

Flygtningenævnets baggrundsmateriale

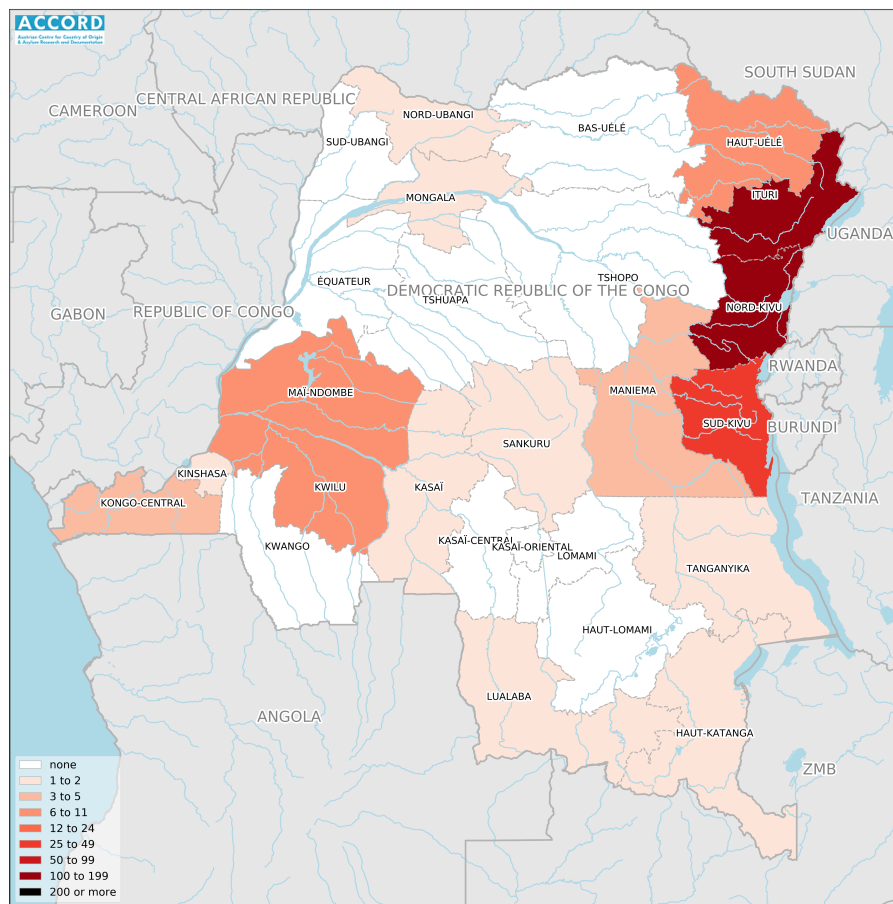
Bilagsnr.:	810
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DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO, FOURTH QUARTER 2022:

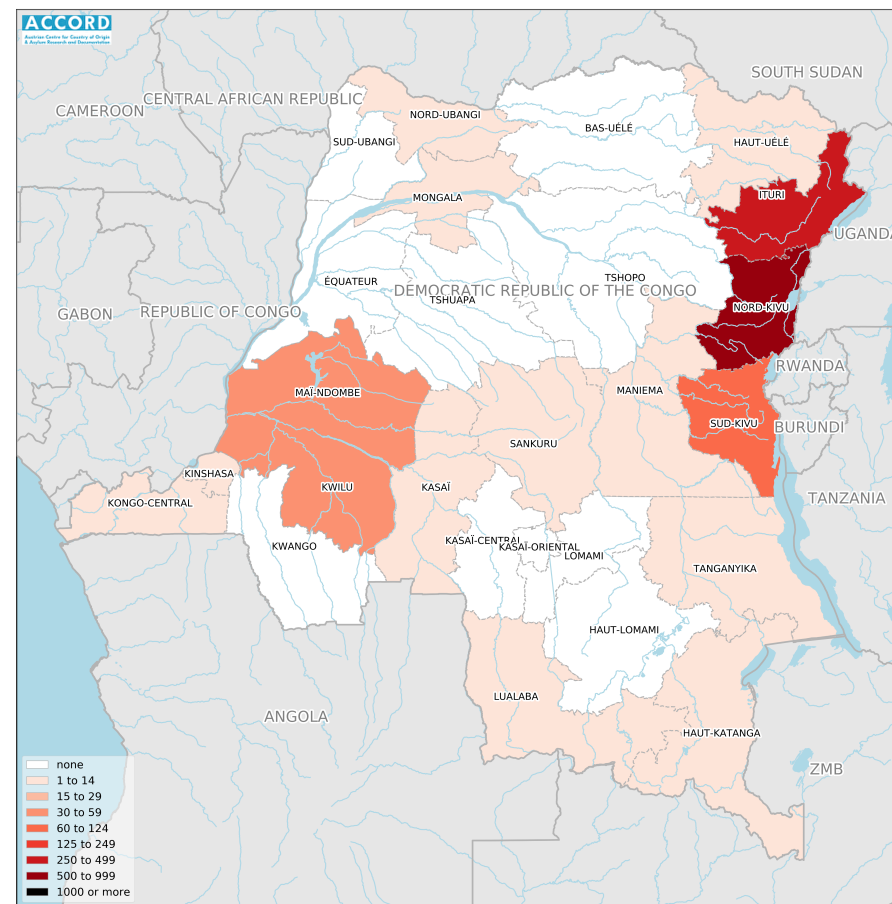
Update on incidents according to the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED)

compiled by ACCORD, 12 April 2023

Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality



Number of reported fatalities



National borders: [GADM, 6 May 2018b](#); administrative divisions: [GADM, 6 May 2018a](#); incident data: [ACLED, 10 March 2023](#); coastlines and inland waters: [Smith and Wessel, 1 May 2015](#)

Contents

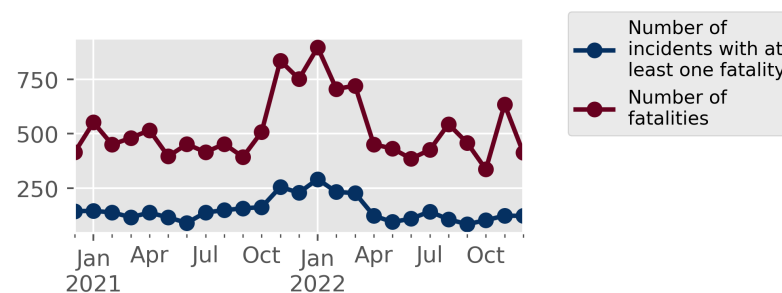
Number of reported fatalities	1
Number of reported incidents with at least one fatality	1
Conflict incidents by category	2
Development of conflict incidents from December 2020 to December 2022	2
Methodology	3
Conflict incidents per province	4
Localization of conflict incidents	4
Disclaimer	7

Conflict incidents by category

Category	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with at least one fatality	Number of fatalities
Battles	301	117	672
Violence against civilians	249	169	616
Strategic developments	172	2	6
Protests	106	2	2
Riots	101	47	62
Explosions / Remote violence	34	10	26
Total	963	347	1384

This table is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 10 March 2023).

Development of conflict incidents from December 2020 to December 2022



This graph is based on data from ACLED (datasets used: [ACLED](#), 10 March 2023).

Methodology

The data used in this report was collected by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project (ACLED). ACLED collects data on reported conflict events in selected African and Asian countries, Democratic Republic of Congo being among them. ACLED researchers collect event data from a variety of sources and code them by date, location, agent, and event type.

Most of the data collected by ACLED is gathered based on publicly available, secondary reports. It may therefore underestimate the volume of events. Fatality data particularly is vulnerable to bias and inaccurate reporting, and ACLED states to use the most conservative estimate available. ACLED uses the reports' context to estimate fatalities for events with reported fatalities for which the exact number is unknown ("3" or "10" for plural fatalities, depending on the context; "100" if "hundreds" are mentioned, etc.). For further details on ACLED and for the full data, see www.acleddata.com and [Raleigh; Linke; Hegre, and Karlsen, 2010](#).

Based on this data, the Austrian Centre for Country of Origin & Asylum Research and Documentation (ACCORD) compiles updates on conflict incidents and publishes them on ecoi.net to offer another access point to the ACLED datasets.

It is advised to employ extreme caution when using fatality numbers.

Assessments of the security situation should not be based solely on quantitative analysis of event data.

Geographic map data is primarily based on GADM, complemented with other sources if necessary. Incidents are mapped to GADM provinces using the provinces in ACLED data. Province names and borders may differ between ACLED and GADM. Incidents that could not be located are ignored. The numbers included in this overview might therefore differ from the original ACLED data. ACLED uses varying degrees of geographic precision for the individual incidents, depending

on what level of detail is reported. Thus, towns may represent the wider region in which an incident occurred, or the provincial capital may be used if only the province is known. Erroneous location data, especially due to identical place names, cannot be fully excluded.

Incidents comprise the following categories: battles, violence against civilians, remote violence, riots/protests, non-violent strategic activities. For details on these categories, please see

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) User Quick Guide, April 2019
https://acleddata.com/acledatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ACLED_General-User-Guide_April-2019.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: FAQs: ACLED Fatality Methodology, February 2020
https://acleddata.com/acledatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ACLED_FAQs-Fatalities-Methodology_v1_February-2020.pdf
- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Armed Conflict Location and Event Data Project (ACLED) Codebook, January 2021
https://acleddata.com/acledatanew/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ACLED_Codebook_v1_January-2021.pdf

Conflict incidents per province

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Bas-Uélé	8	0	0
Haut-Katanga	17	2	3
Haut-Lomami	1	0	0
Haut-Uélé	13	6	8
Ituri	167	101	442
Kasaï	9	2	2
Kasaï-Central	14	0	0
Kasaï-Oriental	5	0	0
Kinshasa	31	1	12
Kongo-Central	10	3	4
Kwango	5	0	0
Kwilu	19	10	58
Lomami	3	0	0
Lualaba	6	2	2
Maniema	15	5	9
Mai-Ndombe	15	7	49
Mongala	5	1	1
Nord-Kivu	477	159	672
Nord-Ubangi	3	1	2
Sankuru	2	1	3

Province	Number of incidents	Number of incidents with fatalities	Number of fatalities
Sud-Kivu	114	45	109
Tanganyika	14	1	8
Tshopo	10	0	0

Localization of conflict incidents

Note: The following list is an overview of the incident data included in the ACLED dataset. More details are available in the actual dataset (date, location data, event type, involved actors, information sources, etc.). The data's precision varies among the incidents: a town may represent a region, or the provincial capital may be used if the precise location of an incident is unknown. In the following list, the names of event locations are taken from ACLED, while the administrative region names are taken from GADM data which serves as the basis for the maps above.

In **Bas-Uélé**, 8 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Adama, Bakpolo, Banda, Basokpio, Bulumasi, Buta**.

In **Haut-Katanga**, 17 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Kasumbalesa, Lubumbashi, Malambwe, Mitwaba, Mokambo, Pweto, Sakania**.

In **Haut-Lomami**, 1 incident killing 0 people was reported. The following location was among the affected: **Kamina**.

In **Haut-Uélé**, 13 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Bayote, Bilikwa, Isiro, Moku, Naparka, Niangara, Obeledi, Sanangu, Watsa**.

In **Ituri**, 167 incidents killing 442 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Akpe, Alingongo, Andisende, Apakolu, Aungba I, Babu, Bahaha, Bakaeko, Banda, Bandibwame, Biakato, Bikima, Bochu, Boga, Bombuo, Buley, Bunia, Busiyo, Buwa-Nyare, Bwakadi, Dada, Djalasiga, Dubai, Dyambu, Epanza, Gbado, Godawasi, Gokalu, Idohu, Irumu, Itendey, Jupaketa, Kabrique, Kandigba, Kasoko, Katoto, Kazaroho, Kepira, Kilo, Komanda, Kyamata, Landjo, Largu, Libreville, Lisey, Loga, Lologa, Lolwa, Lorobi, Lumalisa, Mahagi, Maimunde, Makayanga, Malaya, Malibongo, Mambasa, Manzobe, Marabo, Masome, Mayi Safi, Mbidjo, Miala, Mongbwalu, Mudzipela, Muhito, Ndalya, Ndimu, Ngokoni, Nia-Nia, Nizi, Nongo, Nyakabale, Nyamussasi, Nyatsi, Nzere 1, Nzere 2, Ofaye Otto Maber, Otomabere, Pluto, Rhoo, Risasi, Rubingo, Rukwanzi Island, Semliki, Sesa, Some, Songolo, Tali-Tali, Tondoli, Tshabi, Uke, Usigo, Vido II, Wala, Yedi, Yilo, Zunguluka.

In **Kasaï**, 9 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kamako, Tshikapa, Tumba-Sumbula.

In **Kasaï-Central**, 14 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Demba, Kananga, Luiza, Ntenda.

In **Kasaï-Oriental**, 5 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kabeya-Kamwanga, Mbuji-Mayi.

In **Kinshasa**, 31 incidents killing 12 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kinshasa, Kinshasa - Barumbu, Kinshasa - Limete, Kinshasa - Maluku, Kinshasa - Masina, Kinshasa - Matete, Kinshasa - Ndjili Airport, Kinshasa - Ngaba, Kinshasa - Ngaliema, Menkao.

In **Kongo-Central**, 10 incidents killing 4 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Boma, Kinzau Vuete, Kisantu, Lukula, Luozi, Matadi, Moanda.

In **Kwango**, 5 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kasongo Lunda, Kenge.

In **Kwilu**, 19 incidents killing 58 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bagata, Bandundu, Bulungu, Fatundu, Gungu, Idiofa, Kakobola, Kikwit, Kimpana.

In **Lomami**, 3 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Kabinda, Mwene-Ditu.

In **Lualaba**, 6 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Fungurume, Kolwezi, Lualaba.

In **Maniema**, 15 incidents killing 9 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Crispin, Kabambare, Kalonda-Kibuyu, Kasongo, Kindu, Lwama, Mabamba, Punia.

In **Mai-Ndombe**, 15 incidents killing 49 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bokala, Camp Banku, Kinsele, Kwamouth, Lekana, Masiambio, Mosiamo.

In **Mongala**, 5 incidents killing 1 person were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bongandanga, Bumba, Lisala.

In **Nord-Kivu**, 477 incidents killing 672 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: Bambu, Bashu, Beni, Biruma, Bishusha, Buhene, Buhumba, Bukumbirwa, Bulongo, Bunagana, Burai, Buramba, Burambo, Burungu, Busanza, Buseregenya, Bushandaba, Bushenge, Butaro, Butembo, Butembo - Bulengeru, Butembo - Furu, Butembo - Kangote, Butembo - Mukalangerwa, Butembo - Rughenda, Butuhe, Buvira, Bwerere, Bwiza, Cantine, Chumirwa, Gikeri, Goma, Goma - Katindo, Goma - Keshero, Goma - Ndosho, Jomba, Kabalwa, Kabasha, Kabaya, Kabindi, Kabizo,

Kabuhendo, Kahondo, Kahunga, Kainama, Kako, Kakomero, Kalengera, Kamatembe, Kamungu, Kanombe, Kanune, Kanyabusoro, Kanyamahoro, Kanyihunga Mambira, Kanzanza, Karambi, Karenga, Karuruma, Kaseke, Kasindi, Kasinga, Katale, Katuhunda, Katwiguru II, Kausa, Kavasewa, Kavingo, Kazuba, Kibanda, Kibati, Kibaya, Kibirizi, Kibumba, Kilambo, Kingarame, Kingi, Kinihya, Kinyambahore, Kinyandonyi, Kinyumba, Kirima, Kisalala, Kisege, Kisharu, Kishishi, Kisigari, Kisima, Kisui, Kitagoma, Kitchanga, Kiwanja, Kiyeye, Kiziba II, Kugheki, Kyambogho, Lesse, Libokora, Linzo Sisene I, Loselose, Lubango, Lubero, Luhinzi, Luke, Mabenga, Maboya, Mabuku, Mahigha, Makoka, Makungwe, Mamove, Masisi, Matembe, Mayi Moto, Mbau, Miken, Morondoro-Kighali, Mount Sabinio, Mulimbi, Mulindi, Mulwa, Munigi, Munoli, Musienene, Musimba, Musindi, Mutsa, Mwalika, Mweso, Ngangi II, Ngangi III, Ngeleza, Ngoroba, Ngugo, Ngululu, Ngwenda, Niongera, Nkiko, Nkwenda, Nobili, Ntamugenga, Nyabanira, Nyakakoma, Nyamilima, Nyiragongo, Nzenga, Nzulo, Oicha, Pabuka, Rangira, Rubare, Rubaya, Rugari, Rukoko, Rukoro, Rumangabo, Runyonyi, Rusamambu, Rusayo, Rusekera, Rushege, Rushovu, Rutshuru, Ruwenzori II, Rwanguba, Sake, Showa, Supa, Swagara, Tchanzu, Tongo, Vido I.

In **Nord-Ubangi**, 3 incidents killing 2 people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Gbadolite**.

In **Sankuru**, 2 incidents killing 3 people were reported. The following location was among the affected: **Lodja**.

In **Sud-Kivu**, 114 incidents killing 109 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Balala, Baliga, Baraka, Bigaragara, Bijombo, Birava, Biziba, Bukavu, Bukavu - Bagira, Bukavu - Kadutu, Bukavu - Ndendere, Butacha, Cirunga, Fizi, Idunga, Itota, Kahungwe, Kahuzi-Biega National Park (HQ), Kalehe, Kalingi, Kamanyola, Kamituga, Kamombo, Kanga, Kasheke, Kavimvira, Kibe, Kigoma, Kigulube, Kiliba, Kirungu, Kiseke, Lukongo, Lulimba, Lumbishi, Lusambo, Lusenda, Lweba, Maheta, Makengere,**

Malinde, Mboko, Mikenge, Minembwe, Mubere, Mudaka, Munywema, Mutambala, Mutarule, Nabombe, Nakanango, Natulonge, Ngalula, Nguma, Nyombe, Rugenge, Runundu Cepac, Rutigita Monyi, Sange, Sebele, Shabunda, Shanje, Tuwetuwe, Ubwari Peninsula, Uvira.

In **Tanganyika**, 14 incidents killing 8 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Kabimba, Kalemie, Kaoze, Katuba, Kongolo, Manono, Muzinga.**

In **Tshopo**, 10 incidents killing 0 people were reported. The following locations were among the affected: **Kisangani, Lokutu, Tshopo.**

Sources

- ACLED – Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project: Africa (10 March 2023), 10 March 2023
<https://www.acleddata.com/download/2909/>
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_COD_shp.zip, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018a
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/shp/gadm36_COD_shp.zip
- GADM – Global Administrative Areas: gadm36_levels.shp, Version 3.6, 6 May 2018b
http://biogeo.ucdavis.edu/data/gadm3.6/gadm36_levels.shp.zip
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<http://jpr.sagepub.com/content/47/5/651.full.pdf+html>
- Smith, Walter H. F. and Wessel, Paul: Global Self-consistent Hierarchical High-resolution Geography (GSHHG), Version 2.3.4, 1 May 2015
<https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/shorelines/data/gshhg/latest/>

Disclaimer

Event data may be revised or complemented in future updates. Updates in ACLED’s datasets will not necessarily be reflected in ACCORD’s reports if the update occurs close to or after the latter’s publication. Changes in the sources used by ACLED to collect incident data might affect the comparability of data over time. For more information on ACLED’s methodology, please see www.acleddata.com/resources/. For more information on ACCORD’s products based on the data, please see the

[ecoi.net blog posts tagged with “ACLED”](#). The lack of information on an event in this report does not permit the inference that it did not take place. The boundaries and names displayed do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the Austrian Red Cross.

Cite as

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