

Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

Bilagsnr.:	959
Land:	Gaza-Vestbredden
Kilde:	Insecurity Insight
Titel:	Attacks on Health Care in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, 12-25 November 2025
Udgivet:	25. november 2025
Optaget på baggrundsmaterialet:	20. januar 2026

Attacks on Health Care in the occupied Palestinian territory

12-25 November 2025

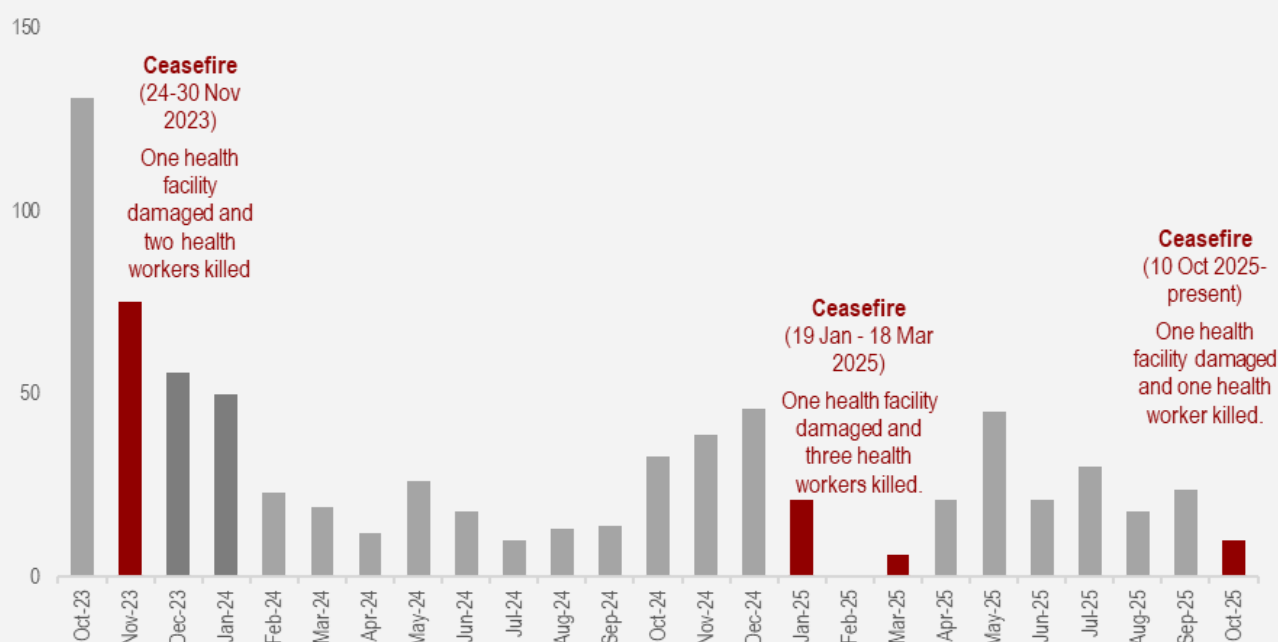


Recorded violence against health care in the oPt, 07 October 2023-28 October 2025

	 REPORTED INCIDENTS	 HEALTH WORKERS KILLED	 INCIDENTS WHERE HEALTH FACILITIES WERE DAMAGED	 HEALTH WORKERS ARRESTED
Gaza	2119	739	418	362
West Bank	789	12	27	162

Reported incidents where IDF airstrikes impacted health care in Gaza

07 October 2023-28 October 2025



Source: Insecurity Insight

Insecurity Insight identified 2965 incidents of violence against or obstruction of access to health care in the occupied Palestinian territory between 07 October 2023 and 28 October 2025.¹ Over 95% of these incidents were attributed to Israeli forces. In Gaza, where 2119 incidents were recorded, health facilities were damaged 418 times, 728 health workers were killed and 362 arrested.² In the West Bank and East Jerusalem, where 789 attacks on health care were recorded, access to medicine was obstructed 500 times, 12 health workers were killed and 162 arrested.

Over a third of the 2119 reported incidents in Gaza involved IDF airstrikes, including both aircraft and drone strikes, impacting health care. Children's hospitals, dental clinics, field hospitals, health clinics, hospitals, medical storage facilities, pharmacies, and rehabilitation clinics were struck and damaged. Hospitals like Al-Ahli Baptist Hospital (Gaza city), Indonesian Hospital (North Gaza) and Nasser Medical Complex (Khan Yunis) were hit multiple times. At least 365 health workers, including doctors, nurses, paramedics, pharmacists, surgeons, dentists, administrative staff, hospital directors,

physiotherapists, medical students, hospital guards, ambulance personnel and technicians were killed by IDF airstrikes. Incidents continued even during ceasefires, during which three health facilities were damaged and six health workers were killed by IDF airstrikes in Gaza. View the incidents on our [interactive map](#). Numbers may change if or when further information is made available. We are currently updating our datasets on HDX, please [get in touch](#) if you are interested in this data.

Help support the protection of health care by sharing this resource. Please copy and paste this link: <https://bit.ly/12-25Nov2025OPTHealth>

Past briefs: [29 October-11 November](#); [15-28 October](#); [01-14 October](#); [17-30 September](#); [03-16 September](#); [20 August-02 September](#); [06-19 August](#); [23 July-05 August](#); [09-22 July](#); [25 June-08 July](#); [11-24 June](#); [28 May-10 June](#); [14-27 May](#); [All](#)

SHCC Factsheets (EN): [2024](#); [2023](#); [2022](#); [2021](#). (AR): [2024](#); [2023](#); [2022](#); [2021](#).

[Get in touch](#) if you are interested in curated datasets, have made a public statement to include in our Bi Monthly News Brief, to report an incident or if you have additional information on an incident we have reported on. Visit our [oPt](#) webpage. Join our [mailing](#) for the latest information.

The publicly reported incidents below are not a complete nor a representative list of all incidents that affected the provision of health care between 12-25 November 2025. The incidents below have not been verified through ground investigations. There is a delay in reporting incidents due to our open source verification protocol.

Gaza

22 November 2025: In Nuseirat Refugee Camp, Deir al-Balah governorate, the vicinity of NGO-ran Al Awda Hospital was hit by an Israeli drone strike. **Sources:** [Quds News Network](#) and [Quds News Network I](#)

West Bank and East Jerusalem

16 November 2025: In Askar Refugee Camp, Nablus governorate, ambulance crews trying to reach two people - one shot and killed and the other injured - were prevented by Israeli forces for around 30 minutes. An ambulance was later allowed to transfer him to hospital, where he was pronounced dead. **Source:** [UN OCHA Update 341](#)

17 November 2025: In Far'a Refugee Camp, Tubas governorate, the PRCS were prevented from reaching a 14-year-old Palestinian boy who had been shot along with two other children during a raid on the camp. The two children were evacuated to hospital, but the 14-year-old boy was detained and later died. **Source:** [UN OCHA Update 341](#)

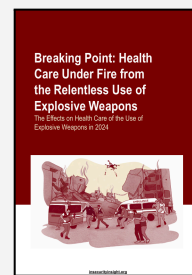
19 November 2025: In Beit Ummar town, Hebron governorate, the movement of ambulances was prevented by Israeli forces after all entrances to the town were closed. **Source:** [Independent Palestinian Doctors Association](#)

25 November 2025: In Azzun town, Qalqilya governorate, Omar Al-Qasim Hospital was raided and searched by Israeli forces at 01:00, during which a health worker was assaulted. **Source:** [The Daily Blog](#)

Other resources

Breaking Point: Health Care Under Fire from the Relentless Use of Explosive Weapons: The Effects on Health Care of the Use of Explosive Weapons in 2024

Violence impacting health care reached unprecedented levels in **2024**, with the use of explosive weapons in populated areas emerging as a dominant and devastating trend. Health care is directly impacted when explosive weapons damage or destroy hospitals, health centres, and ambulances, or when they kill or seriously injure health workers and patients. These weapons also cause indirect harm through their cumulative and reverberating effects on civilian infrastructure. Effective health care delivery depends on safe, open roads for use by patients and health workers and for the transport of medical supplies. It also relies on essential services such as electricity, water, fuel and sanitation. When these systems are damaged or destroyed, the entire health care system suffers. The use of explosive weapons in populated areas is also likely to have long-lasting consequences, disrupting the availability of and access to health care long after hostilities end and ceasefires are in place.



This **second edition** of Insecurity Insight's *The Effects on Health Care of the Use of Explosive Weapons* discusses new trends in and impacts of explosive weapons use on global health care systems in 2024. It provides more details of and updates to the statistics reported in the **Explosive Weapons Monitor's** 2024 annual report.

The figures highlighted in this annual report underscore the urgent need to strengthen civilian protection from the humanitarian consequences of the use of explosive weapons in populated areas. The 2022 **Political Declaration** on Strengthening the Protection of Civilians from the Humanitarian Consequences Arising from the Use of Explosive Weapons in Populated Areas reflects this need. By endorsing it, states acknowledge the severe impact of the use of these weapons on civilians, and commit to preventing and addressing these harms in cooperation with the United Nations (UN), the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), and civil society, both during and after conflict.

The data cited in this report on the use of explosive weapons in populated areas and its impact on health care can be downloaded [here](#).

The **Safeguarding Health in Conflict Coalition (SHCC)** identified **418 incidents of violence against or obstruction of health care in the West Bank in 2024**, double the 208 reported in 2023. Most were attributed to Israeli forces. On seven occasions, Israeli settlers damaged ambulances by firing or throwing rocks at them. In one incident, an ambulance was stopped and attacked by a group of Israeli settlers while transporting a patient to a nearby hospital. The ambulance driver and a doctor were beaten during the attack. In December 2024, Palestinian National Security Forces were implicated in five incidents in Jenin refugee camp during a large-scale operation, damaging health facilities, surrounding and storming hospitals, searching ambulances, and arresting patients. Read the full factsheet in [Arabic](#) and [English](#). Download the [data](#).



This document comprises threats and violence as well as protests and other events affecting the delivery of and access to health care. It is part of the **Attacks on Health Care** project by **Insecurity Insight**. It is prepared from information available in local, national and international news outlets and online databases. The incidents reported are not a complete nor a representative list of all events that affected the provision of health care and have not been verified through ground investigations.

¹ 60 incidents were recorded without specifying the location and no additional source could be identified to determine the location of the reported incident.

² 739 is based on the number of health workers killed where location and date has been identified. Other sources have reported **1,173 workers killed**. Insecurity Insight carries out cross-checking of individual events and names and does not re-report aggregate figures. The work of collating a complete list of health workers killed based on information provided in different formats by different organisations is ongoing. This cross-checking process is complex to avoid double counting the same individuals in cases when sources report different victim information about the same individual. The lack of a consistent standard in transcribing Arab names into Latin script based languages complicates the matching process. The total number of health workers killed is believed to be higher than the current verified number and we continue to backdate information.

Insecurity Insight. 2025. 12-25 November 2025 Attacks on Health Care in the occupied Palestinian territory. Switzerland: Insecurity Insight. <https://bit.ly/12-25Nov2025OPTHealth>

