### Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

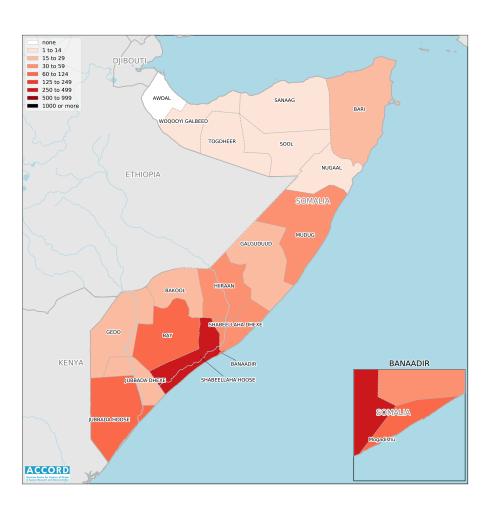
Bilagsnr.:	824
Land:	Somalia
Kilde:	ACCORD
Titel:	Somalia, Second Quarter 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)
Udgivet:	30. oktober 2020
Optaget på baggrundsmaterialet:	22. december 2020

Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

### Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

## 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 25 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 199 TOGDHEER NUGAAL ETHIOPIA KENYA BANAADIR BANAADIR SHABEELLAHA HOOSE ACCORD

### Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; Ethiopia/Somalia border status: CIA, 2014; incident data: ACLED, 3 October 2020; coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

#### **Contents**

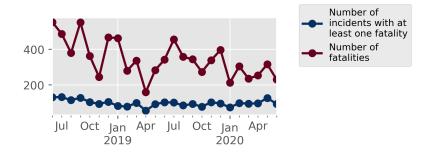
Number of reported fatalities	•
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	,
Conflict incidents by category	2
Development of conflict incidents from June 2018 to June 2020	2
Methodology	(
Conflict incidents per province	4
Localization of conflict incidents	4
Disclaimer	ć

### Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Battles	327	152	465
Violence against civilians	146	100	144
Explosions / Remote violence	133	59	187
Protests	28	1	1
Strategic developments	18	2	2
Riots	6	0	0
Total	658	314	799

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 3 October 2020).

# Development of conflict incidents from June 2018 to June 2020



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: ACLED, 3 October 2020).

#### Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Somalia being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending

on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019a https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm\_uploads/2017/10/ ACLED\_Codebook\_2019FINAL\_pbl.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019b https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm\_uploads/2019/04/ General-User-Guide\_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/

#### Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Awdal	2	0	0
Bakool	10	7	18
Banaadir	164	79	109
Bari	18	9	15
Bay	57	31	123
Galguduud	26	10	25
Gedo	27	10	20
Hiiraan	52	22	42
Jubbada Dhexe	13	10	28
Jubbada Hoose	51	27	79
Mudug	23	13	32
Nugaal	6	1	1
Sanaag	10	4	5
Shabeellaha Dhexe	50	21	42
Shabeellaha Hoose	135	66	254
Sool	3	1	1
Togdheer	6	1	1
Woqooyi Galbeed	5	2	4

#### Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event

type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Awdal**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Borama**.

In Bakool, 10 incidents killing 18 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abal, Baano, Burdho, Buur Dhuxunle, Ceel Gudo, Eel Leheli, Waajid, Yabyab.

In Banaadir, 164 incidents killing 109 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Mogadishu, Mogadishu-Abdiaziz, Mogadishu-Bondhere, Mogadishu-Daynile, Mogadishu-Dharkenley, Mogadishu-Hamar Jabjab, Mogadishu-Hamar Weyne, Mogadishu-Hawl Wadaag, Mogadishu-Heliwa, Mogadishu-Hodan, Mogadishu-Karan, Mogadishu-Kaxda, Mogadishu-Shangaani, Mogadishu-Shibis, Mogadishu-Waaberi, Mogadishu-Wadajir, Mogadishu-Wardhigley, Mogadishu-Yaqshid.

In Bari, 18 incidents killing 15 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Af-Urur, Balli-Khadar, Bosaso, Dangoroyo, Galgala, Iskushuban, Laag, Lanta Hawada.

In Bay, 57 incidents killing 123 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aawdiinle, Abrano, Baidoa, Bardaale, Bilile, Buulo Amiin, Buulo Fulaay, Buulo Gaduude-Dhunte, Buur Xakaba, Danbalka, Daynuunay, Diinsoor, Gaduud, Goof Gaduud Shabelow 2, Ideedi, Kurta, Kurtun, Leego, Makuudo, Mayafulka, Mooda Mooda, Qansax Dheere, Sarmaan-Dheer, Tugaar-Hoosle, Walaq, War Diinle.

In Galguduud, 26 incidents killing 25 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Balanbale, Bar Ujeed, Cabudwaaq, Cada Kibir, Ceel Buur, Dhuumoodle, Dhuusamarreeb, Galcad, Galhareeri, Galinsoor, Guri-Ceel, Ilix, Miiracad, Qaayib, Wargalo, Warxoolo, Xananbuuro.

In Gedo, 27 incidents killing 20 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Badiye, Bardera, Bashiiro, Belet Xaawo, Bulo Gudud, Buurdhuubo, Buusaar, Ceel Cadde, Cows Qurun, Doolow, Duqay, El Wak, Faafax Dhuun, Garsaale, Geedweyne, Kurteele, Luuq, Qasah-Oomane, Shaatilow, Urkut.

In Hiiraan, 52 incidents killing 42 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Aborey, Af Cad, Belet Weyne, Booco, Bulo Burto, Buqda Caqable, Buundo Weyne, Ceel Gaal, Ceel-Bacad, Ceel-Dheer, Feerfeer, Gumburlaawe, Halgan, Hawo Tako, Jalalaqsi, Jawil, Luuqjelow, Maxaas, Moqokori, Musse Geel, Qod Qod, Quracle, Yasooman.

In Jubbada Dhexe, 13 incidents killing 28 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Arabow, Buaale, Buur Gaduud, Duqiyo, Jilib, Kuunyo-Barrow, Salagle.

In Jubbada Hoose, 51 incidents killing 79 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abdale Birole, Afmadow, Arare, Bar-Sanguun, Bilis Qooqaani, Buulo Gaduud, Dhobley, Farjano, Hosingow, Jamaame, Jana Cabdalle, Kamsuuma, Kismayo, Kobon, Koday, Kolbiyow, Kudhaa, Liboi, Tarri, Yaaq Shiniile.

In Mudug, 23 incidents killing 32 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Baad Weyne, Bandiidley, Beyra, Camaara, Gaalkacyo, Gaalkacyo North, Garsoor, Qalanqal, Xarfa.

In **Nugaal**, 6 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Garowe**.

In Sanaag, 10 incidents killing 5 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Badhan, Cawsane, Ceerigaabo, Fadhi Gaab, Laas Doomaare, Sanaag.

In Shabeellaha Dhexe, 50 incidents killing 42 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Adan Yabaal, Balcad, Burane, Buurane, Ceel Geelow, Dhagaxow, Fiidow, Gololey, Hareer Cradle, Jowhar, Mahadaay, Mareerey, Maxaa Deex, Mukudheere, Mulqeey, Nagey, Qalimow, Qorilow, Run-nirgod, Shaam, Warshiikh, Xaaji-Cali, Xaanshooley.

In Shabeellaha Hoose, 135 incidents killing 254 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Afgooye, Almada, Awdheegle, Bali Doogle, Baraawe, Bariirre, Bulo Mareer, Busley, Buulallow, Buulo Folyo, Cabdow Dibile, Ceel Salini, Ceel-Jaale, Ceelasha Biyaha, Cumar Beerre, Danow, Dhanaane, Doon Buraale, Embareeso, Garas Barey, Gendershe, Golweyn, Haawaay, Janaale, Jilib-Marca, K13, K60, Kaba Hereg, Kabtab Laas, Lafoole, Madax Marodi, Marka, Mashalaay, Mubaarak, Mukaiga, Qoryooley, Saabid, Shalaambood, Tortoroow, Wanla Weyne, Warmahan, Xaawo-Cabdi, Yaaq Biri Weyne.

In Sool, 3 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Caynabo, Oog.

In **Togdheer**, **6** incidents killing **1** person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Burco**, **Buuhoodle**.

In **Woqooyi Galbeed**, **5** incidents killing **4** people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Baligubadle**, **Hargeysa**, **Heedho**.

#### Sources

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (3 October 2020), 3 October 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/2909/
- CIA U. S. Central Intelligence Agency: Somalia (Small Map) 2014, 2014 http://www.ecoi.net/file\_upload/4543\_1432122742\_somalia-sm-2014.qif
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: gadm28\_levels.shp, Version 2.8, November 2015a
   http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/gadm28\_levels.shp.zip
- GADM Global Administrative Areas: SOM\_adm.zip, Version 2.8, November 2015b
  http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm2.8/shp/SOM\_adm.zip
- Raleigh, Clionadh; Linke, Andrew; Hegre, Håvard, and Karlsen, Joakim: "Introducing ACLED-Armed Conflict Location and Event Data", in: Journal of Peace Research (47(5) 2010), pp. 651–660
  http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015 https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/

#### Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to

collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

#### Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Somalia, second quarter 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 30 October 2020