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Landinformationsenheten

Fråga-svar

Pan-Armenian Movement

Fråga

Inkom 2011-12-08

Information om partiet Pan-armenian movement (kan också vara Armenian national movement eller HHSJ (Levan Ter Petrossians tidigare parti), allmän information om partiet som sådant, dess partiledare, maktstruktur i partiet, ev internetadress, ursprunglig ideologi och den nuvarande situationen för dess medlemmar önskas.

Svar

Armenia Liberty skriver i juli 2008 om befriade oppositionsledaren Ararat Zurabian:

"Ararat Zurabian, chairman of the Armenian Pan-National Movement (HHSJ), had been in custody since early March, accused of plotting a coup d'état and inciting "mass disturbances." The accusations, which were also leveled against most of the other prominent opposition detainees, stem from the March 1 clashes between opposition protesters and security forces."

A total of some 70 other Ter-Petrosian supporters, among them three members of parliament, remain in prison. .."

Human Rights Watch skriver i februari 2009 om valen 2008 i Armenien:

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"IV. The 2008 Presidential Election"

"Levon Ter-Petrosian, after stepping down as president in 1998, had retreated from public life and avoided contact with the media."

His party, the Armenian Pan-National Movement, had gone into sharp decline. Ter-Petrossian gave his first public speech since his resignation on September 21, 2007, sharply criticizing the Kocharyan administration, calling it a "criminal regime" and denouncing widespread corruption in the country. In another speech on October 26 he confirmed publicly his intention to run for president against Sargsyan."

"Sargsyan and Ter-Petrossian were the frontrunners in a field of nine registered candidates when the election campaign officially opened on January 21, 2008. Media coverage of the candidates was heavily skewed in Sargsyan's favor, as noted in critical statements before polling day by the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe (PACE) and the OSCE Office for Democratic Institutions and Human Rights (ODIHR)."

Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty rapporterar i juni 2010 om partiets avgående ledare Ararat Zurabian:

"The Armenian Pan-National Movement (HHSh), which was Armenia's ruling party from 1990-1998, announced the resignation of its chairman, Ararat Zurabian in a statement issued June 17. The statement gave no reason why he left his post."

"Zurabian, who spent several months in detention after Armenia's disputed 2008 presidential election, stepped down just days after the surprise resignation of his deputy, Khachatur Kokobelian."

European Forum for Democracy and Solidarity skriver i sin landrapport om Armenien uppdaterad i maj 2011:

"The APNM was founded in 1988 as the political successor of the Karabakh movement and won the 1989 parliamentary elections in the Soviet Republic of Armenia. One of the party's leaders, Levon Ter-Petrossyan, became president in 1990. The period following that was marked by major reforms, including the introduction of the multiparty system and the market economy. When Ter-Petrossyan was forced to resign in 1998, the party entered a period of political isolation.

The party has a rather nationalistic platform-ANM was always condemned by the political opponents for being antinationalistic, as was implementing/promoting rather balanced foreign policy based on establishing peace and good relations with all its neighbours. and stands for political reforms, guarantying basic rights and creating a social state. The party is an opponent of the current Kocharian regime, calling it "illegal" and favours more independence from Russia."

Arminfo rapporterar i maj 2011 om att tidigare medlemmar i Pan Armenian Movement kommer att skapa ett nytt parti:

" The newspaper writes that the plans to create a new party "Free Democrats" fit in the talks on the necessity of a "third force" in the political field of the country. ...

It is noteworthy that most Mass Media considered Kokobelyan's leaving the party the work of the authorities that tried to split the given political forces, which is the core of the Armenian National Congress."

Arminfo skriver i maj 2011 om amnesti för fångar:

"To recall, today the Armenian parliament agreed with the president's proposal to proclaim amnesty on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of Armenia's independence by 91 votes "for" and 1 abstainer. The oppositionists sentenced to imprisonment for the tragic developments of March 2008 in Yerevan are also expected to fall under the amnesty. "

Tidskriften Tert skriver i juni 2011 om partiets ledare Ararat Zurabyan som lämnat partiet:

"He is reportedly planning to join a newly established political party called Free Democrats (whose leader is a former board chair of the Armenian Pan-National Movement, Khachatur Kokobelyan). Zurabyan, who was formerly the APNM deputy board chair, resigned from his post last year. Since July 10, 2010, he had been an ordinary member of the party."

A1plus internet broadcasting skriver om ett olagligt möte som ägde rum den 30 september 2011 på Freedom Square i Yerevan:

"The Police inform that the rally is illegal and the participants are subject to be brought to justice by the law. Fulfilling the demand of Part 2, Article 32 of the RA law "On Freedom of Rallies", the rally participants have been informed about that. Nevertheless, taking into account that the rally is peaceful, the police are supporting the rally within their competence."

A1plus internet broadcasting rapporterar i oktober 2011 om frigivning av politiska fångar:

"This spring, the Pan-National Movement was able to impose the release of political prisoners and return of the people to Freedom Square on the regime that seized power. This was followed by a dialogue on holding snap presidential and parliamentary elections to establish a legitimate government. International experience shows that the negotiations between the regime and the members of the pan-national movement led by the united opposition are the best way of making a smooth transition to democracy"

Tidskriften Tert skriver i november 2011 om partiets nye ledares möte med

brittiska tjänstemän:

"Receiving the guests, the head of the party, Aram Manukyan, spoke of the socio-economic and political situation in Armenia. The ANC's calls for snap elections and electoral reforms were also addressed at the meeting."

A1plus internet broadcasting rapporterar i december 2011 om oppositionspartiet Armenian Pan-National Movements nye ledare :

"ANC member, leader of the Armenian Pan-National Movement (HSH) Party Aram Manukyan touched upon the provisions stated in the European Declaration on Human Rights and added two provisions on his behalf. According to those provisions, citizens of each country have the right to be the full-fledged owners of their countries and all citizens has the right to "drive knuckleheads out of their country"

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