen, Daleti, Dibate, Genete Mariam, Gilgel Belles, Kirmuk, Manbuk, Mandura.

In Central Ethiopia, 52 incidents killing 73 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Alaba, Bue, Dida Midore, Dugda Goro, Durame, Gimbicho, Gunchire, Hosaena, Inseno, Kibet, Koshe, Meskan, Shone, Sodo, Suten, Welkite, Worabe.

In Gambela Peoples, 56 incidents killing 240 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abobo, Abol, Achuwa, Akedo, Akura, Dimma, Gambella, Gogo, Goshene, Itang, Kuwerneng town, Metar, Meti, Nginngang Town, Nguenyyiel Refugee Camp, Pugnido Refugee Camp, Pukumu.

In **Harari People**, **2** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Harar**.

In Oromia, 704 incidents killing 1720 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abado, Abe Dongoro, Abomsa, Adaba, Adama town, Adami Tulu, Adda Berga, Adis Alem, Adola, Adulala, Adulala Hate, Agarfa, Agaro, Agemsa, Alem Gena, Alem Tena, Ali Doro, Aluto, Ambo, Amuru, Ano, Arboye, Asabot, Asandabo, Asasa, Asebe Teferi, Asela, Awara, Awra Godana, Ayana, Babich, Babile, Babu Dire, Bake Kelate, Bako, Bantu, Becho, Begi, Bekatte, Bekoji, Berta Sami, Bila, Bitile, Bofa, Boji, Bole town, Boneya, Bore, Bube town, Bule Hora, Burayu, Burka Sorema, Chanka, Chefe Gudina, Chefe Misoma, Chinhahsan, Chira, Chiro, Chitu, Chobi, Dabaca, Dabala Bolo, Daleti-2, Dangi, Debeka, Debeso, Debre Genet, Debre Libanos, Debre Tsige, Debre Zeyit, Dedesa, Dedu, Dega, Degdegela, Degem Hambiso,

Dembi Dolo, Dendi, Dera, Derba, Dicho, Digga, Dilalo Boro, Dinsho, Dirre, Dodola, Doni, Dugda, Dukem, Ejere, Ejerssa, Ela, Fentale, Fiche, Fincha, Fincha Sugar Factory, Finchawa, Fital town, Gabo Robi town, Galesa, Gamo, Gara Arba, Gatira, Gebre Guracha, Gedemsa Kurfa, Gefersa, Gelan, Gelila, Genet, Gerbi Gole, Getema, Ghio, Gibe, Gichi, Gidami, Gidara, Gimbi, Ginchi, Ginde Berbere, Ginde Beret, Gobesa, Gohatsion, Gojo, Golgota, Golije Town, Gomosa Sato, Gudina Abuna, Gulele, Guliso, Gumbichu, Gumi Eldalo, Guna, Gundo Meskel, Gute, Gutin, Guto, Habe, Hamuma Gindo, Harbu Chulule, Hare Kelo, Hareto, Haru Town, Hayadima, Hinde, Hirna, Homa town, Hosale, Hose, Ilala, Ilfeta, Ilu Goda Chafe, Ilu Harer, Inango, Inchini, Incinni, Iteya, Jardega, Jarso, Jeldu, Jima, Kake, Kawa Gebeya, Kegni, Kenticha, Kilbeabo, Kiltu Kara, Kiremu, Koloji IDP Camp, Kombolcha, Kone Town, Koneji, Kono, Kontema, Kore, Kumbabi Shabi, Kuni, Lalo, Lebu Train Station, Lege Tafo, Lemen, Liben, Malima, Mechiara, Meda Welabu, Meki, Meko, Meliyu Cheka, Melkasoda, Mendi, Mendida, Merar, Meta Robi, Metehara, Meti, Metu, Mieso, Minare, Moyale, Mude, Muger, Mugi, Muke Turi, Mullu, Mulo town, Nado, Negele, Nejo, Nekemt, Nenesebo, Neseri Menehoro, Nunu, Nura Hera, Nure Musa, Oda Dalota, Odo Olonkomi, Ogolcho, Refiso Kameno, Robe, Sagure, Salale, Sasiga, Sebeta, Selelkula, Seriti, Seyo, Shakiso, Shambu, Shashamane, Shenen, Shewa, Shikute, Shino, Silk Amba, Siltana, Sire, Sodere, Soyama Suro, Sululta, Tefki, Teji, Tole, Torre, Tulu Bolo, Tulu Guled, Tulu Milki, Ula Lankesa, Wabe, Wadera, Waliso, Wama Tobera, Wara Jarso, Wedesa, Welenchiti, Welete, Were Jiru, Yabelo, Yaya Haro, Ziway.

In Somali, 15 incidents killing 64 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Afdem, Asbuli, Aysha, Degehabur, Dolo Odo, Fadhigaradle, Hargele, Jijiga, Kebri Dehar, Marar, Shilabo, Somali.

In South Ethiopia Region, 32 incidents killing 40 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Arba Minch, Dano Tulto, Dimeka, Gato, Gazer, Gedeb, Gewada, Gidole, Hana, Kelle Town, Omorate, Selam Ber, Shera, Sodo.

In **South West**, **3** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bonga**, **Deka town**, **Tepi**.

In Southern Nations, Nationalities and Peoples, 10 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Hawasa, Wendo Genet.

In Tigray, 73 incidents killing 24 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abiy Adi, Adebay, Adey Meat, Adi Remets, Adigrat, Adwa, Agula, Aksum, Alamata, Dansha, Dawhan, Dengolat, Dima, Fiyel Wuha, Gebre Tela, Humera, Indabaguna, Irob, Kola Tambien, Korarit, Korem, May Cadera, May Tsemre, Maychew, Mehoni, Mekele, Sheraro, Shire, Tsegede, Wef Argif, Wela Nihbi, Welkait, Zela Ambesa.

#### Sources

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Ethiopia Sourcing Profile, February 2020 https://acleddata.com/acleddatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ ACLED Ethiopia-Sourcing-Profile February-2020.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (29 March 2024), 29 March 2024
   https://acleddata.com/curated-data-files/#Africa\_1997-2024\_Mar29
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660
  http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html

#### Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see <a href="https://www.acleddata.com/resources/">www.acleddata.com/resources/</a>. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

#### Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Ethiopia, year 2023: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 8 April 2024