Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

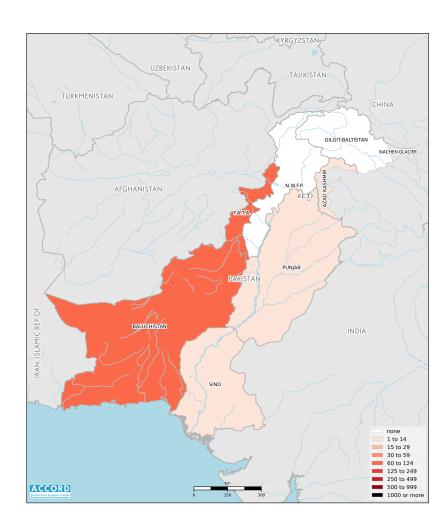
Bilagsnr.:	537
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Titel:	Pakistan, first quarter 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)
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Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality

UZBEKISTAN TAJIKISTAN TURKMENISTAN SIACHEN GLACIER AFGHANISTAN PUNIAB PAKISTAN RAN, ISLAMIC REP SIND 1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 11 12 to 24 25 to 49 50 to 99 ACCORD 100 to 199 200 or more

Number of reported fatalities



National borders: GADM, November 2015a; administrative divisions: GADM, November 2015b; China/India border status: CIA, 2006; Kashmir border status: CIA, 2004; geodata of disputed borders: GADM, November 2015a; Natural Earth, undated; incident data: acled20200620asia coastlines and inland waters: Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015

PAKISTAN, FIRST QUARTER 2020: UPDATE ON INCIDENTS ACCORDING TO THE ARMED CONFLICT LOCATION & EVENT DATA PROJECT (ACLED) COMPILED BY ACCORD, 29 JUNE 2020

Contents

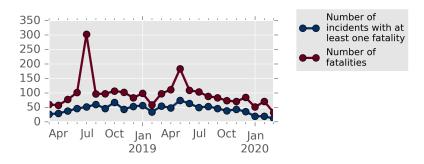
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
Conflict incidents by category	2
Development of conflict incidents from March 2018 to March 2020	2
Methodology	3
Conflict incidents per province	4
Localization of conflict incidents	4
Disclaimer	6

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at	Number of fatalities
_		least one fatality	
Protests	1251	0	0
Battles	34	26	96
Explosions / Remote violence	24	10	41
Violence against civilians	19	12	15
Riots	17	1	1
Strategic developments	9	0	0
Total	1354	49	153

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: acled20200620asia).

Development of conflict incidents from March 2018 to March 2020



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: acled20200620asia).

PAKISTAN, FIRST QUARTER 2020: UPDATE ON INCIDENTS ACCORDING TO THE ARMED CONFLICT LOCATION & EVENT DATA PROJECT (ACLED) COMPILED BY ACCORD, 29 JUNE 2020

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Pakistan being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("10" for plural fatalities, "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010.

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Note on Pakistan: Several reforms and name changes of administrative divisions are not reflected in the GADM data this overview is based on. The administrative divisions used here are therefore obsolete and serve for comparative purposes with earlier publications.

Data on incidents on the Siachen Glacier are not included in this overview.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occured, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, headquarters or bases established, non-violent strategic activities, riots/protests, violence against civilians, non-violent transfer of territory, remote violence. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook (2019), 10 April 2019 https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2017/10/ ACLED_Codebook_2019FINAL_pbl.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019 https://www.acleddata.com/wp-content/uploads/dlm_uploads/2019/04/ General-User-Guide_FINAL.pdf
- ACLED Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, 27 January 2020 https://www.acleddata.com/download/17979/

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Azad Kashmir	28	7	10
Baluchistan	178	12	63
F.A.T.A.	293	21	63
Federal Capital Territory	31	0	0
Northern Areas	2	0	0
Punjab	179	2	3
Sind	643	7	14

Localization of conflict incidents

<u>Note:</u> The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unkown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In Azad Kashmir, 28 incidents killing 10 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Athmuqam, Bhimber, Chirikot, Dewa, Fatehpur, Goi, Jandrot, Khuiratta, Kot Kotera, Kotli, Lipa, Madarpur, Muzaffarabad, New Mirpur, Neza Pir, Polas, Rakh Chikri, Rawalakot, Shah Kot, Tarkundi.

In Baluchistan, 178 incidents killing 63 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Awaran, Bolan, Bostan, Chagai, Chaman, Chattar, Dalbandin, Dasht, Dera Bugti, Duki, Harnai, Jaffarabad, Kahan, Kalat, Kech, Kharan, Khuzdar, Kohlu, Lasbela, Lehri, Loralai, Mach, Machh, Mand, Mastung, Mithri, Nag, Naseerabad, Nushki, Nuttal, Pishin, Quetta, Shahrag, Sibi, Sohbatpur, Taftan, Tump, Turbat, Uch, Washuk, Zhob, Ziarat.

In F.A.T.A., 293 incidents killing 63 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Abbottabad, Aloch, Alpuri, Arang, Azam Warsak, Bakhshali, Balakot, Bannu, Bara, Baran, Barang, Batkhela, Battagram, Besham, Birmal, Buner, Chakdarra, Chakisar, Chamkani, Charsadda, Chitral, Chota Lahore, Dabar, Daggar, Dara Adam Khel, Darband, Dargai, Datta Khel, Dera Ismail Khan, Dir, Gambila, Garhi Kapura, Ghakhai, Ghalanai, Ghazni Khel, Gohati, Guligram, Hangu, Haripur, Hayatabad, Inayat Kalle, Ismaila, Jamrud, Janikhel, Jijal, Judba, Kalu Khan, Karak, Katlang, Khar, Kharkano, Kohat, Kohistan, Kulachi, Ladha, Lakki Marwat, Landi Kotal, Lower Dir, Maidan, Mansehra, Manzai, Mardan, Matta, Mattani, Mingora, Mir Ali, Miranshah, Mullagori, Nahaqi, Naurang, Nawagai, Nowshera, Oghi, Parmoli, Peshawar, Puran, Qazafi, Rajgal, Rashakai, Razar, Razmak, Rustam, Sabirabad, Safi, Saidu Sharif, Salarzai, Samarbagh, Sararogha, Sari Bahlol, Sarobi, Sawai, Shagai, Shah Mansur, Shakardara, Shangla, Shawal, Shergarh, Shewa, Swabi, Takht-i-Bhai, Tank, Tarakai, Timergara, Topi, Torghar, Torkham, Wana, Zaida.

In Federal Capital Territory, 31 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following location was among the affected: Islamabad.

In **Northern Areas**, **2** incidents killing **0** people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Gilgit**.

In Punjab, 179 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations

PAKISTAN, FIRST QUARTER 2020: UPDATE ON INCIDENTS ACCORDING TO THE ARMED CONFLICT LOCATION & EVENT DATA PROJECT (ACLED) COMPILED BY ACCORD, 29 JUNE 2020

were among the affected: Attock, Bahawalnagar, Bahawalpur, Chakwal, Chung, Dera Ghazi Khan, Faisalabad, Gujranwala, Gujrat, Hafizabad, Jaranwala, Jhang, Jhelum, Kasur, Khanewal, Kharian, Lahore, Lahore-Cantonment, Lahore-Data Gunj Buksh, Lahore-Gulberg, Lahore-Iqbal, Lahore-Nishtar, Lahore-Ravi, Lahore-Samanabad, Lahore-Shalamar, Lahore-Wagha, Lala Musa, Layyah, Lodhran, Mailsi, Manga Mandi, Mianwali, Multan, Murree, Muzaffargarh, Nankana Sahib, Narowal, Okara, Pakpattan, Phullarwan, Pindi Bhattian, Pindi Gheb, Rahim Yar Khan, Rawalpindi, Rojhan, Sahiwal, Sargodha, Shakargarh, Sheikhupura, Sialkot, Sundar, Toba Tek Singh, Vehari.

In Sind, 643 incidents killing 14 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Absani, Allahabad, Badah, Badin, Bagarji, Bakhshapur, Bhan Syedabad, Bhitshah, Chachro, Chelhar, Dadu, Dali, Darya Khan Mari, Daulatpur, Daur, Dhabeji, Digri, Diplo, Garhi Khairo, Garhiyasin, Ghotki, Golarchi, Goza, Hala, Halani, Hingorja, Hingorno, Husri, Hyderabad, Islamkot, Jacobabad, Jalal Goth, Jam Nawaz Ali, Jamshoro, Jhuddo, Jhuluri City, Johi, Kakkar, Kakol Wah, Kandhkot, Kandiaro, Kantio, Karachi, Karachi-Baldia, Karachi-Clifton, Karachi-Defense Housing Authority, Karachi-Gadap, Karachi-Gulberg, Karachi-Gulshan, Karachi-Jamshed, Karachi-Kemari, Karachi-Korangi, Karachi-Landhi, Karachi-Liaguatabad, Karachi-Lyari, Karachi-Malir, Karachi-New Karachi, Karachi-North Nazimabad, Karachi-Orangi, Karachi-SITE, Karachi-Saddar, Karachi-Shah Faisal, Karachi-Shah Latif, Kasbo, Kashmor, Khairpur, Khairpur Nathan Shah, Khan Wahan, Khanpur, Kot Diji, Kot Ghulam Muhammad, Kotri, Kumb, Kunri, Lakhi, Lakhi Ghulam Shah, Larkana, Latifabad, Lodra, Manjhand, Matiari, Matli, Mehar, Mehrabpur, Mirpur Bathoro, Mirpur Khas, Mirwah Gorchani, Mithi, Mithiani, Mitho Khuhro, Moro, Nagarparkar, Nasirabad, Naudero, Naukot, Naushahro Feroze, Nawabshah, Nooriabad, Padidan, Pano Agil, Pat Gul Muhammad, Phuladian, Phulji, Qambar, Qasimabad, Qazi Ahmed, Radhan, Ratodero, Rohri, Sakrand, Sanghar, Sann, Sehwan, Shahdadkot, Shahdadpur, Shahpur Jahania, Shikarpur, Sinjhoro, Sita, Sujawal, Sukkur, Talhar, Talti, Tando Allahyar,

Tando Bago, Tando Jam, Tando Jan Mohammad, Tando Muhammad Khan, Thari Mirwah, Tharpakar, Tharu Shah, Thatta, Thul, Umerkot, Usman Shah Huri, Warah.

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Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED's datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD's reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter's publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED's methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/methodology/. For more information on ACCORD's products based on the data, please see the ecoi.net blog posts tagged with "ACLED". The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

 ACCORD – Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation: Pakistan, first quarter 2020: Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED), 24 June 2020