2 februar 2000 oversællelse at vældvag 81 banon (32) at libanesiae skaflelor. (visikoen for dollarlisted

4.002/003

(from Legislative Decree No. 340, dated 1/3/1943)

Article 19: (Has been cancelled and replaced with the following text according to law No. 513 of 6 June 1996):

The Lebanese laws apply to every Lebanese citizen, foreign national or person without nationality whether being a perpetrator, accomplice, instigator or interposer, and whether the person in question did the following outside the Lebanese territories, or aboard a foreign plane or ship:

- 1- Committed crimes that violate State's security, forged the State's stamp, imitated/counterfeited Lebanese or foreign bank notes or securities which had been legally or traditionally in circulation in Lebanon, or forged Lebanese passports, visa entries, ID-cards, and Extracts of the Civil Record. The said provisions, however, do not apply to the foreigner whose actions do not violate the rules of the international law.
- 2- Committed a crime against the safety of air or sea navigation, as stated in the amended articles 641, 642 and 643 of the penal code.
- 3- Committed a crime against the safety of the stationary platforms in the continental shelf of any of the countries that had signed the Rome Protocol of 10 March 1988.
- 4- Committed crimes with the objective of forcing Lebanon into /or preventing it from doing any kind of action, if the crime, at the time of carrying it out, involved the use of threat, restraint, injury or murder of a Lebanese citizen.

(from Legislative Decree No. 340, dated 1/3/1943, Precis 6 "On the Effect of Foreign Provisions")

Article 27: (as amended according to law No. 487 dated 8/12/1995):

- Aside from the crimes mentioned in Article 19 and the crimes that are committed on the Lebanese territories, there can be no pursuit against a Lebanese person or a foreign national in one of the following cases:
- 1. If the person in question had been pursued for a crime of fraudulent bankruptcy or defaulted bankruptcy, or for a crime related to one or both of the above crimes due to a company or a trading institution going bankrupt or ceasing to pay, and in the event this company or trading institution was based outside the Lebanese territories, and the pursuit had taken place in the country where it is based
- 2. For all other crimes, if the person in question had received a final sentence abroad and the sentence was fulfilled or dropped due to prescription or a pardon.

A ticle 28: The sentences that are issued abroad do not prevent the pursuit of any crime in Lebanon that is stated under article 19 or which is committed on Lebanese soil, except if the settence issued by the foreign justice had come in response to an official notification from the Bedanese authorities.

However, the periods of penalty and provisional detention that are spent abroad should be deducted by the presiding judge, and in the amount he sees fit, from the sentence he passes.