

Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

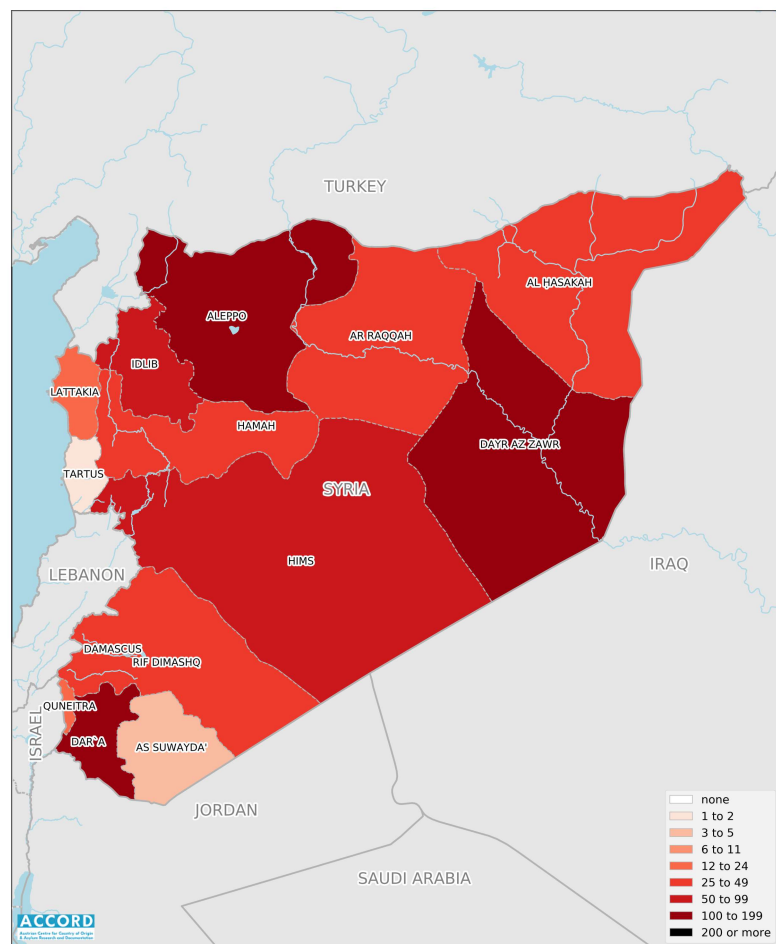
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SYRIA, SECOND QUARTER 2023:

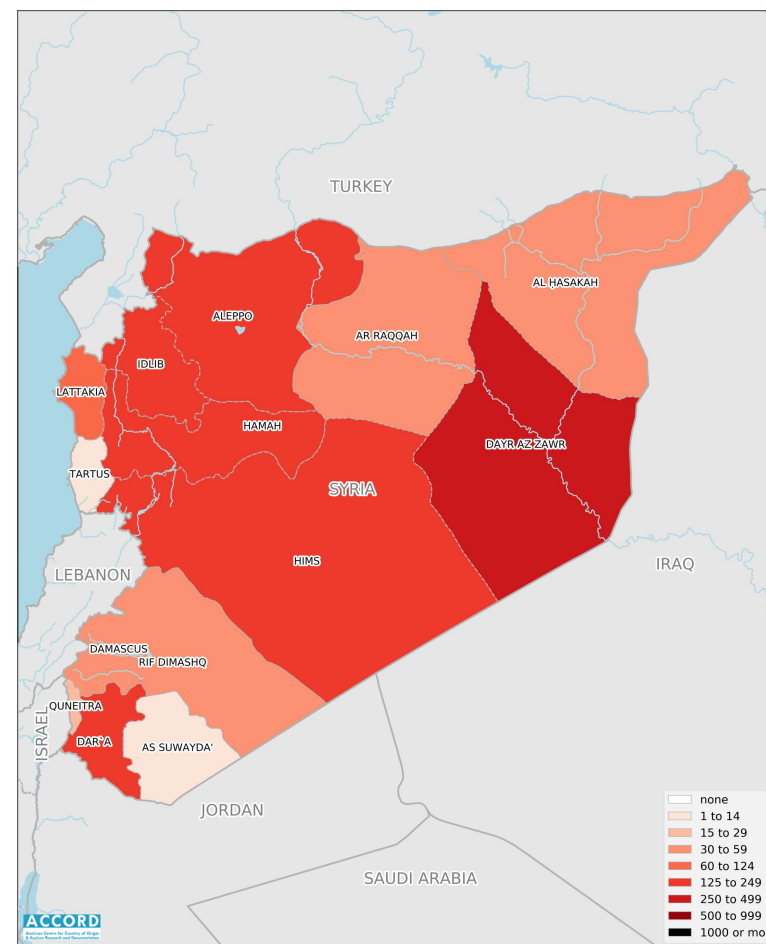
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 6 September 2023

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); incident data: [ACLED, 1 September 2023](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

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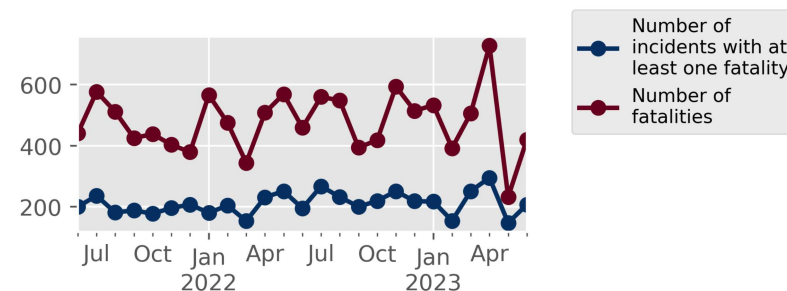
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Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Explosions / Remote violence	1019	209	573
Battles	570	256	543
Violence against civilians	483	182	259
Strategic developments	272	2	5
Protests	247	0	0
Riots	30	0	0
Total	2621	649	1380

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 1 September 2023).

Development of conflict incidents from June 2021 to June 2023



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 1 September 2023).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Syria being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Please see ACLED's additional methodological paper for Syria: [ACLED, March 2019a](#), [ACLED, April 2019b](#)

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and

GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019
https://acleddata.com/acledatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ACLED_General-User-Guide_April-2019.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, February 2020
https://acleddata.com/acledatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ACLED_FAQs-Fatalities-Methodology_v1_February-2020.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, January 2021
https://acleddata.com/acledatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ACLED_Codebook_v1_January-2021.pdf

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Al Hasakah	181	34	50
Aleppo	634	120	247
Ar Raqqa	122	32	53
As Suwayda'	24	5	12
Damascus	22	2	4
Dar'a	247	112	170
Dayr Az Zawr	427	121	266
Hamah	185	37	142
Hims	99	51	140
Idlib	514	72	167
Lattakia	73	24	60
Quneitra	25	12	20
Rif Dimashq	67	26	48
Tartus	1	1	1

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are

taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Al Hasakah**, 181 incidents killing 50 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Rasin, Al Adwaniyah, Al Assadiyah, Al Atila, Al Hulw, Al Jahfa, Al Jawadiyah, Al Ushaytah, Al-Dahma, Al-Hasakeh, Al-Hasakeh - Al Nashweh Al Gharbiyeh, Al-Hasakeh - Al-Aziziyeh, Al-Hasakeh - Ghoweran, Al-Hasakeh - Housh Al-Ba'er, Al-Hasakeh - Msheirfeh, Al-Maabdaa, Al-Malikeyyeh, Al-Sa'da, Amuda, Ayn Al Abd, Aziziyeh, Big Balqis, Buhayra, Dagham Ajaj, Darbasiyah, Dashishah, Eastern Aluq, Fadghami, Hole, Hole Camp, Jabal Abdulaziz, Jirmaz, Khadrawi, Kharzeh, Khazneh, Kozliyah, Mabrouka, Markada, Omar Zobash, Qahtaniyyah, Qasr Shwrak, Qasruk, Qayrawan Amuda, Quamishli, Quamishli Airbase, Qubur al-Qarajna, Ras al-Ain, Rawya, Rmelan, Shadadah, Shadikanni, Tal Al Sousa, Tal Al-Laban, Tal Aylul, Tal Hmis, Tal Maaruf, Tal Sha'ir, Tal Tamer, Tell Halaf, Tuwaymin, Um Al Madfa', Um Harmala, Ya'robiyah.

In **Aleppo**, 634 incidents killing 247 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: A'rima, Abu Kahf, Abu Zandin, Abzemo, Afrin, Aghtrin, Ain al Arab, Ajil, Al Amin Association, Al Asadiyah, Al Atija, Al Bab, Al Baylouniyeh, Al Hushariya, Al Safira Military Base and Defence Factories, Al Wasta, Al-Alqamiyyeh, Al-Bughaz, Al-Kharoufiyeh Kabir, Al-Malikeyyeh, Aleppo, Aleppo - Al-Ashrafiyya, Aleppo - International Airport, Aleppo - Ramousa, Amarnah, Andarin, Anjara, Anqalah, Aqibah, Ar-Ra'ee, Arab Hassan Kabeer, Atareb, Azaz, Ba'ay, Baadinli, Bab Al Salameh, Babka, Bahfis, Barlahin, Baza'a, Bene, Big Habbuba, Big Osajli, Blinta, Bulbul, Burj Abdallah, Busraton, Dabiq, Dadat, Dana, Dandaniya, Daret Azza, Deir Ballut, Deir Jamal, Deir Sawan, Doudyan, Ein Daqneh, Enab, Ghandorah, Ghazawiyah, Haj Khalil, Hajilar, Hamdun, Handarat, Harbal, Hazwan, Hoteh, Ibbin, Ihtaymilat, Iskan, Jalamah, Jandairis, Jarablus, Jbeileh, Jeb Naassan, Jebnet, Julqan, Kafr Aleppo, Kafr Amma, Kafr Janna, Kafr Kalbein, Kafr Khasher, Kafr Noran, Kafr Shil, Kafr Taal, Kafr Zayt, Kafra,

Kaljibrin, Kashtaar, Kawanda, Khanaser, Khirbat Ma'rata, Kirzele, Koran Afrin, Kuwait Al Rahma Camp, Lower Kafardali, Ma'btali, Maamal Ushagi, Makbas, Manyan, Maraanaz, Maratet Um Hosh, Mare', Maskana, Mayasa, Menagh, Menagh - Military Airbase, Menbij, Meriske, Mishtenur Hill, Miznaz, Mreimin Afrin, Nabul, Nayrab Air Base, Qabasin, Qarah Qawzak, Qarah Tabah, Qastal, Qatma, Qebtan al Jabal, Qurna, Raju, Regiment 46 - Military Base, Rif al-Mohandessin al-Thani, Sahara, Sajur, Sarin, Sayada, Shaalah, Shamarekh, Shamarin, Shawarighat al Arz, Sheikh Isa, Sheikh Mohamedli, Sheikh al-Hadid, Sorhane, Su Sinbat, Suran, Surka, Sweida - Qorret Tashli, Tadaf, Tal Salur, Tal Tawil, Talil Elsham, Tall Qarah, Tall Refaat, Tanab, Taqad, Tatemrash, Tayha, Tel Battal, Tokhar, Turandah, Um Adase, Upper Maskeh, Upper Shyookh, Urum al-Kubra, Urum al-Sughra, Wahshiyeh, Yakhur.

In Ar Raqqa, 122 incidents killing 53 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Akeirshi, Al Dibs, Al Jahbal, Al Mu'allaq, Al Tabqa, Al-Khaldiyah, Al-Rasafah, Ar-Raqqa, Ar-Raqqa - Al-Dar'eyah, Ar-Raqqa - Al-Mashlab, Ar-Raqqa - Nazalat Shada-Furat, Artawaziya, Aslim al Barashmeh, Debsi Afnan, Ein Al-Arus, Ein Issa, Fatsa, Ghanim al-Ali, Ghassaniya, Hamrat Balasim, Hamrat Nasir, Hazimeh, Hoshan, Hweijah, Jadida, Jazrah, Jurneyyeh, Karama, Kisret Elsheikh Jomaa, Maadan, Mansura, Moezleh, Mushayrifah, Raqqet Samra, Saida, Sefsafa, Sfayieh Oil Fields, Suluk, Tal Hammam, Tal Samn, Tell Abiad, Tiba, Western Salhabiyeh.

In As Suwayda', 24 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: As-Sweida, Dara, Juneineh, Mashnaf, Mazra'a, Qanawat, Qarayya, Rassas, Samma al Hneidat, Sha'ab, Shahba, Smeid, Tal Kharouf Radar Military Base, Tall Masih, Tall Qulayb, Tall Sahn.

In Damascus, 22 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Damascus, Damascus - Al Baramkeh, Damascus - Al Dwel'a, Damascus - Al-Midan, Damascus - Barzeh, Damascus - Dummar,

Damascus - Mazzeh, Damascus - Rukn El-Din, Qasioun Mountain.

In Dar'a, 247 incidents killing 170 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: 52nd Armored Brigade, Abdin, Abtaa, Adwan, Ajami, Al-Harra, Al-Na'ema, Al-Wardat, Ankhel, Aqraba, As-Sanamayn, Ash-Shajara, Atman, Bistr Elharir, Da'el, Dar'a, Dar'a - Al Dahieh, Dar'a - Al-Balad, Dar'a - Al-Sabeel, Dar'a - Al-Sad, Dar'a - Bahar, Dar'a - Shimal al-Khatt, Dar'a - Shuhada, Eastern Ghariyeh, Eib, Ghasm, Hit, Hrak, Izra', Jasim, Jisri, Jizeh, Jlein, Kafr Shams, Kahil, Karak, Khabab, Kharab Shahem, Kherbet Ghazala, Lajat, Maaraba, Maariya, Mahjeh, Mal, Mankat Al-Hatab, Mseifra, Mzeireb, Nafeaa, Nahta, Namar, Nasib, Nasib Border Crossing, Nawa, Qarfa, Rakhim, Sahm El Golan, Sahwa, Sayda, Sheikh Miskine, Sheikh Saed, Sur, Tafas, Tal Shihab, Tall al Jabiyah, Tassil, Tiba, Um Elmayathen, Um Walad, Western Ghariyeh, Yadudeh.

In Dayr Az Zawr, 427 incidents killing 266 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abu Hamam, Abu Khashab, Abul Nitel, Al Mayadin, Al Sabkhah, Al Salhiyyah, Al Shu'aytat, Al Sikhah, Al-Asbah farms, Al-Bahra, Al-Bukamal, Al-Hawayij, Al-Heri, Al-Hessan, Al-Hussainiyah, Al-Kubar, Al-Panorama, Al-Sayjan - Oil Field, Al-Shahabat, Al-Shumaytiyah, Al-Teem - Oil Field, Ali, Ash Shula, Ashara, Ayyash, Baghuz, Barsham, Basira, Bishri Mountain - Deir-ez-Zor, Bogeleyyah, Breiha, Dahleh, Darnaj, Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor - Al Dahieh, Deir-ez-Zor - Al Omal, Deir-ez-Zor - Al-Arifi, Deir-ez-Zor - Al-Bogeleyyah, Deir-ez-Zor - Al-Joura-Al-Thawra, Deir-ez-Zor - Al-Qosor, Deir-ez-Zor - Hamidiya, Deir-ez-Zor - Hatla, Deir-ez-Zor - Tashreen - Harabesh, Dweir, Eastern Jurdi, Gharanij, Gharibeh, Hajin, Harijiyah, Harmushiyah, Hawayej Bumasaa, Hawayej Thyab Shamiyeh, Hawayij Thiban, Hreiji, Hssein, Hwaijet Saker, Jadid Bakkara, Jasmi, Jazaret Elbuhmeid, Jazaret Milaj, Jdid Ekeidat, Jiah, Jneineh, Kasra, Kassar, Khasham, Kherbet Al Maliha, Kishkiyeh, Koniko Gas Field, Lower Baqras, Maamel - 7 KM, Mahkan, Marashdeh, Mashekh, Masrab, Mathlum, Mhemideh, Moezleh, Mrat, Muaayzilah, Muzan, Namliyah, Omar - Oil Fields,

Qasabi, Quriyeh, Rabida, Saalu, Sajjar, Salhiyeh, Sbeikhan, Shafa, Shiheil, Sur, Sweiyeh, Tabiyet Jazira, Tarif, Tayib Al-Fal, Tayyana, Thiban, Upper Baqras, Zghir Jazireh, Zir.

In Hamah, 185 incidents killing 142 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Ghab Plain, Al Sindyana, Al-Mashiak, Al-Qahera, Al-Sirmaniyah, Alwasita, Ammurin, Ankawi, As-Salamiyeh, As-Suqaylabiyah, Ayn Al Hammam, Bahsa, Barakeh, Deir Shmil, Dweir Elakrad, Fawru, Hakora, Hama, Hamimat, Ithariyah, Jabriyah, Jinan, Jurin, Kherbet Elnaqus, Lower Amiqa, Mansura, Masyaf, Middle Fan, Murak, Mustariha, Na'our Jurin, Oqeirbat, Qarqur, Qastun, Qulaydin, Shat-ha, Tal Salhab, Tal Wassit, Zayzun, Ziyara.

In Hims, 99 incidents killing 140 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aabel, Al Dab'a, Al Ghassaniya, Al Mubarakiya, Al Nuqayra, Al Qusayr, Al Qusayr - Military Air Base, Al Salumiya, Al Semaqiat, Al-Tayibah, Alianiyeh, Arak, Eastern Farhaniyeh, Ez Eldin, Ghanto, Hasyaa, Homs, Homs - Abbasiyeh Muhajreen, Homs - Bab al-Siba', Homs - Hasaweyyah, Jabal Al Marah, Jabal Bal'as, Jabal Omour, Jeb Ej-Jarrah, Jusiya Al Ammar, Kafr Nan, Kherbet Duwayzin, Kherbet Tin Noor, Mahin, Mashrafa, Mudan, Naura, Sayed, Shayrat Air Base, Shin, Sokhneh, T4 Pumping Station, Tadmor, Talbiseh, Upper Makhrim, Zeita.

In Idlib, 514 incidents killing 167 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abdeta, Abul Thohur - Military Airbase, Afes, Ain al-Zarqa, Al Baraka Camp, Al Burayj, Al Duweir, Al Fatatra, Al Hallubah, Al Zawf, Al-Bardakli, Al-Dana, Aqrabat, Ariha, Armanaz, Atmah, Atmah Camp, Babisqa, Badama, Balyun, Banin, Bara, Bazabur, Bikfala, Bissabt, Dadikh, Dana, Dar Al-Kabira, Deir Hassan, Deir Sunbul, Eastern Sarja, Ehsem, Eshtabraq, Fleifel, Foah, Ftireh, Ghaniyah, Ghassaniyeh, Hantutin, Haranbush, Hazarin, Hersh Banin, Hezreh, Idleb, Jabal Arba'in, Jabal al-Zawiya, Janudiyeh, Jarada, Jisr-Ash-Shugur, Jobas, Kafr Aruq, Kafr

Battikh, Kafr Din, Kafr Lusin, Kafr Musa, Kafr Nobol, Kafr Oweid, Kafr Takharim, Kafrsajna, Kaftin, Kam'aya, Kansafra, Karatin al-Kabira, Kawkabah, Kelly, Ketyan, Khan al-Sabeel, Ma'arrat An Nu'man, Ma'arrat Mukhus, Maarbalit, Maaret Al Naasan, Maaret Alia, Maaret Harma, Majdaliya, Milaja, Mozra, Nahar Al Abiad, Nayrab, Qourqeena, Rami, Ruwaiha, Salqin, San, Saraqab, Sarja, Sarmada, Sarmin, Selwa, Sfuhen, Sheikh Bahr, Teftnaz, Termanin, Um al-Khalakhil, Upper Sheikh Sindyan.

In Lattakia, 73 incidents killing 60 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Ain al Ashra, Aku, Al Tufahiya, Al-Bayda, Al-Qardaha, Bishrah, Ein Issa, Haddada, Hmeimim Air Base, Jabal al-Akrad, Jabal al-Turkman, Jeb al Ahmar, Kabani, Kansaba, Khadraa, Nabi Younis Hill, Nahshabba, Qastal Maaf, Salanfa, Shamruran, Tallat Abu Ali, Tardeen.

In Quneitra, 25 incidents killing 20 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Al Mushayrafa, Al Qahtaniyah, Ghadir al Bostan, Jaba, Khan Arnaba, Ma'laqa, Nabe Elsakher, Qarqas, Quneitra, Quneitra - Golan Border Crossing, Quneitra Border Crossing, Qurs al Nafl, Rweheineh, Sayda, Sayda al-Gholan, Um Batna, Um Ezam.

In Rif Dimashq, 67 incidents killing 48 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: 90th Brigade, Al Jubah, Al Matalleh, Al Sabinah Al Kubra, Al-Hama, Bada, Damascus - International Airport, Deir Elasafir, Duma, Harasta, Hosh Arab, Hseiniyeh, Jadidat al Fadl, Jaramana, Jdidet Artuz, Kafir Yabus, Kisweh, Madaya, Mazraet Beit Jin, Otayba, Qalamoun, Qara, Qatana, Qodsayya, Rankus, Rukban, Sayyeda Zeinab, Sidnaya, Sidnaya Military Prison, Tanf, Tlul al Safa, Upper Hfeir, Yalda, Zabdin, Zakiyeh, Zamalka.

In Tartus, 1 incident killing 1 person was reported. The following location was among the affected: Tartous.

Sources

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- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Security Forces: Kurdish Forces across Iraq, Syria and Iran, April 2019b
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Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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