

Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

Bilagsnr.:	706
Land:	Syrien
Kilde:	Udenrigsministeriet
Titel:	Udenrigsministeriets høringssvar af 18. september 2017 vedrørende udrejseforbud
Udgivet:	18. september 2017
Optaget på baggrundsmaterialet:	21. september 2017

N O T A T

SYRIEN. Høring vedr. udrejseforbud
FLN mail af 11. august 2017

Flygtningenævnet har i en mail af 11. august 2017 anmodet Udenrigsministeriet om oplysninger vedrørende udrejseforbud i Syrien. Udenrigsministeriet kan på baggrund af input fra ambassaden i Beirut oplyse følgende:

Q. Under which circumstances would a person typically be imposed a travel ban by the Syrian authorities?

- A travel ban is a precautionary provisional measure that is usually issued by a competent court or the by the Public Prosecution or in implementation of the public health and safety laws.

A travel ban would be imposed by the Syrian authorities in the cases listed below:

1. Travel bans imposed in penal cases in order to protect the plaintiff's rights

In this category, a travel ban is imposed in the following situations:

1. Compensations for damages caused by a criminal offense
2. Alimony
3. Dowry
4. Recovery of the dowry in case of marriage annulment
5. Handing over the child to his custodian and ensuring that the minor sees his mother

In these cases, a prison sentence is applicable. Whenever there is a prison sentence there will be a travel ban. The individual to whom a ban was imposed will remain in prison until the completion of one of the above rights is met.

2. Travel bans imposed in financial and private banking cases

In these cases, travel bans are imposed until the banks collect their debts from the individual in question.

3. Travel bans imposed in civil status cases

1. According to the Syrian Personal Status law, a mother -within wedlock- is not entitled to travel with her child unless permitted by the child's guardian
2. A custodian is not entitled to travel with the child in her custody unless permitted by the child's guardian
If the custodian is not the mother of the child, then the guardian of the child must give his consent
3. A child is not entitled to travel with his father the during his custody period unless permitted by the child's guardian.

4. Travel bans imposed in cases related to military service conscript

Syrian nationals (males) between 17 and 42 years old of age are prohibited from leaving the Syrian soil, unless prior consent has been given by the General Directorate of Conscription according to pre- established conditions such as presentation of financial, estate or commercial guarantees.

5. Travel bans imposed on government officials

Government officials are not permitted to travel without a previous consent of the authorities under which they work.

6. Travel bans imposed by other competent authorities

In some cases, other competent authorities – e.g. the narcotics administration - may impose travel bans over certain individuals. In these cases, the individual in question may request the issuing authority for a one time travel permission. The approval is usually sent to the immigration authorities for their information and action. The individual banned from travel will have to repeat the above described procedure each time he needs to travel until the ban is lifted.

Udenrigsministeriet, den 18. september 2017