



ANNUAL REVIEW

OF THE HUMAN RIGHTS SITUATION
OF LESBIAN, GAY, BISEXUAL, TRANS
AND INTERSEX PEOPLE IN EUROPE
AND CENTRAL ASIA

2025

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SLOVENIA

ASYLUM

Slovenian courts have made notable progress in recognising the vulnerabilities of LGBTI asylum seekers, granting refugee status to individuals persecuted for their sexual orientation or gender identity, according to a [report](#) by Ljubljana Pride Association. However, challenges persist, such as inadequate data collection, late disclosure, and the lack of tailored support. Many LGBTI refugees continue to face inadequate healthcare, unsafe housing, and discriminatory practices in Slovenia.

BIAS-MOTIVATED SPEECH

In April, the Ethics Commission of Journalists ruled that journalist Rok Blažič violated the Code of Journalists of Slovenia in a series of articles published in 2023. According to the Ethics Commission, Blažič misleadingly portrayed gender reassignment as a commercialised and harmful practice.

In April, the two largest opposition parties in Slovenia, SDS and NSi, recently submitted a proposal to amend the Criminal Act to criminalise the promotion of homosexuality and trans identities, with penalties of up to three years in prison. The proposal mirrored similar laws seen in Hungary, Bulgaria, Georgia, Belarus, and Russia. However, the current government swiftly rejected the initiative, citing its incompatibility with human rights and democratic principles.

In June, a special edition of the magazine 'Demokracija' was published under the provocative title 'LGBT+ Ideology: Genocide of Childhood', featuring 76 pages primarily focused on anti-trans narratives.

In September, the second-largest opposition party, NSi, submitted a proposal to the Ministry of Health to remove gender-affirming surgery costs from coverage under compulsory health insurance. As of now, the government has not yet responded to the proposal.

BIAS-MOTIVATED VIOLENCE

In 2023, the Legebitra Society received 26 reports through its website Niprav.si, which serves as a platform for reporting hate crimes and hate speech. These reports were submitted both anonymously and with contact information, with some individuals also requesting further assistance from the Society's legal team.

During the [Pride celebrations](#) in Maribor, the employees of a bookstore, were subjected to various instances of [verbal and physical abuse](#) after hanging a LGBTI flag over the entrance. The director of the bookstore reported strangers spitting on the flag, attempting to forcibly remove it, performing Nazi salutes, and even going as far as threatening the staff with scissors

and physical force. The bookstore's director [accused](#) the police of inadequate action and reported that a police patrol blamed the employees for the abuse they endured and suggested the bookstore should remove the flag to avoid further incidents.

In June, [Ljubljana Pride Festival 2024](#), marked the [40th anniversary](#) of the LGBTI movement in Slovenia, ending with the [Pride March](#). It was marked by several hate-motivated [incidents](#). The [attacks](#) included theft and desecration of rainbow flags, harassment, and physical assaults. Notably, eggs were thrown at participants, and perpetrators uploaded footage online with threatening commentary. Despite the [establishment of two on-site points](#) for reporting incidents or attacks, marking more effective collaboration with the police compared to the 2023 march, the police were criticised for their inaction and reluctance to register complaints or take adequate protective measures.

In Koper, a trans woman and her mother were subjected to a violent attack, with the assailant chasing them until they were able to find refuge in a nearby bar. They remained there until the police arrived to ensure their safety.

In October and November, the Mariborka bookstore in Maribor was [targeted](#) in two LGBTI-phobic [attacks](#). Graffiti and hateful messages were sprayed on the bookstore's door, drainpipe, and other areas, including the phrase "SMRT PEDROM" (Death to Fags), and stickers with slogans promoting intolerance.

INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT

In June, Deputy Mayor Dejan Crnek and Minister of Labor Luka Mesec [joined](#) 5,000 participants for the yearly Pride march in Ljubljana.

In July, the Ljubljana City Council approved a [proposal](#) to name a new park after Ada Škerl and Sonja Plaskan, making it the first park in Slovenia dedicated to a same-sex couple.

HUMAN RIGHTS DEFENDERS

Bogdan Lešnik, a prominent Slovenian psychologist, humanist, and LGBTI activist known for his contribution to the creation of a grassroots LGBTI movement in Slovenia, [passed away](#) at the age of 73.

LEGAL GENDER RECOGNITION

The Ministry of Health officially confirmed its agreement with the Interdisciplinary Council for Gender Recognition, stating that medical treatment is not required for legal gender recognition. As a result, the Ministry has formally requested the Ministry of Internal Affairs to amend the relevant sub-article of the Civil Registry Act.

SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS

Two initiatives were submitted to the Constitutional Court's constitutional review concerning sexual and reproductive rights. The first concerned equal access to assisted reproductive procedures for lesbian couples, while the second concerned the access for single women to the same services.

In November, the Constitutional Court of Slovenia ruled that certain provisions of the Act on Infertility Treatment and Biomedically Assisted Fertilisation (OBMP) are unconstitutional. Specifically, the court found that limiting access to OBMP procedures to single women and women in same-sex relationships violated the constitution. The court has given the country one year to address the non-compliance and amend the law accordingly.

PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC, CULTURAL, AND POLITICAL LIFE

At the Museum of contemporary history and in the Museum of the city of Ljubljana, two exhibitions were set up in honour of the 40th anniversary of the creation of the LGBTI movement in Slovenia.



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